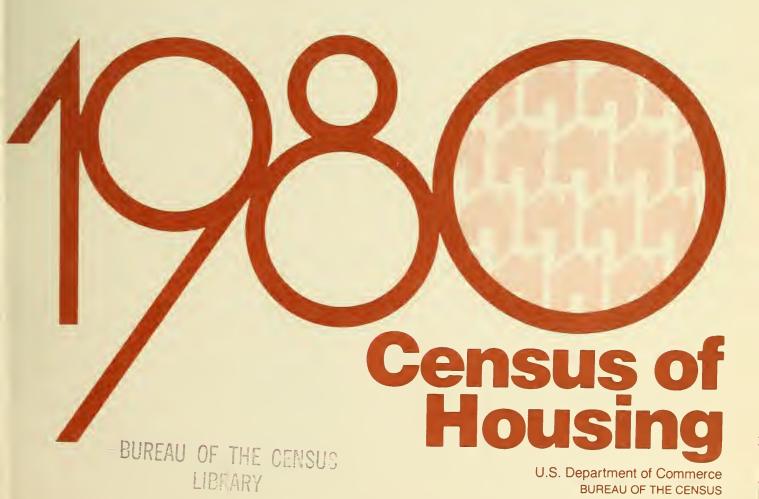
HC80-2-255

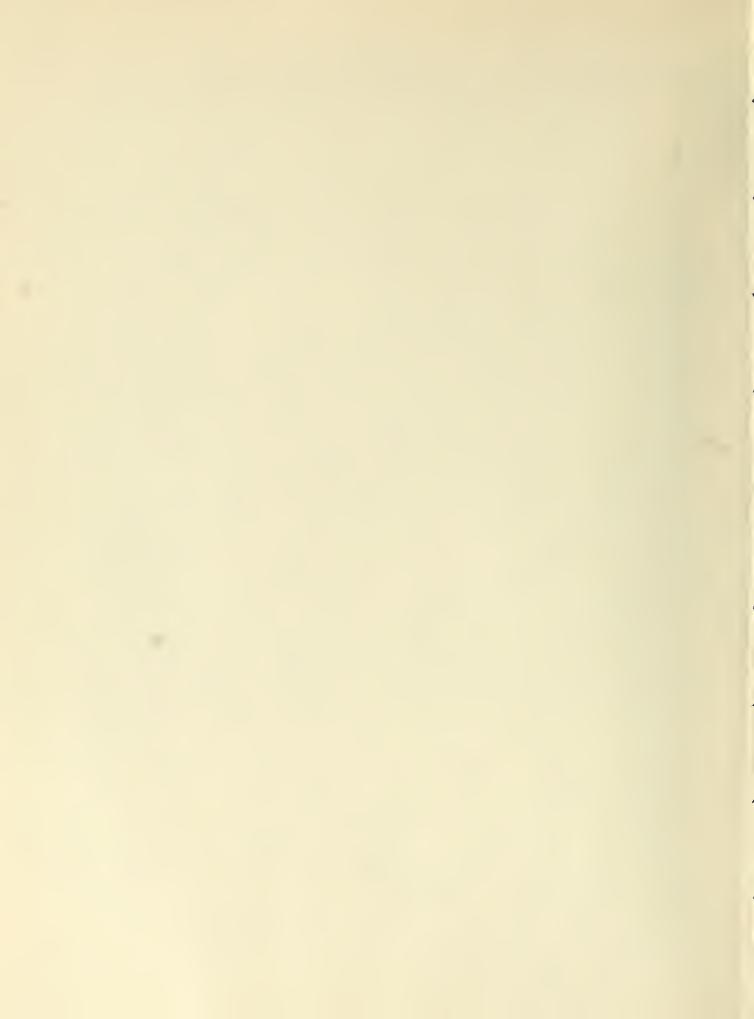
Census HD 7293 .Abox 1983 v.2 pt.255 c.2

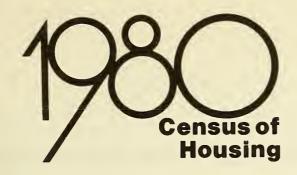
Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

NEW BRITAIN, CONN.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







VOLUME 2

Data Index

For list of contents see page IX.

Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

NEW BRITAIN, CONN.

HC80-2-255

Issued October 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary Robert G. Dederick, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

	Table
Value	1, 14, 25, 36, 47, <mark>58</mark>
Gross Rent	2, 15, 26, 37, 48, 59
Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units	3, 16, 27, 38, 49, 60
Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter- Occupied Housing Units	4, 17, 28, 39, 50, 61
Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units	5, 18, 29, 40, 51, 62
Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units	6, 19, 30, 41, 52, 63
Year Structure Built	7, 20, 31, 42, 53, 64
Units in Structure	8, 21, 32, 43, 54, 65
Size of Household	9, 22, 33, 44, 55, 66
Household Composition and Age of Householder	10, 23, 34, 45, 56, 67
One-Person Households	11, 24, 35, 46, 57, 68
Duration of Vacancy	12
Price Asked and Rent Asked	13



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

Acknowledgments

Many persons participated in the diverse activities of the 1980 census. These acknowledgments generally reflect staff during the postcensus data publication process. The Bureau was guided by Director, Bruce Chapman and Deputy Director, C. L. Kincannon. Primary direction of the data publication program was performed by William P. Butz, Associate Director for Demographic Fields, assisted by Peter A. Bounpane, Assistant Director for Demographic Census, in conjunction with Barbara A. Bailar, Associate Director for Statistical Standards and Methodology, Howard N. Hamilton, Acting Associate Director for Information Technology, James D. Lincoln, then Associate Director for Administration, and Stanley D. Moore, Associate Director for Field Operations. The Director's staff was assisted by Sherry L. Courtland. Direction of the census enumeration and early processing activities was provided by Vincent P. Barabba, former Director; Daniel B. Levine, former Deputy Director; and George E. Hall, former Associate Director

Responsibility for the overall planning, coordinating, processing, and publication of the 1980 census was in the Decennial Census Division under the direction of Stanley D. Matchett, Chief, assisted by Rachel F. Brown and Roger O. Lepage, Assistant Division Chiefs. The following Branch Chiefs were responsible for support services: Donald R. Dalzell, H. Ray Dennis, Stephen E. Goldman, Dennis W. Stoudt, and Richard R. Warren.

Responsibility for developing the housing portion of the 1980 census questionnaire content, designing the tabulations, and preparing this report was in the Housing Division under the supervision of Arthur F. Young, Chief; Leonard J. Norry, Assistant Chief; and William A. Downs, Chief, Decennial Planning and Data Services Branch. This report was prepared by Robert W. Bonnette, Carol A. Comisarow, Richard G. Knapp, and Charles N. Moore. Important contributions were made by Carmina F. Young, Special Assistant.

Administration support was provided by the Administrative Services Division, Robert L.

Kirkland, Chief, and William C. Fanning, Assistant Chief.

Computer processing was performed in the Computer Services Division, C. Thomas DiNenna, Chief, James E. Steed, George M. Bowden, and Joseph J. Sferrella, Assistant Chiefs.

Questionnaire processing procedures were developed in the Decennial Processing Staff, James S. Werking, then Chief, under the direction of Harry O'Haver, then Assistant Chief. The clerical coding and microfilming of the sample questionnaires were performed at three decennial processing locations as follows: Data Preparation Division, Don L. Adams, Chief; Jeffersonville Processing Office, Robert L. Kirkland, then Processing Manager; New Orleans Processing Office, Robert L. Allen, Chief; and Laguna Niguel Processing Office, Robert N. Scheller, Chief.

User services were provided by the Data User Services Division under the supervision of Michael G. Garland, Chief, Marshall L. Turner, Jr., and Paul T. Zeisset, Assistant Chiefs.

Data collection activities were supervised in the Field Division by Lawrence T. Love, Chief, under the direction of Richard Blass, Charles Hancock, and George T. Reiner, Assistant Chiefs, with the assistance of the directors and assistant directors of the Bureau's regional offices.

Geographic programs and plans were developed in the Geography Division under the direction of Robert W. Marx, Chief; Joseph J. Knott and Silla G. Tomasi, Assistant Chiefs; and Donald I. Hirschfeld, Special Assistant.

Publications editing, design, composition, and printing procurement were performed by the staff of the Publications Services Division, Raymond J. Koski, Chief; Milton S. Andersen, Arlene C. Duckett, and Gerald A. Mann, Branch Chiefs.

The Statistical Methods Division was largely responsible for weighting sample data and

producing variance estimates. This work was supervised by Charles D. Jones, Chief; Susan M. Miskura and Robert T. O'Reagan, Assistant Chiefs. Important contributions were made by David H. Diskin, Milton C. Fan, Thomas W. Harahush, Robert S. Jewett, J. Kim, Teresa A. Passalacqua, Charles E. Talbert, John H. Thompson, and Henry F. Woltman.

The system design, technical specifications, assembly, and installation of the FOSDIC and Automated Camera Technology System were the responsibility of the Technical Services Division, C. Thomas DiNenna, Acting Chief, and Robert J. Varson, Branch Chief.

Many other persons participated in the various activities of the 1980 census. For a list of key personnel, refer to the *History of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing*, (PHC80-R2).

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication
Data

1980 census of housing. Volume 2, Metropolitan housing characteristics.

HC80-2-

Issued August 1983-

1. Housing—United States—Statistics, 2. Households—United States—Statistics, 3. United States—Census, 20th, 1980. I. United States. Bureau of the Census, II. Title: Metropolitan housing characteristics.

HD7293.A6114 312'.9'0973 81-607957 AACR2

For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Postage stamps not acceptable; currency submitted at sender's risk. Remittances from foreign countries must be by international money order or by draft on a U.S. bank.

List of HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics, Reports

Report		Report		Report		Report	
No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area
1	U.S. Summary	41	Rhode Island	77	Atlanta, Ga.	114	Charleston-N orth
2	Alabama	42	South Carolina	78	Atlantic City, N.J.		Charleston, S.C.
3	Alaska	43	South Dakota	79	Augusta, GaS.C.	115	Charleston, W. Va.
4	Arizona	44	Tennessee	80	Austin, Tex.		onanoston, w. va.
5	Arkansas	45	Texas		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	116	Charlotte-Gastonia, N.C.
· ·	7 (Fit alload)	40	10,43	81	Bakersfield, Calif.	117	Charlottesville, Va.
6	California	46	Utah	82	Baltimore, Md.	118	Chattanooga, TennGa.
7	Colorado	47	Vermont	83	Bangor, Maine	119	Chicago, III.
8	Connecticut	48	Virginia	84	Baton Rouge, La.	113	Ciricago, III.
9	Delaware	49	Washington	85	Battle Creek, Mich.	120	China Calif
10	Not assigned	50	West Virginia				Chico, Calif.
	To be assigned	30	**CSC * II giilla	86	Bay City, Mich.	121	Cincinnati, Ohio-KyInd.
11	Florida	51	Wisconsin	87	Beaumont-Port Arthur-	122	Clarksville-Hopkinsville,
12	Georgia	52	Wyoming		Orange, Tex.	122	TennKy.
13	Hawaii	53	Puerto Rico	88	Bellingham, Wash.	123	Cleveland, Ohio
14	Idaho	54	Not assigned	89	Benton Harbor, Mich.	124	Colorado Springs, Colo.
15	Illinois	55	Not assigned	90	Billings, Mont.	125	Columbia, Mo.
		33	Not assigned	91	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	100	0.1.1:00
16	Indiana	56	Not assigned	92	Binghamton, N.YPa.	126	Columbia, S.C.
17	lowa	57	Not assigned	93	Birmingham, Ala.	127	Columbus, GaAla.
18	Kansas	58	Abilene, Tex.	94	Bismarck, N. Dak.	128	Columbus, Ohio
19	Kentucky	59	Akron, Ohio	95	Bloomington, Ind.	129	Corpus Christi, Tex.
20	Louisiana	60	Albany, Ga.	55	Biodinington, ma.	130	Cumberland, MdW. Va.
		00	Albany, Ga.	96	Bloomington-Normal, III.		
21	Maine	61	Albany-Schenectady-	97	Boise City, Idaho	131	Dallas-Fort Worth, Tex.
22	Maryland	0.	Troy, N.Y.	98	Boston, Mass.	132	Danbury, Conn.
23	Massachusetts	62	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	99	Bradenton, Fla.	133	Danville, Va.
24	Michigan	63	Alexandria, La.	100	Bremerton, Wash.	134	Davenport-Rock Island-
25	Minnesota	64	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton,				Moline, Lowa-III.
20	AA testesto o t	01	PaN.J.	101	Bridgeport, Conn.	135	Dayton, Ohio
26	Mississippi	65	Altoona, Pa.	102	Bristol, Conn.		
27	Missouri	00	rittoona, ra.	103	Brockton, Mass.	136	Daytona Beach, Fla.
28	Montana Nebraska	66	Amarillo, Tex.	104	Brownsville-Harlingen-	137	Decatur, III.
29		67	Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden		San Benito, Tex.	138	Denver-Boulder, Colo.
30	Nevada		Grove, Calif.	105	Bryan-College Station, Tex.	139	Des Moines, Iowa
31	New Hampshire	68	Anchorage, Alaska		, , ,	140	Detroit, Mich.
32	New Jersey	69	Anderson, Ind.	106	Buffalo, N.Y.		
33	New Mexico	70	Anderson, S.C.	107	Burlington, N.C.	141	Dubuque, I owa
34	New York		71110010011, 0.0.	108	Burlington, Vt.	142	Duluth-Superior, Minn.
35	North Carolina	71	Ann Arbor, Mich.	109	Caguas, P.R.		Wis.
00		72	Anniston, Ala.	110	Canton, Ohio	143	Eau Claire, Wis.
36	North Dakota	73	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.		22	144	El Paso, Tex.
37	Ohio	74	Arecibo, P.R.	111	Casper, Wyo.	145	Elkhart, Ind.
38	Oklahoma	75	A sheville, N.C.	112	Cedar Rapids, Iowa		
39	Oregon	, ,		113	Champaign-Urbana-	146	Elmira, N.Y.
40	Pennsylvania	76	Athens, Ga.		Rantoul, III.	147	Enid, Okla.
					2011 0 017 1 111		a, oa.

Repor	t Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	: Area
No.	Alea	140.		140.	Alco	140.	Alea
148	Erie, Pa.	187	Indianapolis, Ind.	227	Louisville, KyInd.	265	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-
149	Eugene-Springfield, Oreg.	188	Iowa City, Iowa	228	Lowell, MassN.H.		Portsmouth, VaN.C.
150	Evansville, IndKy.	189	Jackson, Mich.	229	Lubbock, Tex.		
		190	Jackson, Miss.	230	Lynchburg, Va.	266	Northeast Pennsylvania
151	Fall River, MassR.I.					267	Norwalk, Conn.
152	Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak	191	Jacksonville, Fla.	231	Macon, Ga.	268	Ocala, Fla.
	Minn.	192	Jacksonville, N.C.	232	Madison, Wis.	269	O dessa, Tex.
153	Fayetteville, N.C.	193	Janesville-Beloit, Wis.	233	Manchester, N.H.	270	Oklahoma City, Okla.
154	Fayetteville-Springdale,	194	Jersey City, N.J.	234	Mansfield, Ohio		
	Ark.	195	Johnson City-Kingsport-	235	Mayagűez, P. R.	271	Olympia, Wash.
155	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.		Bristol, TennVa.			272	Omaha, NebrLowa
				236	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg,	273	Orlando, Fla.
156	Flint, Mich.	196	Johnstown, Pa.		Tex.	274	Owensboro, Ky.
157	Florence, Ala.	197	Joplin, Mo.	237	Medford, Oreg.	275	Oxnard-Simi Valley-
158	Florence, S.C.	198	Kalamazoo-Portage, Mich.	238	Melbourne-Titusville-		Ventura, Calif.
159	Fort Collins, Colo.	199	Kankakee, III.		Cocoa, Fla.		
160	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood,	200	Kansas City, MoKans.			276	Panama City, Fla.
	Fla.			239	Memphis, TennArk	277	Parkersburg-Marietta,
		201	Kenosha, Wis.		Miss.		W. VaOhio
161	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, Fla.	202	Killeen-Temple, Tex.	240	Meriden, Conn.	278	Pascagoula-Moss Point,
162	Fort Smith, ArkOkla.	203	Knoxville, Tenn.				Miss.
163	Fort Walton Beach, Fla.	204	Kokomo, Ind.	241	Miami, Fla.	279	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J
164	Fort Wayne, Ind.	205	La Crosse, Wis.	242	Midland, Tex.	280	Pensacola, Fla.
165	Fresno, Calif.	200	24 51 5555, 1116.	243	Milwaukee, Wis.		,
		206	Lafayette, La.	244	Minneapolis-St. Paul,	281	Peoria, III.
166	Gadsden, Ala.		Lafayette-West Lafayette,		MinnWis.	282	Petersburg-Colonial
167	Gainesville, Fla.		Ind.	245	Mobile, Ala.		Heights-Hopewell, Va.
168	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	208	Lake Charles, La.			283	Philadelphia, PaN.J.
169	Gary-Hammond-East		Lakeland-Winter Haven,	246	Modesto, Calif.	284	Phoenix, Ariz.
	Chicago, Ind.		Fla.	247	Monroe, La.	285	Pine Bluff, Ark.
170	Glens Falls, N.Y.	210	Lancaster, Pa.	248	Montgomery, Ala.		
				249	Muncie, Ind.	286	Pittsburgh, Pa.
171	Grand Forks, N.Dak	211	Lansing-East Lansing,	250	Muskegon-Norton Shores-	287	Pittsfield, Mass.
	Minn.		Mich.		Muskegon Heights, Mich.	288	Ponce, P.R.
172	Grand Rapids, Mich.		Laredo, Tex.			289	Portland, Maine
173	Great Falls, Mont.		Las Cruces, N. Mex.		Nashua, N.H.	290	Portland, OregWash.
174	Greeley, Colo.		Las Vegas, Nev.	252	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.		
175	Green Bay, Wis.	215	Lawrence, Kans.	253	Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.	291	Portsmouth-Dover-
		210	Lauranas Hausrhill	254	New Bedford, Mass.		Rochester, N.HMaine
176	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-	216	Lawrence-Haverhill, MassN.H.	255	New Britain, Conn.	292	Poughkeepsie, N.Y.
	High Point, N.C.	217	Lawton, Okla.	050		293	Providence-Warwick-
177	Greenville-Spartanburg, S.C.		Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	256	New Brunswick-Perth	204	Pawtucket, R.IMass.
178	Hagerstown, Md.		Lexington-Fayette, Ky.	257	Amboy-Sayreville, N.J.	294	Provo-Orem, Utah Pueblo, Colo.
179	Hamilton-Middletown,		Lima, Ohio	257	New Haven-West Haven,	295	ruebio, Coro.
	Ohio	220	Zima, omo	258	Conn.	200	One in a Mile
180	Harrisburg, Pa.	221	Lincoln, Nebr.	250	New London-Norwich, ConnR.I.	296	Racine, Wis.
			Little Rock-North Little	259	New Orleans, La.	297	Raleigh-Durham, N.C.
181	Hartford, Conn.	en &n £	Rock, Ark.	260	New York, N.YN.J.	298 299	Reading, Pa.
182	Hickory, N.C.	223	Long Branch-Asbury	200	TOWN TOTAL IN THE	300	Redding, Calif. Reno, Nev.
183	Honolulu, Hawaii	0	Park, N.J.	204	Name of N. I	300	itelio, ivev.
184	Houston, Tex.	224	Longview-Marshall, Tex.		Newark, N.J.	301	Richland-Kennewick-
185	Huntington-Ashland,		Lorain-Elyria, Ohio		Newark, Ohio	301	Pasco, Wash.
	W. VaKyOhio			263	Newburgh-Middletown, N.Y.	302	Richmond, Va.
		226	Los Angeles-Long Beach,	264	Newport News-Hampton,		Riverside-San Bernardino-
186	Huntsville, Ala.		Calif.	204	Va.	000	Ontario, Calif.
	,				V U,		ontario, outif.

Report		Report		Report		Report	
No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area
304	Roanoke, Va.	323	San Juan, P.R.	343	State College, Pa.	362	Vineland-Millville-
305	Rochester, Minn.	324	Santa Barbara-Santa	344	Steubenville-Weirton,		Bridgeton, N.J.
			Maria-Lompoc, Calif.		Ohio-W. Va.	363	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville,
306	Rochester, N.Y.	325	Santa Cruz, Calif.	345	Stockton, Calif.		Calif.
307	Rockford, III.					364	Waco, Tex.
308	Rock Hill, S.C.	326	Santa Rosa, Calif.	346	Syracuse, N.Y.	365	Washington, D.CMdVa.
309	Sacramento, Calif.	327	Sarasota, Fla.	347	Tacoma, Wash.	200	Wbury Cana
310	Saginaw, Mich.	328	Savannah, Ga.	348	Tallahassee, Fla.	366	Waterbury, Conn.
		329	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	349	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.	367	Waterloo-Cedar Falls,
311	St. Cloud, Minn.	330	Sharon, Pa.	350	Terre Haute, Ind.	368	Wausau, Wis.
312	St. Joseph, Mo.					369	West Palm Beach-Boca
313	St. Louis, MoIII.	331	Sheboygan, Wis.	351	Texarkana, Tex	303	Raton, Fla.
314	Salem, Oreg.	332	Sherman-Denison, Tex.		Texarkana, Ark.	370	Wheeling, W. VaOhio
315	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey,	333	Shreveport, La.	352	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.	3.0	vincening, vi. va. ome
	Calif.	334	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	353	Topeka, Kans.	371	Wichita, Kans.
		335	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	354	Trenton, N.J.	372	Wichita Falls, Tex.
316	Salisbury-Concord, N.C.			355	Tucson, Ariz.	373	Williamsport, Pa.
317	Salt Lake City-Ogden,	336	South Bend, Ind.			374	Wilmington, DelN.JMd.
	U tah	337	Spokane, Wash.	356	Tulsa, Okla.	375	Wilmington, N.C.
318	San Angelo, Tex.	338	Springfield, III.	357	Tuscaloosa, Ala.		
3,19	San Antonio, Tex.	339	Springfield, Mo.	358	Tyler, Tex.	376	Worcester, Mass.
320	San Diego, Calif.	340	Springfield, Ohio	359	Utica-Rome, N.Y.	377	Yakima, Wash.
				360	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa,	378	York, Pa.
321	San Francisco-Oakland,	341	Springfield-Chicopee-		Calif.	379	Youngstown-Warren,
	Calif.		Holyoke, MassConn.				Ohio
322	San Jose, Calif.	342	Stamford, Conn.	361	Victoria, Tex.	380	Yuba City, Calif.



APPENDIXES

Α.	Area Classifications	A-
В.	Definitions and Explanations of Subject	
	Characteristics	B-
C.	General Enumeration and Processing	
	Procedures	C-
D.	Accuracy of the Data	D-
E.	Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and	
	Questionnaire Pages	E-
F.	Publication and Computer Tape Program	F-

Introduction

GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States

Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "—" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

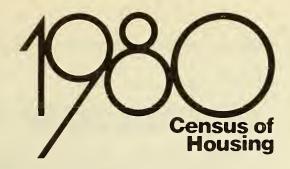
To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

NEW BRITAIN, CONN.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-255

Contents

Arrangement of Tables This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for	Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables for each geographic area appear and the pages on which data for the various race/Spanish origin householders appear
each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish	List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables
origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as	Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear
follows:	Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places

INDEX OF TABLES

Tables for the total SMSA have the prefix letter "A"; tables for central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, in alphabetical order, have the prefix letter "B," "C," etc.

Area	Prefix letter	Tables 1-13 Total	Tables 14-24 White	Tables 25-35 Black	Tables 36-46 American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	Tables 47-57 Asian and Pacific Islander	Tables 58-68 Spanish Origin
		Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages
SMSA total New Britain	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24	_	_	_		

LIST OF TABLES

(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

TABLES

- 1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980
- 6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980
- 7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980
- Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980
- 13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980
- 14. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 15. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 16. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 17. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980

TABLES

- 18. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 20. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 21. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 22. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 23. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 24. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 25. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 26. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 27. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 28. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 29. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing
 Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 30. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 31. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 32. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 33. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 34. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 35. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980

TABLES

- 36. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 37. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 38. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 39. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 40. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 43. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 45. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 46. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 47. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 48. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 49. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 50. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 51. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980

TABLES

- Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 53. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 54. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 56. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 57. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 58. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 59. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 60. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 61. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 62. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 63. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged
 Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 64. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 65. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 66. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 67. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 68. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980

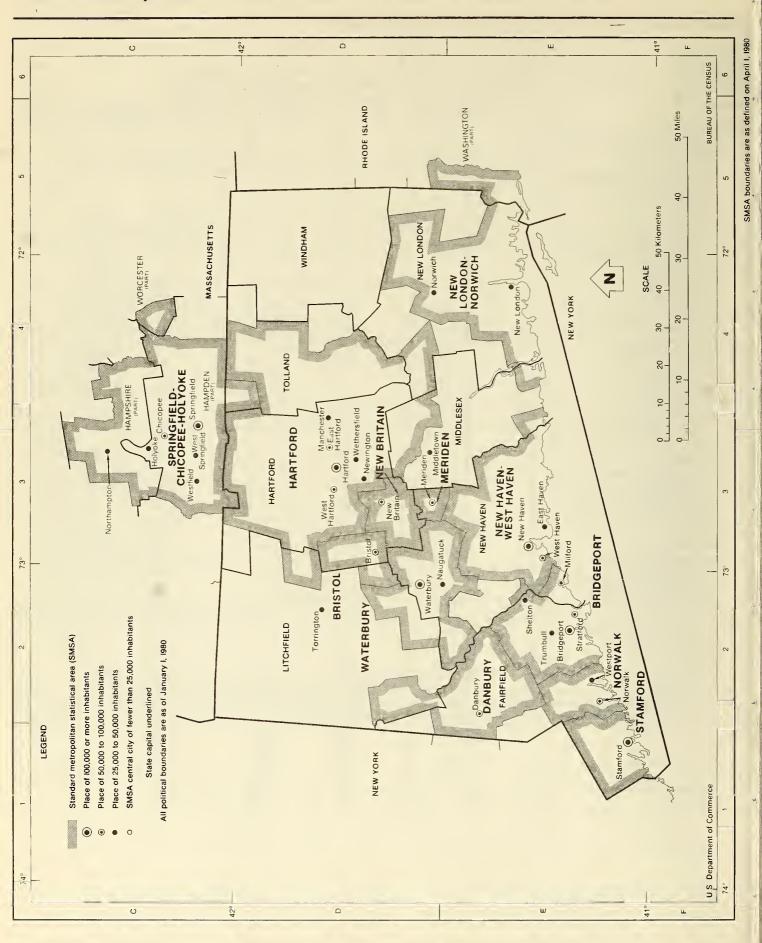
Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 1	_ 2	_ 3	4	_ 5	
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 - 1	2 - 2 2	- - - 3	- - - 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	_ 1 _	2 2 2	_ _ _	<u>-</u> -	_ 5 _	- 6 -
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	-	-
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	1 1 - -	2 2 - - -	3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	_	_	=		5 -	6 –
monthly owner costs	-	- -	3	- -	- 5	- 6
Contract rent	- - -	-	=	4 4 -	_ _ _	-
household income	_	2	-	4	-	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS	1	_	3	_	_	
Household type by age of householder	1 1 1	2 - 2	3 - -	4 - -	5 - -	6 - -
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro						
White	14 25 36	15 26	16 27	17 28	18 29 40	19 30 41
Asian and Pacific Islander	47 58	37 48 59	38 49 60	39 50 61	51 62	52 63

Table Finding Guide—Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8	_ _			_	=
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	_ 10 _ _		12 - 12 12	- - 13 -
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 - -	_ _ _	9 - -	_ _ _	11 - -	12 12 -	13 13 –
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	-		-	12 - - - -	- - - - -
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	-	- -	9 -	- - -	- - 11	_ 12 _	- -
percentage of household income Contract rent	-	-	9 - 9 - 9	- - - - 10	11 - 11 -	12	- - - -
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	-	_	_	10	-	-	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	_ 9 9	- - -	- 11 11	_ _ _	- - -
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gr							
White	20 31 42	21 32 43	22 33 44	23 34 45	24 35 46	- - -	=
Asian and Pacific Islander	53 64	54 65	55 66	56 67	57 68	_ _	<u>-</u>

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

- In tables where the median age for total persons in owner-occupied and renter-occupied housing units is shown as -85+, the correct entry should be three dots (...).
- 2. The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household income In 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

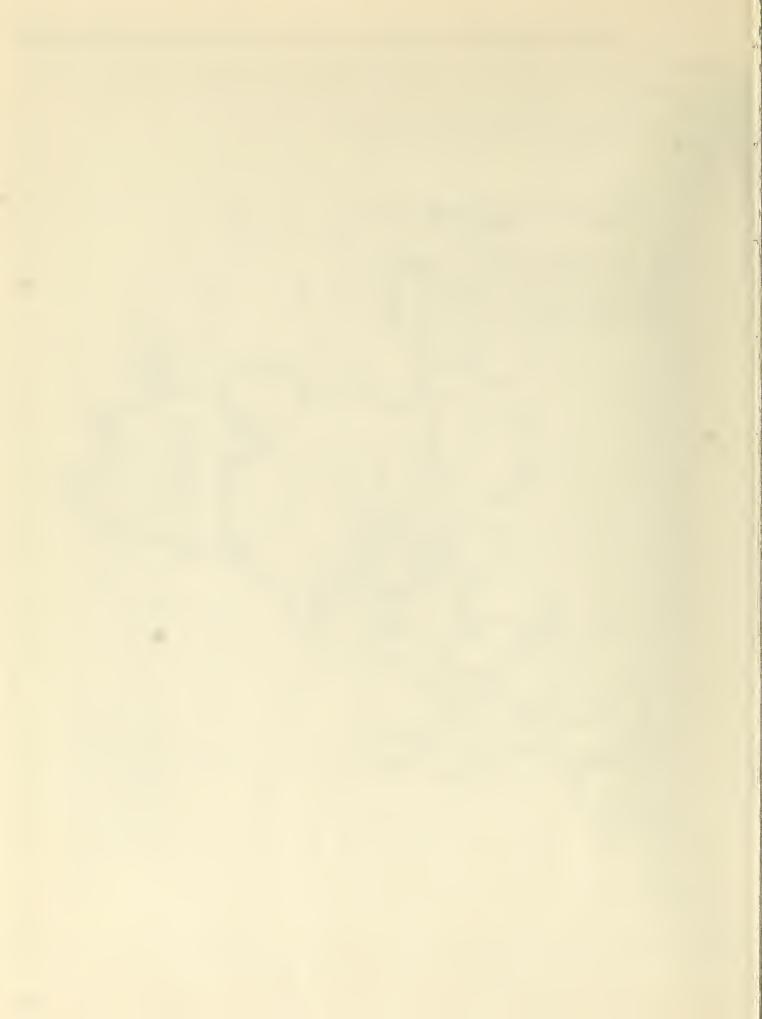


Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Opto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symb		g of symbols	symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8									
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	23 493	38	173	865	2 321	4 454	4 734	6 936	2 711	1 085	176	57 800	61 800
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 46 to 64 years 47 to 64 years 48 to 64 years 49 to 64 years 40 to 64 years 40 to 64 years 40 to 64 years 41 to 64 years 42 to 64 years 43 to 64 years 45 to 64 years	18 657 187 3 433 3 915 8 212 2 910 1 431 201 201 505 469 3 405 36 202 377 1 271 1 519 52.3	11 	93 1 11 66 16 16 22 6 6 16 58 5 5 14 39 63.6	416 5 5 5 204 174 204 144 - 21 38 85 305 21 15 7 88 174 65,9	1 463 22 151 115 820 355 239 11 - 41 99 88 619 - 16 32 237 334 59,2	3 328 41 502 41 502 781 781 315 26 58 8 35 165 98 45 98 392 56.8	3 660 48 708 609 320 18 663 791 108 754 	6 029 49 1 341 1 468 2 508 663 244 - 66 37 80 61 663 7 7 52 2 110 275 219	2 520 17 484 803 181 70 - 111 8 26 255 121 - 11 63 47 45.3	991 5 222 353 323 88 53 - - 9 300 14 41 - - 13 28 43.5	146 	61 000 64 300 64 300 69 300 58 800 51 300 47 000 57 400 51 300 48 200 48 900 29 300 52 800 53 400 50 500 50 500 50 500	64 400 67 900 67 900 67 900 62 300 62 300 53 500 47 300 53 600 61 300 53 400 48 400 50 600 57 100 53 100 53 100 53 100 54 00 57 100 58 100 59 600 50 600 50 600 50 700 50 700
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	1 620 4 268 3 767 6 482 7 356	- - 21 17	8 - 14 27 124	32 40 75 201 517	27 221 232 689 1 152	185 724 501 1 274 1 770	376 669 569 1 451 1 669	559 1 498 1 452 1 884 1 543	280 696 685 644 406	149 356 204 235 141	4 64 35 56 17	64 900 66 000 65 500 56 500 50 400	69 600 70 500 68 500 60 400 52 700
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	120 2 074 5 920 7 348 4 673 3 358 6.0	21 - 11 6 - 4.4	56 55 40 10 12 5.1	59 353 252 157 34 10 4.6	8 592 770 676 203 72 5.2	14 581 1 670 1 597 421 171 5.5	13 314 1 602 1 718 769 318 5.8	7 146 1 338 2 399 2 017 1 029 6.3	19 11 182 641 891 967 7.1	44 104 282 655 7.8	- 7 5 40 124 8.5+	35 600 40 300 51 100 56 500 69 600 81 200	44 100 40 800 52 500 58 300 70 900 86 600
BEDROOMS None	12 624 5 729 12 793 3 718 617	- 10 28 -	15 79 67 12	12 119 437 273 24 -	123 937 1 004 233 24	156 1 534 2 241 478 45	124 1 245 2 572 707 86	65 1 142 4 457 1 089 183	22 269 1 635 650 135	- 64 466 446 109	- 12 50 79 35	26 300 43 800 49 200 60 800 67 200 75 500	26 300 44 500 51 300 62 800 73 300 85 100
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 901 2 010 5 088 7 285 3 105 4 104	- - - 16 22	16 43 70 44	- 47 286 321 211	8 11 247 904 536 615	51 69 567 1 877 866 1 024	103 152 1 067 1 920 570 922	699 907 2 062 1 723 602 943	624 652 739 390 66 240	368 194 308 112 53 50	48 25 35 30 5 33	82 700 76 800 65 000 52 100 47 000 51 200	88 400 81 000 68 000 54 700 49 500 54 000
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000_ \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more_ Median	937 1 769 1 341 1 182 3 402 4 090 6 178 3 383 1 211 \$23 766 \$25 720	5 22 11 - - \$8 182 \$8 054	19 24 9 28 36 32 12 13 \$16 161 \$16 787	135 208 115 59 99 123 90 36 - \$11 946 \$14 389	206 346 162 162 455 351 403 181 55 \$17 619 \$19 378	226 407 328 318 780 953 909 440 93 \$20 759 \$22 179	155 362 314 273 720 894 1 259 623 134 \$22 849 \$24 130	155 299 331 258 864 1 284 2 239 1 146 360 \$26 015 \$27 518	25 48 70 62 359 338 818 715 276 \$30 373 \$32 351	11 42 12 11 65 115 422 199 208 \$30 995 \$39 122	11 	45 200 47 400 51 600 50 400 54 100 55 800 63 100 66 700 78 200	46 900 49 600 52 800 52 000 57 900 58 600 66 100 69 500 88 100
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 percent 30 percent 30 percent 30 to 34 percent 31 percent 32 percent or more Not computed Median Not computed Median	15 160 4 926 3 288 2 620 1 634 921 1 639 72 19,0 8 333 2 779 2 771 1 068 613 529 260 850 63		60 26 22 12 15.9 15.9 17 14 38 15 10 -	334 147 355 33 33 61 18 32 8 817.3 531 63 1555 82 41 91 11 77 77 77 11	1 070 462 227 143 88 47 89 14. 16.5 1 251 332 303 3116 97 106 52 212 212 33 14.6	2 610 914 574 360 297 277 179 273 18.3 18.3 1844 446 570 248 177 143 63 189 8	3 014 953 667 527 365 123 373 6 19.1 1 720 616 441 238 110 75 53 176 11	4 982 1 505 1 115 541 305 592 14 19.4 1 954 853 473 217 73 81 128	2 103 655 482 466 117 135 236 608 295 153 95 39 20 6 6 6 7	843 218 160 131 145 109 75 21.6 242 128 48 28 - 6 - 32	144 46 6 38 20 5 5 29 - 22.6 32 18 9 - -	61 600 59 400 61 700 63 900 60 200 66 600 55 800 51 800 57 800 50 800 50 800 50 800 50 800 50 800 50 800 50 800 50 800 50 800	65 400 63 300 64 800 67 900 66 100 70 000 55 400 55 500 51 800 50 800 50 800 50 800 50 800 50 800 50 800 50 800 50 800 50 800
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	23 473 366 20 	38 - - 38 22 - - 5 13.2	173 - - 173 139 65 6 9	857 10 8 - 865 801 397 - 67 7.7	2 321 80 2 321 2 228 1 306 29 129 5.6	4 442 119 12 4 454 4 257 2 723 98 167 3.7	4 734 70 - 4 734 4 541 2 910 179 107 2.3	6 936 68 - 6 936 6 676 4 450 405 124 1.8	2 711 12 - 2 711 2 643 1 705 364 32	1 085 - - 1 085 1 036 687 261 9	176 7 - 176 171 117 74 - -	57 800 48 200 42 000 57 800 58 000 59 100 79 600 47 100	61 800 53 900 35 800 61 800 61 900 63 000 86 900 49 300

Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Doto ore estimot	res bosed on o	somple, see in	froduction. Fo	or meoning of	symbols, see Ir	itroduction. Fo	or definitions o	terms, see or	pendixes A on	a B]	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	21 377	1 252	1 955	4 309	5 390	4 135	2 264	739	488	169	676	226
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	8 457	166	499	1 599	2 288	1 822	1 070	413	265	57	278	240
Married-couple families	1 085 2 907	17	85 86	210 425	273 863	245 742	177 445	58 189	19 86	19	18 35 17	244
35 to 44 yeors	1 220 2 224	8 30	37 138	238 473	378 534	202 477	188 231	60 90	71 78	21 17	17 156	253 243 235
65 yeors and over	1 021 4 682	111 213	153 582	253 998	240 1 211	156 877	29 365	16 114	11 93	82	52 147	196
15 to 24 yeors	1 082 1 438	4 34	112	153 337	355	277 333	113 141	14 49	19 56	25 24	10 18	233 234 221
35 to 44 yeors	470 1 079	5 66	61 184	96 305	353 151 231	83 115	23 57 31	29 17	3	3 19	16	221 192
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	613 8 238	104 873	132 874	107 1 712	121 1 891	69 1 436	31 829	212	130	11 30	74 29 251	169 215
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 303 2 092	58 51	29 79	277 428	351 562	310 515	187 338	30 46	34 69	22	5	241 244
35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors	880 1 898	17 131	85 263	141 528	268 443	188 262	111 106	53 69	5 22	-	12 74	238 199
65 yeors ond over	2 065 37.4	616 72.2	418 57.8	338 40.3	267 34.5	161 32.1	87 31.7	14 34.2	33.0	4 32.9	160 58.5	141
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												
1979 to Morch 1980	7 037 7 392	213 470	497 502	1 058 1 463	1 803 2 092	1 625 1 471	994 821	402 252	266 166	111 38	68 117	247
1970 to 1974	2 824 2 340 1 784	296 228	282 361	627 632	755 483	486 316	224 163	62 20	33	8	51 128	211 193
ROOMS	1 784	45	313	529	257	237	62	3	20	6	312	190
1 room2 rooms	882 1 331	196 417	184 192	249 231	126 288	77 151	29 40	- 6	-	21	- 6	162 166
3 rooms 4 rooms	4 014 7 340	318 206	489	876 1 751	1 230 1 965	768 1 450	240 858	8	11	25 31	49 144	211 226
6 rooms	5 974 1 381	83 27	661 383 28	986 196	1 490 267	1 410	828 190	206 339 143	188 154	37 26	230	248 273
7 or more rooms	455 4.1	5 2.5	18	20	24 4.0	35 4.2	79 4.5	37 4.9	67 5.4	29 4.7	141	335
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM									5		5.,	
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979	21 377	1 252	1 955	4 309	5 390	4 135	2 264	739	488	169	676	226
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	20 836 12 222	1 222 785	1 808 1 239	4 193 · 2 474	5 317 3 066	4 033 2 351	2 238 1 205	739 366	469 220	169 42	648 474	227 222
0.51 to 1.00	7 797 672	417 13	508 49	1 523 128	2 020 208	1 555 122	947 76	342 31	214 30	97 15	174	233 240
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	145 541	7 30	12 147	68 116	23 73 52	102	10 26	_	5 19	15	28	195 189
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	272 253	9 21	44 97	57 54	52 21	75 27	6 15	_	14	_	15 13	214 152
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	11 5	_	6	5 -	=	_	5	-	-	_	_	139 325
Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 370 3 231	537 521	347 314	746 714	694 685	502 471	319 308	39 39	62 62	30 30	94 87	201 202
1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	253 139	7 16	32 33	78 32	59 9	18 31	18 11	_	16	25 -	7	210 165
1.01 or more persons per room BEDROOMS	5	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	325
None	981 6 378	224 723	190 778	291 1 362	140 1 853	82 1 111	29	_ 50	- 18	21 4	4 117	162 207
2	9 920 3 656	208 79	794 179	2 085	2 526 826	2 135 754	362 1 297 513	391 257	170 247	52 74	262 221	235 257
4	390 52	18	14	65	45	40 13	58	29 12	53	18	50 22	290 320
UNITS IN STRUCTURE						10	3					
1, detoched or ottoched	1 934 4 545	158 61	66 300	153 836	310 1 105	278 1 064	278 531	106 253 160	176 189	63 20	346 186	270 245
3 ond 4	5 364 4 154	150 233 235	522 660	1 368 1 265	1 567 1 285	1 085 426 978	409 132	73 101	39 33	21	60 26	217 197
10 to 49 50 or more	3 543 1 760	235 415	217 190	459 207	945 162	290	490 414	46	51 -	42 13	26 25 23 10	246 222 238
Mobile home or troiler, etc YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	77	-	-	21	16	14	10	_	-	6	10	230
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974	987 2 089	188 256	41 72	80 199	175 398	137 530	142 431	120 79	61 78	34 24	9 22	252 260
1960 to 1969	4 041 2 091	293 117	159 207	431 438	1 121 545	1 093 360	580 181	130 79	93 63	49 11	92 90	249 223
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	2 673 9 496	113 285	156 1 320	518 2 643	803 2 348	552 1 463	270 660	91 240	42 151	13 38	115 348	231 206
STORIES IN STRUCTURE									477	1/1		20/
1 to 3 4 or more With elevotor	19 047 2 330 1 650	909 343 334	1 738 217 143	3 940 369 203	4 955 435 205	3 649 486 335	1 877 387 348	694 45 45	477 11 5	161 8 3	647 29 29	226 228 233
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	1 050	334	143	203	203	333	340	45	3		27	255
Less thon 15 percent	5 437	298	782	1 463	1 517	860	391	88	35	3		205
20 10 24 percent	3 753 3 303	214 332 139	291 169	706 562	994 889	835 727	448 339	142 122	107 139	16 24		236 233
25 to 29 percent	1 924 1 286	76	197 113	562 351 218	488 250	327 318	275 175	94 76	39 38	14 22		229 248
35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more	1 952 2 838	119 49	222 158	349 603	459 751	393 656	198 401	123 94	42 88	47 38	676	229 240 200
Not computed	884 21.6	25 21.5	18.2	57 19.7	42 20.9	19 22.5	37 24.0	25.9	23.7	5 35.7	6/6	200
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	21 251	1 252	1 881	4 281	5 380	4 121	2 264	739	488	169	676	227
Centrol heating system	16 628 8 977	1 120 393	1 074 562	2 690 1 561	4 243 2 279	3 633 1 919	2 038 1 254	662 339	443 257	162 67	563 5	238 240
Centrol system	519	21	36	40	86	168	73	19	33	18		265

Table A-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

						1.111	1070						
						ousehold inco							Income in
The SMSA		Less thon	\$5,000 to	\$10,000 to	\$12,500 to	\$15,000 to	\$20,000 to	\$25,000 to	\$35,000 to	\$50,000 or	Medion	Meon	1979 below poverty
	Total	\$5,000	\$9,999	\$12,499	\$14,999	\$19,999	\$24,999	\$34,999	\$49,999	more	(dollors)	(dollors)	level
Owner-occupied housing units	30 298	1 544	2 753	1 755	1 742	4 518	4 987	7 519	3 993	1 487	22 782	24 720	977
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	22 814 265	292	1 153 5	1 097	1 011	3 364 65	4 244 73	6 712 92	3 583 20	1 358	25 304 23 835	27 647 23 717	321
15 to 24 years	4 027 4 427	30 22	30 38	126 110	152 150	810 574	1 069 924	1 399 1 590	347 816	64 203	23 974 26 905	24 968 28 835	44 44
35 to 44 years	10 187	69	275	302	345	1 258	1 752	3 098	2 137	951	28 729	31 602	76
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	3 908 2 245	171 193	805 375	554 169	359 214	657 406	426 312	533 301	263 219	140 56	15 494 17 165	19 017 19 499	157 95
15 to 24 years	107 300	5 15	11 16	5 17	23 22	33 92	18 47	6 44	40	7	16 397 19 423	16 856 21 976	10 10
35 to 44 years	332 789	39	20 85	15 59	21 100	81 172	78 114	64 108	32 91	21 21	21 686 18 391	25 808 20 824	39
65 years ond overFemale householder, no husband present	717 5 239	134 1 059	243 1 225	73 489	48 517	28 748	55 431	79 506	50 191	7 73	9 508 11 715	14 476 14 214	36 561
15 to 24 years	69 308	11 31	23 35	10 70	10 42	69	3 24	25	12	12	10 125 13 571	20 866 15 257	11 41
35 to 44 years	502 1 867	42 187	68 358	51 198	52 244	112 279	33 244	127 224	14	3 33	16 301 14 452	17 773 16 990	52 166
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	2 493	788	741	160	169	288	127	130	65	25	7 497	11 106	291
Median age	53.7	71.8	68.9	63.1	59.5	52.5	47.7	47.5	51.1	53.5	•••	• • • •	64.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	2 225	74	88	92	164	351	441	731	240	44	24 017	24 298	70
1975 to 1978	5 530 4 696	97 138	170 252	203 249	235 181	925 737	1 129 859	1 772 1 301	760 752	239 227	25 024 24 573	26 773 26 364	97 118
1970 to 1974	7 675	207	643	440	417	996	1 348	1 951	1 190	483	24 230	26 570	170
1959 or earlier	10 172	1 028	1 600	771	745	1 509	1 210	1 764	1 051	494	18 071	21 543	522
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use	30 132	1 527	2 713	1 747	1 732	4 498	4 975	7 485	3 986	1 469	22 796	24 739	974
1.01 or more persons per room	504	-	6	14	7	71	111	136	112	47	27 500	31 484	-
1.01 or more persons per room	1 66 10	17	40	8	10	20	12	34 5	7	18 5	16 429 40 000	21 332 47 445	3
Heating equipment	30 282 28 528	1 544 1 382	2 753 2 491	1 755 1 629	1 742 1 610	4 512 4 252	4 987 4 696	7 513 7 183	3 989 3 822	1 487 1 463	22 780 23 041	24 719 24 989	977 874
Air conditioning	18 251 2 215	633 73	1 228 83	985 86	993 91	2 731 268	3 194 292	4 716 602	2 689 407	1 082 313	23 983 28 094	26 316 32 684	450 60
Vehicles available	28 654 8 906	912 743	2 140 1 640	1 614 1 081	1 657 945	4 448 1 832	4 924 1 158	7 484 1 056	3 988 355	1 487 96	23 573 15 107	25 685 16 692	718 510
2 or more House heating fuel	19 748 30 2 82	169 1 544	500 2 753	533 1 755	712 1 742	2 616 4 512	3 766 4 987	6 428 7 513	3 633 3 989	1 391 1 487	27 026 22 780	29 741 24 719	208 977
Utility gos	10 111	418	836 39	567	503	1 428	1 637	2 679	1 431	612	23 924	26 086	267
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity	180 1 673	18 36	102	16 56	101	31 196	25 273	29 583	258	68	16 250 26 105	17 635 26 702	36
Fuel oil, kerosene, etcOther	17 753 565	1 061 11	1 767 9	1 106 10	1 086 47	2 763 94	2 9 48 104	4 060 162	2 172 111	790 17	21 807 25 493	23 745 27 254	653
Median rooms	5.8	4.9	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.5	5.8	6.0	6.4	7.0		•••	5.2
Specified owner-occupied housing units	23 493	937	1 769	1 341	1 182	3 402	4 090	6 178	3 383	1 211	23 766	25 720	649
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mortgage	15 160	267	514	619	617	2 222	3 096	4 715	2 387	723	25 429	27 254	303
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	374 1 499	29 40	59 86	33 104	24 83	77 231	59 410	58 303	35 206	36	17 059 22 494	18 549 23 727	29 52
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	2 075 2 412	58 20	91 144	86 96	102 104	299 410	459 473	650 689	297 371	33 105	24 401 24 315	24 913 26 481	59 20
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	2 166 3 380	58 36	36 55	108 115	92 138	319 536	482 687	671	347 538	53 158	24 743 25 587	26 269 27 891	63 39
\$500 to \$599	1 888 947	6 20	17 15	56 13	56 18	217 104	349 143	710 354	326 184	151 96	27 210 28 539	29 870 31 616	12 29
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	419	-	11	8	-	29	34	163	83	91	29 360	41 990	
Medion	\$378 8 333	\$316 670	\$307 1 255	\$345 722	\$348 565	\$365 1 180	\$365 994	\$399 1 463	\$391 996	\$487 488	18 966	22 930	\$329 346
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74	22	17	5	- '-	-	-	- 774	-	-	-	4 118	4 416	5
\$75 to \$99	143	26	45	37	11	5	-	13	6	Ξ	10 034	11 802 9 044	85
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	482 902	156 117	132 152	92 107	60 106	15 162	107	27 88	50	13	8 164 14 269	16 100	60
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	2 841 2 434	206 97	554 234	191 211	177 168	467 385	330 319	526 532	314 334	76 154	17 903 21 805	20 282 24 395	127 51
\$250 or more Medion	1 509 \$196	51 \$155	133 \$176	84 \$183	43 \$180	146 \$194	238 \$209	277 \$207	292 \$219	245 \$250+	26 377	35 397	18 \$159
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY													
OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage	15 160	267	514	619	617	2 222	3 096	4 715	2 387	723	25 429	27 254	303
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent	4 926 3 288			- 6	19 41	117 408	651 889	1 776 1 404	1 715 489	648 51	34 398 26 756	37 702 27 772	-
20 to 24 percent	2 620 1 634	-	6 53	94 93	123	559 462	751 494	945 369	123 53	19	23 384 20 766	24 034 21 172	14
30 to 34 percent	921	_	45	80	110 113	320	194	157	7	5	18 407	19 223	-
35 percent or more Not computed	1 699 72	200 67	410	346	211	351 5	117	64	-	-	11 730 2500—	12 242 938	222 67
Medion Not mortgaged	19.0 8 333	50+ 670	47.9 1 255	36.8 722	30.7 565	25.3 1 180	20.1 994	17.1 1 463	12.4 996	10— 488	18 966	22 930	50 + 346
Less thon 10 percent	2 779	-	30	170	23	80	212	1 067	924	473	35 054 19 983	40 652 20 601	-
10 to 14 percent	2 171 1 068	-	122	205	226 231	662 340	643 127	359 37	66 6	15	14 740	15 189	Ξ
20 to 24 percent	613 529	21 39	207 338	212 135	70 10	91 7	12	_	_	_	10 926 8 384	11 287 8 466	5
30 to 34 percent	260 850	49 498	206 352	_	5	Ξ	_	Ξ	_	_	6 546 4 563	6 878 4 671	12 266
Not computed Medion	63 13.1	63 50+	29.0	19.7	15.7	13.9	12.2	10-	10—	10—	2500	-	63 50+

Table A-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oota are estimates based on o sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitians af terms, see appendixes A and 8]

						ousehold incor				ms, see uppend			
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 ta \$9,999	\$10,000 ta \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or mare	Median (dallars)	Mean (dallars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	21 618	3 709	4 377	2 486	2 130	3 564	2 514	2 117	552	169	12 778	14 425	3 440
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	8 558 1 094 2 936	405 37 155	1 106 152 234	918 135 255	803 143 278	1 831 225 786	1 637 271 669	1 381 124 434	398 7 106	79 - 19	17 729 16 333 18 209	18 637 16 643 18 675	558 41 201
35 to 44 years	1 226 2 263 1 039 4 720 1 088 1 448 4 78 1 089 617 8 340 1 303 2 110 903 1 924 2 100 37.5	54 72 87 713 195 81 30 232 175 2 591 408 147 436 1 180 57.5	118 215 387 1 010 306 226 41 158 279 2 261 300 545 270 567 579 44.9	96 210 222 513 141 142 75 120 35 1 055 203 437 110 235 70 33.9	132 188 62 583 140 210 84 118 31 744 62 255 136 205 86 34.6	218 462 140 806 158 368 93 148 39 927 212 243 154 219 99 33.2	269 368 60 481 92 172 48 152 17 396 63 97 41 164 31 33.5	262 495 66 433 40 190 66 105 32 303 31 113 30 91 38 38.2	63 207 15 103 - 38 21 35 9 51 7 12 8 7 17 46.8	14 46 - 78 16 21 20 21 - 12 5 - 7	19 910 19 834 10 512 13 032 10 762 15 611 15 417 13 231 6 636 8 348 8 348 10 784 9 698 4 649 	19 865 21 650 12 616 14 773 12 894 17 249 18 025 15 209 8 989 9 907 10 090 11 219 11 637 11 150 6 591	135 112 69 564 238 82 21 167 56 2 318 503 538 261 399 617 36.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	7 084 7 449 2 846 2 409 1 830	1 263 1 114 521 475 336	1 396 1 437 563 560 421	890 907 290 234 165	788 736 255 225 126	1 093 1 317 563 288 303	815 941 348 266 144	673 760 243 252 189	113 171 46 90 132	53 66 17 19 14	12 480 13 405 12 980 11 811 12 394	13 973 14 885 13 928 14 278 15 273	1 451 1 101 398 299 191
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 ta 1.50 1.51 or more 1.51 or more 0.50 ar less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	21 065 12 337 7 908 675 145 553 278 259 11	3 539 2 302 1 161 64 12 170 114 56	4 242 2 811 1 296 102 33 135 53 77 - 5	2 430 1 580 739 68 43 56 37 19	2 071 1 175 826 54 16 59 13 46 -	3 503 1 931 1 397 1 47 28 61 34 22 5	2 474 1 259 1 149 61 5 40 16 18 6	2 085 1 024 973 88 - 32 11 21	552 200 261 83 8 -	169 55 106 8 - - - - -	12 888 11 670 14 794 16 847 11 599 8 752 7 742 9 727 20 208 8 750	14 533 13 293 16 134 18 800 12 798 10 335 9 079 11 266 20 505 9 535	3 289 1 560 1 473 209 47 151 89 57
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	21 492 16 827 9 050 533 17 344 10 319 7 025 21 492 9 913 349 3 091 8 037 102 4.1	3 665 2 869 973 92 1 510 1 254 256 3 665 1 503 783 1 310 16 3.6	4 347 3 248 1 585 128 3 141 2 567 574 4 347 2 105 70 592 1 573 7 3.9	2 474 1 791 977 49 2 210 1 769 441 2 474 1 273 59 381 733 28 4.0	2 123 1 680 852 61 1 950 1 342 608 2 123 933 16 316 851 7	3 556 2 832 1 662 79 3 371 1 903 3 556 1 644 87 356 1 452 17 4.3	2 501 2 099 1 308 46 2 444 896 1 548 2 501 1 136 38 326 996 5	2 105 1 724 1 240 57 2 060 471 1 589 2 105 962 22 255 850 16	552 451 363 7 506 75 431 552 289 4 52 207 4.9	169 133 90 14 152 42 110 169 68 - 30 65 6 4.7	12 806 13 252 15 372 12 372 14 822 11 892 20 491 12 806 12 702 12 182 11 119 13 682 12 500	14 448 14 700 16 578 14 619 16 213 12 716 21 349 14 448 14 526 13 425 12 832 14 980 17 491	3 404 2 598 788 65 1 700 1 226 474 3 404 1 521 39 604 1 224 16 3.9
Specified renter-occupied housing units CONTRACT RENT	21 377	3 644	4 332	2 463	2 100	3 530	2 504	2 104	536	164	12 797	14 434	3 370
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median	3 419 5 279 5 491 3 709 1 637 884 105 125 52 676 \$163	1 324 859 715 420 141 36 - 14 - 135 \$129	853 1 267 1 048 629 299 82 10 30 5 109 \$150	271 685 678 471 176 102 - 9 5 66 \$168	203 568 629 400 172 37 6 18 - 67 \$169	338 858 903 741 337 216 22 3 15 97 \$178	242 472 759 537 229 167 30 8 5 55 \$179	143 454 554 411 227 165 18 29 22 81 \$182	32 92 164 86 48 47 19 11 - 37 \$187	13 24 41 14 8 32 - 3 - 29 \$184	6 920 11 874 13 710 14 591 15 406 19 233 21 812 13 819 20 500 13 545	9 786 13 358 15 191 15 651 16 430 20 896 23 269 18 025 22 602 17 588	893 895 726 447 200 59 - 31 25 94 \$144
GROSS RENT Less than \$100	1 252 1 955 4 309 5 390 4 135 2 264 739 488 169 676 \$226	818 511 774 671 460 229 28 13 5 135	242 620 1 128 996 688 352 114 61 22 109 \$206	67 197 580 824 428 189 67 35 10 66 \$220	58 167 381 613 495 197 88 16 18 67 \$235	29 226 650 986 835 442 155 75 35 97 \$243	7 150 354 699 617 388 91 121 22 55 \$251	23 71 348 458 489 330 138 128 38 81 \$260	8 8 67 122 95 124 25 34 16 37 \$269	- 5 27 21 28 13 33 5 3 29 \$268	4 284 8 535 11 088 13 332 14 982 16 605 17 874 22 444 19 375 13 545	5 947 10 447 12 768 14 630 16 034 17 465 20 168 21 772 21 095 17 588	537 347 746 694 502 319 39 62 30 94 \$201
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	5 437 3 753 3 303 1 924 1 286 1 952 2 838 884 21.6	24 77 309 192 131 455 2 113 343 50+	102 372 517 658 632 1 247 695 109 33.7	202 405 731 515 346 174 24 66 24.0	309 531 737 297 117 36 6 6 67 21.2	1 065 1 294 755 241 38 40 - 97 17.5	1 448 767 205 7 22 - - 55 14.0	1 677 283 49 14 - - 81 11.7	475 24 - - - - 37 10—	135 - - - - - 29 10—	23 478 16 896 12 821 10 544 9 200 6 772 3 661 9 603	24 757 16 866 12 836 10 469 9 294 7 070 3 700 13 450	65 90 183 174 143 441 1 972 302 50+

Table A -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Intraduction. For meaning of symbols, see Intraduction. Far definitions af terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Data are estim	iles bused on d	sumple, see iiii	duociion. Toi m	earing or symbo	ols, see Intraducti	dii. Tai defiiilik	iis di leiliis, se	e appendixes A	ond of	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 ta \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 ta \$349	\$350 ta \$399	\$400 ta \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 ta \$749	\$750 ar mare	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	15 160	374	1 499	2 075	2 412	2 166	3 380	1 888	947	419	378
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	816 3 594 3 277 4 137 2 167 690 286 193 3.47	122 110 63 52 27 - - - 2.09	112 537 361 269 162 23 22 13 2.78	140 598 475 463 269 95 26 9	160 552 488 646 367 152 35 12 3.51	94 403 476 733 338 56 29 37 3.65	114 644 812 1 008 536 163 46 57 3.62	44 396 428 598 221 96 74 31 3.63	22 252 65 278 195 69 40 26 3.98	8 102 109 90 52 36 14 8 3.41	311 350 376 394 388 411 450 457
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	13 023 187 3 325 3 654 5 189 668 778 48 180 195 265 265 27 28 192 327 609 203 43.5	206 - 8 41 112 45 82 - 6 13 29 34 86 - 6 20 20 40 58.8	1 212 	1 751 18 141 401 1 029 162 77 6 6 26 34 111 247 7 21 40 111 68 51.3	1 956 111 315 574 931 125 174 5 33 41 68 27 282 10 29 74 146 23	1 893 21 508 601 677 86 83 	3 024 61 1 184 866 849 64 120 21 30 23 46 - 236 61 96 15	1 722 28 670 540 451 33 94 117 37 26 14 - 12 22 24 14	886 41 274 341 205 255 46 - 46 - - - - 15 - 9 6 - -	373 7 158 126 74 8 27 - 4 16 7 7 - - 6 13 36.9	387 466 445 406 332 333 345 433 479 354 224 224 310 389 332 318 273
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 ta 1969 1959 ar earlier	1 441 3 976 3 160 4 742 1 841	- 20 23 190 141	5 69 124 827 474	18 137 316 1 179 425	79 336 656 1 008 333	116 657 699 566 128	327 1 527 743 585 198	454 737 364 229	291 337 201 101 17	151 156 34 57 21	539 448 383 309 286
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	51 867 3 579 4 438 3 609 2 616 6.2	8 121 134 60 46 5 4.9	226 658 404 137 74 5.3	14 146 726 713 372 104 5.7	11 135 552 859 517 338 6.1	6 102 551 644 557 306 6.2	5 87 630 975 990 693 6.5	36 265 550 530 507 6.7	7 14 42 177 371 336 7.1	- 21 56 89 253 7.8	316 280 325 364 417 467
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 785 1 749 4 037 3 890 1 528 2 171	14 5 46 168 77 64	19 18 371 688 191 212	14 101 727 708 222 303	20 271 806 669 269 377	178 349 548 639 223 229	569 487 868 612 279 565	496 300 376 260 192 264	306 166 202 114 46 113	169 52 93 32 29	516 424 356 328 351 378
VALUE Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 ta \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 ta \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or \$149,999	60 334 1 070 2 610 3 014 4 982 2 103 843 144 \$61 600	- 4 95 68 128 31 30 13 5 -	- 24 57 292 516 377 203 25 5	- 19 78 244 434 553 612 128 7 - \$53 800	13 60 210 493 527 835 234 40 - \$57 900	- 6 114 352 503 834 294 57 6 \$62 000	- 16 123 501 605 1 352 598 161 24 \$65 800	14 13 152 324 677 445 243 20 \$72 400	- - 6 20 88 372 260 173 28 \$79 100	- 8 - 14 67 106 152 66 \$102 000	255 260 286 323 352 399 457 560 718
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent ar mare Nat computed Median	4 926 3 288 2 620 1 634 921 1 699 72 19.0	237 17 33 40 13 21 13 13.0	988 234 114 50 25 83 5	1 180 437 197 82 30 128 21 14.1	989 664 336 143 65 200 15	620 619 439 153 123 200 12 18.7	604 833 790 529 248 376 – 21.6	196 337 486 383 182 298 6	78 104 186 190 135 254 	34 43 39 64 100 139	303 374 426 462 482 451 293
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-oir furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system I ar more individual raam units House heating fuel Utility gos Bortled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc. Other	15 160 7 951 5 366 1 035 1004 704 9 794 1 075 8 719 15 160 5 341 67 1 186 8 173 393	374 168 131 8 16 51 215 6 6 209 374 103 - 17 247 7	1 499 674 727 28 19 51 1 014 54 960 1 499 412 - 36 1 009	2 075 1 129 762 92 11 81 1 409 43 1 366 2 075 580 20 116 1 305 54	2 412 1 252 815 188 23 134 1 523 141 1 382 2 412 891 13 202 1 261 45	2 166 1 215 662 215 5 69 1 416 106 1 310 2 166 782 5 222 1 082 1 75	3 380 1 850 1 133 221 12 164 2 227 283 1 944 3 380 1 334 22 253 1 677 94	1 888 955 606 203 18 106 1 138 952 1 888 696 227 915	947 510 369 49 - 19 625 150 475 947 373 - 71 497 6	419 198 161 31 	378 381 369 397 313 375 376 465 367 378 394 355 400 362 382

Table A -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[DOTO OTC COMMOTE	5 50300 011 0 3011	sic, see antoquen	on. For incoming	or symbols, see	T Tor	I	is, see oppendixes	A ond of	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	8 333	-	22	143	482	902	2 841	2 434	1 509	196
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	1 689 3 982	-	22	53	202 258	312	618	313 1 215	169	171
2 persons	1 404	-	_	63 22	22	457 83	1 349 522	433	640 322	195 206
4 persons	748 345	-	_	5	_	27	254 75	289 138	173 125	215 233
5 persons6 persons	112	=	=	_	Ξ	11	23	34	44	232
7 persons8 or more persons	27 26	_		Ξ	Ξ	- 5	_	12	15 21	250+ 250+
Medion	2.12	-	1.00	1.79	1.65	1.80	2.09	2.24	2.41	250 —
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	5 634	-	-	67	215	456	1 925	1 864	1 107	204
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	108	Ξ	_	- 6	Ξ	19	20	42	21	211
35 to 44 years	261 3 023	-	-	18	39	18 175	63 1 110	124 1 022	56	
45 to 64 yeors65 yeors ond over	2 242	=	=	43	176	244	732	676	659 371	195
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	653 7		5	43	82	101	211	102	109	220 208 195 173 175 160 225 176 181 113 225 207 195
25 to 34 years	21	-	-	-	-	8	13	-	_	160
35 to 44 yeors	6 240	_	_	16	- 8	47	96	6 36	37	225
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	379	-	.5	27	74	46	95	36 60	72	170
15 to 24 years	2 046 8	=	17	33	1 85 8	345	705	468	293	113
25 to 34 years	10 50	-	-	-	- 5	7	5 11	- 15	5 12	225
35 to 44 yeors	662	=	5	_	33	52	268	196 257	108	195
65 yeors ond over	1 316 64.2	-	12 77.5	33 68.2	139 73.3	286 68.0	421 63.6	257 62.6	168 62.5	172
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to Morch 1980	179	_	12	12	8	15	44	70	18	198
1975 to 1978	292	-	-	-	20	33 80	80	85	74	208
1970 to 1974	607 1 740	_	10	16 38 77	24 37	132	121 574	209 558	157 391	215 207
1959 or eorlier	5 515	-	-	77	393	642	2 022	1 512	869	191
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	69 1 207	_	22	16 91	23 161	5 246	18 456	7 148	83	120 159
5 rooms	2 341	=	-	źi	170	337	939	682	192	184 i
6 rooms7 rooms	2 910 1 064	_	_	15	116	216 80	1 089 230	964 412	525 315	202 224
8 or more rooms	742	-		-	-	18	109	221	394	250+
Median	5.7	-	4.0	4.1	4.8	5.1	5.5	5.9	6.4	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT						_				
1975 to Morch 1980	116 261	_	Ξ	_	- 6	28	24 28	68 106	19 93	221 232
1960 to 1969	1 051	-]	-	30 47	35 150	61	318	348 1 040	259	212 196
1950 to 1959	3 395 1 577	=	17	37	125	337 254	1 267 543	356	554 245	183
1939 or eorlier	1 933	-]	5	29	166	217	661	516	339	192
VALUE										
Less thon \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	38 113	-1	10	11	6	43	35	11 24	- 6	95 162
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	531	-	12	48 18	142	78 246	35 190	27	34	145
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	1 251 1 844	Ξ.	_ [31	91 110	246	549 755 655	299 516	48 217	162 145 175 187 195 216
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	1 720 1 954	-	-	31 29	70 52	166 141	655	526 699	274 503	195
\$80,000 to \$99,999	608	=	Ξ	6	52	13	553 75	267	253	240
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	242 32	-	-	-	6	-	29	65	142 32	250+ 250+
Medion	\$51 800	-	\$27 700	\$33 500	\$39 200	\$43 700	\$48 400	\$56 100	\$64 800	230+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 10 percent	2 770			25	5.4	210	1 021	882	440	100
Less thon 10 percent	2 779 2 171	_	5	35 53 21	54 149	318 243 107	1 021 733 280	587	469 401	198 193
15 to 19 percent	1 068 613	-	12	21 17	61 36	107	280 167	375 203	130	209
25 to 29 percent	529	=	5	iź	43 42	42	235	91	96	209 207 184 175
30 to 34 percent	260 850				42 78	48 42 34 98	110 270	51 238	23 166	175 196
Not computed	63	_			19	12	25	7	_	151
Medion	13.1	_	22.5	13.4	17.3	12.6	12.6	12.8	13.6	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	8 333		22	143	482	902	2 841	2 434	1 509	196
Steom or hot woter system	5 470	_	22	59	236	434	1 869	1 750	1 122	204
Centrol worm-air furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	2 353 137	_	17	46 17	207	358 16	841 32	557 50	327 22	183 203
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce	98	-	-	7	18	18	36	14	5	183 203 158 167
Other meonsAir conditioning	275 4 566	_	5	14 70	21 144	76 480	63 1 542	1 401	33 929	202
Centrol system	341 4 225	-	-	70	135	20	85 1 457	83 1 318	144 785	234 200
House heating fuel	8 333	_	22	143	482	460 902	2 841	2 434	1 509	196 190
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gos	1 954 60	-	_ 5	48 10	165 5	226	670 5	475 24	370 6	190
Electricity	167	_	_	17	_	22	38	68	22	205
Fuel oil, kerosene, etcOther	6 071 81	_	17 -	68 -	312	624	2 095	1 844 23	1 111	200 205 198 173

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimotes bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	2 2.0 0.0 00.000		ner-occupied h			1.0, 300 11		Ren	iter-accupied h			
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupled housing units	30 298	2 240	2 809	6 067	11 433	7 749	21 618	987	2 097	4 087	4 871	9 576
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 55 yeors ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 55 yeors ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Median age	22 814 265 4 027 4 427 10 187 3 908 2 245 107 300 332 789 717 5 239 69 308 502 2 493 53.7	2 069 48 895 683 406 37 71 6 20 10 9 100 - 37 - 63 - 36.2	2 325 574 847 766 138 171 12 22 23 43 88 6 313 12 65 76 133 27 41.9	4 932 32 637 1 263 2 385 615 379 16 54 95 123 10 68 122 315 241 49,4	8 707 128 1 181 1 007 4 583 1 808 784 39 120 72 286 267 1 942 14 98 185 819 826 57.1	4 781 57 740 627 2 047 1 310 840 40 2 282 344 2 128 33 33 40 119 537 1 399 60.5	8 558 1 094 2 936 1 226 2 263 1 039 4 720 1 088 1 448 478 1 089 617 8 340 1 303 2 110 903 1 924 2 100 37.5	307 54 134 25 45 49 246 47 85 31 55 28 434 58 125 59 48 144 34.7	548 77 253 72 93 53 518 120 220 78 71 29 1 031 191 299 118 170 253 32.9	1 538 145 572 229 357 235 265 253 265 88 207 92 1 644 348 435 173 264 424 35.5	2 101 307 649 348 605 192 1 052 312 309 84 203 144 1 718 250 602 222 222 381 263 35.1	4 064 511 1 328 552 1 163 510 1 999 356 569 197 553 324 3 513 456 649 331 1 061 1 016 43.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1969 or earlier	2 225 5 530 4 696 7 675 10 172	640 1 600 - - -	264 763 1 782 -	338 908 890 3 931	541 1 368 1 182 2 367 5 975	442 891 842 1 377 4 197	7 084 7 449 2 846 2 409 1 830	584 403 - - -	874 763 460 –	1 315 1 603 537 632	1 692 1 625 656 531 367	2 619 3 055 1 193 1 246 1 463
ROOMS 1 room	7 64 303 3 757 8 810 8 607 8 750 5.8	100 406 445 1 289 6.7	18 212 559 740 1 280 6.3	10 85 437 1 962 1 686 1 887 5.8	51 110 1 825 3 579 3 814 2 054 5.5	7 3 90 1 183 2 304 1 922 2 240 5.6	890 1 335 4 022 7 423 6 046 1 398 504 4.1	89 216 176 239 198 47 22 3.6	237 292 485 709 270 90 14 3.5	157 363 1 139 1 381 855 137 55 3.8	178 130 884 1 696 1 410 441 132 4.2	229 334 1 338 3 398 3 313 683 281 4.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	30 132 18 558 11 070 463 41 166 82 74 10	2 234 1 259 963 12 - 6 - 6	2 795 1 490 1 268 31 6 14 7 7	6 047 3 180 2 769 85 13 20 - 20	11 425 7 217 3 978 230 	7 631 5 412 2 092 105 22 118 67 41 10	21 065 12 337 7 908 675 145 553 278 259 111	965 614 346 - 5 22 7 15 -	2 079 1 260 793 19 7 18 13 5	4 011 2 205 1 685 91 30 76 51 25	4 754 2 464 1 948 291 51 117 31 86	9 256 5 794 3 136 274 52 320 176 128 11
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	4 139 10 106 5 814 5 689 3 029 1 521 2.66 90 667	82 552 535 655 285 131 3.41 7 690	226 735 458 783 349 258 3.47 9 628	521 1 752 1 152 1 443 871 328 3.16	1 514 4 335 2 438 1 793 888 465 2.47 31 642	1 796 2 732 1 231 1 015 636 339 2.26 21 794	7 785 6 740 3 242 2 249 996 606 1.95	481 308 99 68 31 - 1.54	972 662 236 148 61 18 1.62	1 601 1 247 621 391 170 57 1.85	1 467 1 353 915 605 292 239 2.22	3 264 3 170 1 371 1 037 442 292 1.98 21 286
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc.	24 792 2 967 1 239 554 181 81 484	1 992 120 - 24 19 - 85	2 209 172 45 149 59 19 156	5 293 398 24 57 37 51 207	10 835 374 70 76 35 11	4 463 1 903 1 100 248 31 -	2 175 4 545 5 364 4 154 3 543 1 760 77	86 121 77 127 361 215	70 178 121 289 828 602	394 675 370 678 1 396 521 53	996 986 1 313 950 436 175	629 2 585 3 483 2 110 522 247
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot woter system Centrol worm-air fumoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless fumoce Other means Air conditioning Centrol system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	30 282 16 764 10 111 1 408 245 1 754 18 251 2 215 16 036 30 282 10 111 180 1 673 17 753 565 977 3.2	2 240 1 087 788 242 - 123 3 304 354 950 2 240 935 12 306 897 90 42	2 809 1 106 1 216 415 72 2 018 778 1 240 2 809 1 623 478 662 46 67 2.4	6 067 3 466 1 890 443 29 239 3 940 536 3 404 6 067 2 891 10 516 2 536 114 90 1.5	11 433 6 582 4 010 152 145 544 7 153 415 6 738 11 433 2 269 87 209 8 695 173 355 3.1	7 733 4 523 2 207 156 71 776 3 836 132 3 704 7 733 2 393 71 164 4 963 142 423 5.5	21 492 9 173 4 888 2 439 9 327 4 665 9 050 533 8 517 21 492 9 913 349 3 091 8 037 1022 3 440 15.9	987 296 325 310 14 42 572 40 532 987 433 146 - 134	2 097 880 490 581 49 97 1 356 1 230 2 097 855 56 711 470 5 382 18.2	4 087 1 996 749 1 002 70 270 2 101 198 1 903 4 087 1 543 17 1 195 1 308 595 14.6	4 850 1 968 1 615 297 92 878 1 687 92 1 595 4 850 1 924 132 414 2 364 16 857 17.6	9 471 4 033 1 709 249 102 3 378 3 334 77 3 257 9 471 5 190 137 338 3 749 15.4
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or or ore. Medion Mean	1 544 2 753 1 755 1 742 4 518 4 987 7 519 3 993 1 487 \$22 782 \$24 720	33 52 39 68 279 405 901 360 103 \$27 440 \$28 603	71 102 142 94 436 460 828 511 165 \$26 238 \$27 473	107 441 292 321 683 1 113 1 810 952 348 \$25 325 \$27 339	574 1 014 764 698 1 813 2 019 2 590 1 429 532 \$22 015 \$24 323	759 1 144 518 561 1 307 990 1 390 1 390 339 \$18 483 \$21 137	3 709 4 377 2 486 2 130 3 564 2 514 2 117 552 169 \$12 778 \$14 425	215 155 63 129 127 130 123 37 8 \$13 672 \$14 959	414 430 261 189 355 207 185 49 7 \$11 959 \$13 433	672 732 463 370 732 541 425 111 41 \$13 693 \$15 039	850 937 663 486 816 511 437 142 29 \$12 445 \$14 146	1 558 2 123 1 036 956 1 534 1 125 947 213 84 \$12 686 \$14 468

Table A -8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(Owner-occupied I	nousing units				R	enter-occupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Totol	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Totol	l unit, detoched or ottoched	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	30 298 561	24 792 173	5 022 3BB	484 -	21 618 189	2 175 24	4 545	5 364 12	4 154 29	3 543 B3	1 760 41	77 -
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families 15 to 24 yeors	22 814 265	19 640	2 931 64	243 10	8 558 1 094	1 120 107	2 237 265	2 555 3B3	1 430 214	888 95	307 30	21
25 to 34 years	4 027 4 427 10 187	3 5BB 4 046	41B 365 1 380	21 16	2 936 1 226	363 225	840 255	793 369	426 249 402	375 114	134 14	5
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present	3 90B 2 245	B 671 3 144 1 579	704 554	136 60 112	2 263 1 039 4 720	2B0 145 379	593 284 679	723 287 955	139 1 090	1BB 116 1 085	61 6B 512	16 _ 20
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors	107 300 332	61 211 213	35 64 99	11 25 20	1 0BB 1 448 47B	79 124 26	107 261 65	19B 299 B7	282 322 104	312 290 154	110 147 39	5 3
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	7B9 717	583 511	169 187	37 19	1 0B9 617	84 66	127 119	251 120	231 151	235 94	149 67	12
Femole householder, no husband present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	5 239 69 30B	3 573 40 227	1 537 19 61	129 10 20	8 340 1 303 2 110	676 49 169	1 629 177 415	1 854 259 473	1 634 325 447	1 570 370 424	941 117 174	36 6 B
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	502 1 B67 2 493	396 1 355 1 555	100 430 927	6 82 11	903 1 924 2 100	7B 193 1B7	1BB 50B 341	175 427 520	212 39B 252	201 261 314	49 137 464	- - 22
Median ogeYEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	53.7	52.5	59.2	54.6	37.5	38.9	38.4	38.4	35.9	33.8	51.9	51.3
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	2 225 5 530 4 696	1 692 4 531 3 922	425 B12 699	10B 1B7 75	7 0B4 7 449 2 846	475 792 292	1 297 1 486 649	1 591 1 79B 71B	1 530 1 356 506	1 530 1 267 466	639 732 205	22 1B 10
1960 to 1969	7 675 10 172	6 792 7 B55	774 2 312	109	2 409 1 B30	314 302	5B9 524	573 684	523 239	227 53	162 22	21
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms	7 64	37	7 1B	- 9	890 1 335	22 65	13 3B	53 165	96 173	417 456	2B9 426	_ 12
3 rooms4 rooms	303 3 757	95 2 211	170 1 225	38 321	4 022 7 423	152 597	327 1 502	692 1 716	1 105 1 971	1 196 1 143	533 459	17 35 13
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms	B B10 8 607 B 750	6 277 7 759 8 413	2 429 836 337	104 12 -	6 046 1 398 504	559 452 328	2 116 452 97	2 437 262 39	616 173 20	262 59 10	43 10	13 - -
Medion PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	5.B	6.0	4.9	4.1	4.1	4.9	4.7	4.5	3.9	3.3	2.B	3.8
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	30 132 18 55B 11 070	24 767 14 959 9 435	4 881 3 200 1 556	484 399 79	21 065 12 337 7 90B	2 163 1 167 921	4 442 2 767 1 563	5 241 3 165 1 923	4 053 2 083 1 635	3 410 1 992 1 299	1 679 1 109 544	77 54 23
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	463 41 166	350 23 25	107 18 141	6	675 145 553	75 - 12	107 5 103	138 15 123	295 40 101	52 67 133	8 18 81	-
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	82 74	10 15	72 59	-	278 259	6	65 27	B3 40	54 47	37 91	33 48	-
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more BEDROOMS	10 -	-	10	-	11 5	-	-	-	Ξ	5	-	-
None1	24 1 249	681 681	12 496	72 72	989 6 413	33 314	19 851	B1 1 224	103 1 420	456 1 594	297 975	35
2 3 4	9 213 14 979 4 11B	6 099 13 431 3 932	2 733 1 517 186	381 31 -	9 998 3 747 408	B14 760 229	2 365 1 230 65	2 979 1 048 16	2 021 534 76	1 299 175 12	478 - 10	42 - -
5 or more HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	715	637	78 510	- 27	63 3 709	25 315	15 52B	16 724	930	7 700	506	- 6
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	2 753 1 755	1 914 1 391	757 314	B2 50	4 377 2 486	37B 276	757 429	1 162 613	944 529	754 430	361 191	21 18
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	1 742 4 51B 4 987	1 242 3 591 4 276	434 B20 635	66 107 76	2 130 3 564 2 514	162 327 281	442 8B0 70B	630 945 685	419 544 344	347 620 356	124 236 126	6 12 14
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	7 519 3 993	6 444 3 611	1 01B 36B	57 14	2 117 552	2B5 119	605 136	447 130	349 76 19	256 50 30	175 41	=
\$50,000 or more Medion Mean	1 4B7 \$22 782 \$24 720	1 316 \$23 757 \$25 82B	166 \$17 834 \$20 020	\$15 733 \$16 754	169 \$12 778 \$14 425	32 \$14 329 \$16 738	60 \$15 745 \$16 601	28 \$13 226 \$14 6B1	\$10 959 \$12 680	\$11 846 \$13 031	\$10 170 \$12 195	\$11 597 \$12 141
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot woter system	30 282 16 764	24 792 14 062	5 006 2 676	484 26	21 492 9 173	2 175 1 021	4 537 2 180	5 343 1 B67	4 063 1 545	3 537 1 709	1 760 846	77 5
Centrol worm-air fumoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	10 111 1 408	8 236 1 224	1 439 184	436 -	4 BB8 2 439	720 120	1 221 169	1 262 428	499 452	796 763	343 494	47 13
Floor, woll, or pipeless fumoce Other means Air conditioning	245 1 754 18 251	20B 1 062 15 173	37 670 2 733	22 345	327 4 665 9 050	47 267 925	22 945 2 061	65 1 721 1 855	B0 1 4B7 1 249	7B 191 1 799	35 42 1 117	12 44 19
Centrol system Vehicles avoilable	2 215 28 654 8 906	1 690 23 936 6 699	410 4 240 1 920	115 478 2B7	533 17 344 10 319	51 1 838 B83	37 4 034 2 111	8 4 367 2 504	76 2 957 1 999	263 2 833 1 941	79 1 243 B32	72
2 or more House heating fuel	19 74B 30 282	17 237 24 792	2 320 5 006	191 484	7 025 21 492	955 2 175	1 923 4 537	1 863 5 343	95B 4 063	892 3 537	411 1 760	49 23 77
Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity	10 111 180 1 673	7 731 138 1 425	2 376 37 234	4 5 14	9 913 349 3 091	663 54 152	2 232 79 232	2 930 74 499	2 353 74 5B0	1 1B9 55 1 021	546 13 594	- - 13
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	17 753 565	14 989 509	2 313 46	451 10	B 037 102	1 2B0 26	1 971 23	1 B14 26	1 049 7	1 252 20	607	13 64 -
Water heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	30 298 12 592 479	24 792 9 318 361	5 022 3 270 104	484 4 14	21 596 11 B79 573	2 169 B01 20	4 539 2 808 100	5 364 3 679 164	4 154 2 626 145	3 543 1 343 107	1 750 622 37	77 - -
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	6 112 11 077 38	5 197 9 878 38	47B 1 170	437 29	3 914 5 203 27	4B5 B59	639 992	617 904	496 BB0 7	1 076 1 009 B	535 54B 8	66 11 -
With own children under 18 years	25 818 11 247	21 931 10 063	3 609 1 149	278 35	12 162 6 113	1 529 B60	3 076 1 402	3 306 1 612	2 478 1 470	1 339 648	413 110	21 11
With own children under 6 yeors Female householder, no husband present With own children under 1B years	3 710 2 159 72B	3 26B 1 634 617	427 504 111	15 21 -	3 095 3 043 2 019	407 357 236	711 717 407	74B 616 427	BBB 864 625	290 389 281	46 100 43	5
With own children under 6 yeors Nonfamily householder Income in 1979 below poverty level	89 4 480 977	67 2 861	22 1 413	206	747 9 456 3 440	55 646 339	110 1 469	110 2 058	363 1 676	96 2 204 684	B 1 347	- 56 6
Percent below poverty level	3.2	701 2.B	255 5.1	21 4.3	15.9	15.6	511 11.2	654 12.2	928 22.3	19.3	318 18.1	7.8

Table A=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

	[Doto ore estimot	es bosed on o s	omple, see Intro	duction. For med	ning of symbols,	see Introduction	n. For definition	is of terms, see	oppendixes A o	nd 8}	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	30 298 622	4 139 -	10 106 277	5 814 120	5 689 95	3 029 60	932 39	354 26	235 5	2.66 2.78	90 667 2 113
ROMS 1 to 3 rooms	374 3 757 8 810 8 607 5 031 3 719 5.8	207 1 146 1 489 746 361 190 5.0	132 1 863 3 331 2 948 1 223 609 5.4	17 489 1 845 1 708 1 138 617 5.8	134 1 412 1 957 1 336 850 6.2	12 110 560 926 674 747 6.4	9 136 207 194 386 7.1	6 20 83 41 198 7.7	- 17 32 64 122 7.6	1.40 1.89 2.38 2.86 3.32 4.02	746 7 769 24 134 26 347 16 738 14 933
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	30 132 29 628 463 41 166 156 10	4 092 4 092 - - 47 47 -	10 070 10 070 - - 36 36 -	5 774 5 768 6 - 40 40	5 662 5 662 - - 27 27 -	3 018 2 901 105 12 11 6	927 787 140 - 5 - 5	354 239 103 12 - -	235 109 109 17 - -	2.66 2.61 6.36 7.21 2.50 2.36 5.50	90 162 87 213 2 710 239 505 451 54
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc.	24 792 5 022 484	2 657 1 310 172	8 125 1 739 242	4 934 842 38	5 060 609 20	2 657 360 12	804 128 -	331 23 -	224 11 -	2.83 2.19 1.79	74 024 15 545 1 098
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	23 493 38 173 865 2 321 4 454 4 734 6 936 2 711 1 085 176 \$57,800	2 505 27 52 266 556 554 491 356 118 37 8	7 576 11 75 418 776 1 573 1 697 2 025 708 259 34	4 681 - 16 99 445 920 948 1 549 478 197 29	4 885 -24 37 299 704 991 1 805 750 225 50	2 512 - 6 35 145 486 353 836 417 218 16	802 	313 - - 17 19 74 107 41 40 15	219 - - 6 29 32 32 69 27 18	2.86 1.20 1.96 1.90 2.28 2.57 2.69 3.20 3.57 3.72 3.84	69 573 38 319 1 507 5 509 11 853 13 865 22 365 29 387 4 038 695
Medion SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgage Income in 1979 below poverty level	\$57 800 30 298 \$22 782 17.1 19.0 13.1	\$46 600 4 139 \$8 333 28.8 29.5 28.4	\$54 900 10 106 \$20 317 16.4 19.3 13.8	\$58 700 5 814 \$26 230 14.7 18.4 10—	\$63 600 5 689 \$26 347 17.9 19.5 10—	\$64 500 3 029 \$28 524 16.3 17.7 10—	\$68 400 932 \$32 195 14.3 15.6 10—	\$68 200 354 \$34 479 15.3 16.4 10.5	\$61 800 235 \$33 250 14.5 16.7 10—	2.66	90 667
Not managoge a Income in 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged	\$2 904 \$50+ 50+ 50+	\$2 817 \$2 817 50 + 50 + 50 +	\$2 524 \$2 524 50+ 50+ 50+	50 \$3 611 50+ 50+	93 \$4 155 50+ 50+ 32.5	50 + 50 +	- - - - -	- - - -	\$2500— 50+ 50+	1.40	:::
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	21 618 2 106	7 78 5 -	6 740 1 395	3 242 415	2 249 144	996 80	436 33	1 27 22	43 17	1.95 2.25	47 876 5 443
1 room 2 rooms	890 1 335 4 022 7 423 6 046 1 398 504 4.1	823 1 087 2 565 1 945 1 069 218 78 3.3	67 225 1 216 2 873 1 927 330 102 4.1	16 165 1 402 1 267 288 104 4.5	- 7 52 910 968 225 87 4.7	- 19 227 483 198 69 5.0	- - 41 248 94 53 5.2	- 5 17 64 30 11	8 20 15 -	1.04 1.11 1.28 2.11 2.52 3.02 3.19	936 1 573 5 648 16 741 16 652 4 666 1 660
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	21 065 20 245 675 145 553 537 11	7 454 7 454 - 331 331 -	6 610 6 543 - 67 130 130 - -	3 193 3 177 16 - 49 49 - -	2 231 2 172 52 7 18 18	987 741 227 19 9 9	425 147 278 - 11 - 11	122 11 94 17 5 - - 5	43 8 35 - -	1.97 1.91 5.65 4.29 1.34 1.31 6.00 7.00	46 904 42 522 3 646 736 972 849 79 44
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detrocked or ottoched 2	2 175 4 545 5 364 4 154 3 543 1 760 77	498 1 216 1 649 1 413 1 836 1 129	588 1 631 1 884 1 107 998 510 22	458 877 733 742 350 76 6	300 486 736 469 226 27 5	221 220 254 221 72 8	84 87 76 146 33 10	18 23 24 34 28 -	8 5 8 22 - -	2.50 2.15 2.05 2.10 1.46 1.28 1.38	6 087 10 527 12 313 9 744 6 591 2 492 122
\$pecified renter-occupied housing units	21 377 1 252 1 955 4 309 5 390 4 135 2 264 739 488 169 676 \$226	7 736 886 1 123 1 733 1 886 1 209 476 79 23 45 276 \$200	6 664 191 516 1 368 1 724 1 495 774 255 135 18 188 188 \$233	3 201 79 107 571 808 672 519 158 125 19 143 \$248	2 207 50 103 360 602 484 272 155 110 37 34 \$247	981 26 64 185 194 178 134 57 66 42 35 \$251	425 16 36 64 137 67 61 23 18 3 - \$236	123 4 6 5 39 30 21 12 6 - -	40 - - 23 - 7 - 5 5 5 - 8196	1.94 1.21 1.37 1.81 1.97 2.07 2.35 2.72 3.19 3.57 1.83	47 157 1 949 3 271 8 899 12 069 9 433 5 771 2 136 1 632 606 1 391
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Median gross rent os percentoge of household income l Income in 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income	21 618 \$12 778 21.6 3 440 \$3 374 50+	7 785 \$8 503 26.1 1 400 \$2500— 50+	6 740 \$15 705 18.6 734 \$3 556 50+	3 242 \$15 530 20.5 524 \$3 715 50+	2 249 \$16 524 19.2 366 \$5 194 50+	996 \$17 831 19.3 215 \$5 667 44.0	\$15 625 20.5 140 \$5 345 43.4	127 \$18 681 19.8 31 \$9 191 34.5	\$9 750 19.8 30 \$7 000 50 +	1.95 1.94 	47 876

Table A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbals, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A ond 8]

		Median	53.7	66.8 61.4 52.6 47.9 45.5 45.5	53.6 47.1 60.0 52.5		23.3.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	37.5	52.0 33.2 33.1 34.8 36.7 39.1	37.4 37.0 42.6 43.0	33.7. 3.3.2. 3.4.7. 3.3.2. 5.4.7. 5.4.7.
		65 years and over	2 493	1 824 513 101 10 13 32 1.18	2 466		283 283 284 1 286 1 286 1 286 1 287 1 287	2 100	1 832 200 244 20 1 07 2 327	2 059	2 065 174 184 187 177 177 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185
	ᅙᅵ	45 to 64 years	1 867	903 557 212 95 95 55 1.55 3 718	1 861 15 6		22 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 924	1 148 2409 244 944 36 1.34 3 102	1 873 12 51 51	1 898 430 262 277 172 172 344 98
	der, no husband	35 to 44 years	203	71 95 160 153 17 17 803 1 490	498		377 327 327 327 328 328 328 329 360 360 360 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37	903	235 232 173 106 69 88 2.43 2 500	899 65 65	88 140 65 173 173 153 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 17
	emale householder,	25 to 34 years	308	90 95 73 36 14 2.17 731	303		202 192 192 102 103 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 133	2 110	903 530 402 136 96 43 1.79	2 075 42 35	2 092 222 338 338 295 192 240 496 14
,		15 to 24 years	69	25 38 6 6 1.75	8 1 1 1		28.5 20.5 1.0 5.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1	1 303	442 534 209 94 94 13 1189 2 620	1 280 40 23	1 303 105 105 131 131 171 171 222 123 133
-		65 yeors and over	111	468 170 59 4 4 1.27 1 080	708		96 90 13 13 13 13 13 14 14 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	617	539 55 17 6 6 1.07 687	572 45	613 77 78 88 88 126 126 7,72 7,74
		45 to 64 years	789	404 222 130 130 15 1 148	780		25.5 25.5 26.5 26.5 26.5 26.5 26.5 26.5	1 089	852 170 43 19 1.14 1 403	96	1 079 371 166 119 72 72 106 106
do 33.	no wife	35 to 44 years	332	156 68 58 20 20 722 722	332		201 195 173 173 173 173 173 174 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175	478	355 54 28 24 24 1.17	454 16 24	470 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145
		25 to 34 years	300	148 82 56 6 8 8 1.52 556	300		201 180 22 25 45 45 64 21 21 21 15 13 13.5	1 448	839 475 70 40 19 136 2 259	1 427 19 21	1 438 456 305 224 127 100 77 30 30
		15 to 24 years	101	50 18 17 17 1.69 225	107		37.3 37.3 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1 088	640 351 61 10 17 1.35 1.725	1 018 20 70 -	1 082 160 178 178 69 60 60 283 283 283 280 280
		65 years and over	3 908	3 086 587 165 45 2.13 8 922	3 885 28 23		2 910 668 668 117 117 2 20 2 20 2 20 2 20 2 24 2 42 2 43 2 44 2 44 2 44 1 24 1 24 1 24 1 24 1 24	1 039	862 98 33 33 15 2.10	1 027	1 021 248 210 212 212 59 113 55 55 52 50 6
		45 to 64 years	10 187	3 693 2 734 1 960 1 133 667 3.01 34 018	10 124 240 63 10		8 212 5 189 2 189 2 189 2 199 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 263	995 562 388 194 124 2.74 6 847	2 242 161 21 6	2 224 045 365 302 113 59 167 149
-	ᄝᅵ	35 to 44 years	4 427	312 525 1 718 1 271 601 4.30	4 419 155 8		3 915 3 654 1 966 1 966 1 966 227 321 321 261 1 92 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 1	1 226	171 229 413 254 159 4.02 4 835	1 215 227 11 5	1 220 516 257 168 89 89 68 68 24 24
	Warried-c	25 to 34 years	4 027	980 1 036 1 451 444 116 3.50	4 019 46 8		3 433 3 325 7 45 7 45 7 45 7 7 8	2 936	1 081 771 737 239 108 3.00	2 869 191 67 5	2 907 978 775 453 198 161 163 163 179
		15 to 24 years	265	771 61 27 2.25 703	261 - 4		187 187 187 187 35 28 22 22 22 23.7	1 094	621 305 129 39 3,238 2.38	1 062 22 32 -	1 085 354 264 157 157 131 47 45 59 28 18.3
		Tatal	30 298	4 139 10 106 5 814 5 689 3 029 1 521 2.66	30 132 504 166 10		23 493 15 160 15 160 16 160 17 17 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	21 618	7 785 6 740 3 242 2 249 2 249 606 1.95 47 876	21 065 820 553 16	21 377 5 437 3 303 1 924 1 924 1 952 2 884 2 884
	TESTON	Acres one	Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT person persons persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTEO MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	With a mortgage — With a mortg	Renter-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons 1 orlo! persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLO INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 24 percent 35 to 24 percent 36 to 34 percent 56 percent Not computed

Table A -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning or symbols, see introduc-									Femole hou			
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 yeors	65 years ond over	Total	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 years	65 years ond over
Owner compiled housing units	4 139	1 226	50	148	156	404	468	2 913		90	71	903	1 824
Owner-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	4 092	1 211	50	148	156	398		2 881			71	903	1 797
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 092	15	-	-	-	6	459 9	32	25 -	85 5	-	703	27
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more	2 657 1 310	827 330	21 18	114 20	97 48	269 112	326 132	1 830 980		47 23	47 18	582 254	1 143 681
Mobile home or trailer, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	172	69	11	14	11	23	10	103	10	20	6	67	-
Less thon \$5,000	1 153 1 260 389	183 294 117	- 6 5	10 16 17	13 15	39 61 37	134 198 43	970 966 272	5	17 11 26	11 17	169 276 137	762 657 104
\$12,300 to \$14,799	429 494	154 233	23 10	22 56	7 57	75 86	27 24	275 261	4	17 16	6 20	151 110	97 115
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	211 135 46	113 87 34	6	10 - 17	39 11 14	51 41 3	35	98 48 12	_	3	17 - -	39 15 6	39 33 6
\$50,000 or more	\$8 333 \$10 391	\$12 808 \$14 059	\$14 022 \$13 859	\$16 125 \$16 505	\$17 667 \$19 968	11 \$14 667 \$16 433	\$7 101 \$9 289	\$7 164 \$8 847	\$5 750	\$11 635 \$11 065	\$15 625	\$10 119	\$5 893 \$7 807
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$10 371	\$14 039	\$13 037	\$10 303	\$17 700	\$10 433	Φ7 207	φο 047	\$0 JZJ	\$11 003	\$14 089	\$10 379	\$/ 60/
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage	2 505 816	748 393	21 21	109 95	90 90	223 103	305 84	1 757 423	7	47 42	47 36	536 209	1 120 129
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	122 112 140	62 32 39	Ξ	6	13 - 13	15 20 15	28 12 11	60 80 101		-	6	20 54	40 20
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	160 94	94 42	Ξ.	25 12	14 15	28 9	27	66 52	=	6	11	42 32 33	46 17 6
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	114 44 22	61 33 22	10 11 -	23 7 22	12 15 —	16 - -	-	53 11 -		17 6 -	13	23 5 —	=
\$750 or more	8 \$311	8 \$334	\$505	\$414	8 \$367	\$303	\$259 221	\$285		\$41 <u>7</u>	\$327	\$286	\$255
Not mortgoged	1 689 - 22	355 - 5	=	14 - -	Ξ	120 - -	5	1 334 - 17	-	5 - -	11 - -	327 - 5	991 - 12
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	53 202 312	20 48 57	=	- - 8	=	10 _ 26	10 48 23	33 154 255		-	5	16 37	33 133 218
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	618 313	140 52	_	6	_	59 6	75 46	478 261	_	5 -	6	136 89	331 172
\$250 or more	169 \$171	33 \$167	=	\$147	_	19 \$170	14 \$166	136 \$172		\$175	\$154	44 \$189	92 \$165
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs os percentoge of household income in 1979	28.8	26.5	50+	27.7	23.6	18.4	28.2	30.5		44.3	23.8	27.1	31.6
With o mortgoge Not mortgoged Income in 1979 below poverty level	29.5 28.4 545	28.3 25.4 8 0	50+	27.9 14.4 5	23.6	18.4 18.0 39	36.3 26.3 36	31.0 30.4 465	50+ - 11	45.2 37.5 15	27.5 14.6 6	29.5 25.2 148	28.5 32.7 285
Percent below poverty level	13.2	6.5	=	3.4	Ξ	9.7	7.7	16.0	44.0	16.7	8.5	16.4	15.6
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	7 785	3 225	640	839	355	852	539	4 560	442	903	235	1 148	1 832
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	7 454 331	3 001 224	575 65	818 21	348 7	766 86	494 45	4 453 107	430 12	894 9	235	1 103 45	1 791 41
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2	498 1 216	207 431	36 37	47 182	14 46	55 84	55 82	291 785	_ 51	29 171	11 64	95 225	156 274
3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	1 649 1 413 1 836	578 722	119 164	123 184	62 68	168 171	106 135	1 071 691	116 91	217 113	46 25	225 273 241 194	419 221
50 or more	1 129 1 129 44	872 395 20	222 62 -	208 90 5	129 33 3	219 143 12	67 -	964 734 24	140 44 -	261 104 8	75 14 -	120	294 452 16
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	2 348	605	141	62	30	202	170	1 743	166	67	24	325	1 161
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	2 138 1 081 772	812 380 411	201 62 89	159 109 134	33 70 67	150 112 107	269 27 14	1 326 701 361	109 110 21	189 324 142	58 47 43	451 180 98	519 40 57
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	901 306 203	546 256 185	121 7	225 78	81 37	96 117	23 17	355 50 18	36	154 20 7	53 10	70 13 11	42
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	22 14	16 14	19 - -	57 7 8	37 - -	62 - 6	10 9 -	6	Ξ	=	=	_	6
Medion	\$8 503 \$9 554	\$11 286 \$12 059	\$9 353 \$9 958	\$14 170 \$14 776	\$14 160 \$14 496	\$11 652 \$12 635	\$6 219 \$7 806	\$6 878 \$7 783	\$8 333 \$7 661	\$11 508 \$11 498	\$11 888 \$11 536	\$8 102 \$8 197	\$4 328 \$5 241
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	7 736 886	3 215 166	640	837 16	351	852 51	535 94	4 521 720	442 7	903	235	1 140 98	1 801 606
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 123 1 733	475 709	81 105	45 201	47 78	170 244	132 81	648 1 024	22 145	43 202	15 53	194 358	374 266
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	1 886 1 209 476	881 575 227	228 147 57	247 214 71	113 71 23	194 79 45	99 64 31	1 005 634 249	140 93 35	276 248 107	78 57 6	288 99 52	223 137 49
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	79 23 45	32 16 41	6 - 9	21 12 5	- - 3	- - 19	5 4 5	47 7 4	=	11 7 -	14 - -	15	7 - 4
No cosh rent	276 \$200	93 \$211	7 \$220	5 \$231	11 \$217	50 \$188	20 \$165	183 \$188	\$218	\$238	12 \$235	36 \$184	135 \$129
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in	04.3	00.3	07.1	90.5	30.7	00.0	20.4	00.0	02.0	05.4	05.0	00.0	22.4
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	26.1 1 400 18.0	22.1 356 11.0	27.1 112 17.5	20.5 43 5.1	18. 7 1 3 3.7	20.2 137 16.1	30.4 51 9.5	29.2 1 044 22.9	33.0 108 24.4	25.4 51 5.6	25.9 18 7.7	28.9 269 23.4	33.4 598 32.6

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[00,0 0,0 0,00							-,	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	162	44	81	37	Vacant for rent housing units	908	481	350	77
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	19 39	_	16	3 13	1 room	93	65	28	-
4 rooms5 rooms	60	20 7	6 43	10	2 rooms	27 158	16 78	11 59	21
6 rooms	25 19	17 -	8 8	11	4 rooms	389 231	225 97	135 I 107	29 27
8 or more rooms	4.9	4.8	4.9	4.8	6 rooms 7 or more rooms	10	-	10	-
			,		Medion	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.1
PLUMBING FACILITIES	150		01	33	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	158 4	44	81 -	33	Complete plumbing for exclusive use	866	450	339	77
BEDROOMS					Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	42	31	îi	-
None	_	_	_	_	BEDROOMS				
1	19 69	_ 27	16 25	3 17	None	93	65	28	-
3	74	17	40	17	2	207 527	106 283	77 193	24 51
5 or more	=	_	_	_	3	75	23	50	2
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	-	-	-	=
1975 to Morch 1980	25	-	15	10	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1970 to 1974	16 27	- 3	16 18	- 6	1975 to Morch 1980	40	27	11	2
15 to 1959	6 25	10	_ 15	6	1970 to 1974	112 103	80 69	32 24	10
1939 or earlier	63	31	iž	15	1950 to 1959	33 120	24 70	50 50	-
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					1940 to 1949	500	211	224	65
1, detoched or ottoched	88 74	24 20	53 28	11 26	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more Mobile home or troiler	-	-	-	-	1, detoched or ottoched	17	-	7	10
HEATING EQUIPMENT					2 3 ond 4	191 . 261 .	82 165	78 66	31 30
Central heating system	138	44	63 18	31	5 to 9	188 155	86 80	96 75	6
Other meonsNone	24	_	-	6 -	50 or more	96	68	28	-
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	82	24	52	6		000	403	050	
Less thon \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	_	_	_	_	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100	908 81	481 44	350 25	77 12
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	4	_	4	-	\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	276 217	170 91	85 102	21 24
\$40,000 to \$49,999	13 42	7 14	6 28	-	\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	217 87	110 51	105	18
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	14	3	11	-	\$300 to \$399	30	15	15	-
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more	9 -	_	3 -	6	\$400 or more Medion	\$163	\$155	\$175	\$155
Medion	\$53 200	\$51 800	\$53 500	\$85 000					

Table A-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Price osked	Specified	vocont for s	ole only hou	using units			Rent oske	d — Specified	l vocont for	rent housing	units	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollors)
Tatal	82	-	4	13	65	-	53 200	908	81	493	304	30	-	163
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive useLocking complete plumbing for exclusive use	82 -	=	4 -	13	65	Ξ	53 200	866 42	81 —	451 42	304 -	30	Ξ	168 153
BEDROOMS														
None12	- 4 25	Ξ	-	- - 13	- 4	-	77 500 49 800	93 207 527	6 26 42	64 109 271	23 72 184	- 30	Ξ	178 162 158
3	25 53	Ξ	4	-	12 49	=	54 500	75	7	45 4	23	-	Ξ	161
5 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	<u>-</u>	=	-	-	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974	14	_	4	-	10	Ξ	77 100	40 112	7	20 16	20 77	12	_	180 236
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	27	_	_	6	21	Ξ	53 100	103	5	40 15	50 18	8 -	_	210 219
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	9 32	Ξ	_	7	9 25	_	59 500 51 800	120 500	27 42	64 338	19 120	10	=	124 152
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detoched or attoched 2 or more	82	-	4	13	65	-	53 200	17 891	5 76	10 483	2 302	30	-	153 165
Mobile home or troiler			:::	•••				-	/ <u>-</u>	403	-	-		-

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Intraduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Intraduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Oata are estimat	tes based on	a sample, see	Intraduction.	. Far meanin	g at symbals,	see Intraduc	ctian. For del	initions of ter	ms, see appen	dixes A ond B)		
New Britain city	Tatal	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 ta \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$59,999	\$60,000 ta \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 ta \$149,999	\$150,000 ar mare	Median (dallars)	Meon (dallars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	8 027	6	98	443	1 349	2 171	1 826	1 589	363	151	31	49 800	52 600
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Femole householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 46 years and over Medion oge	5 799 30 771 680 2 950 1 368 600 32 41 35 222 270 1 628 20 61 126 592 829 58.4	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	555 	235 288 102 105 69 27 42 139 5 6 7 7 74 65.0	876 - 78 644 475 259 121 21 445 444 352 - 152 205 61.4	1 558 5 5 224 1911 684 454 136 112 7 7 48 48 477 8 29 9 25 178 237 59.3	1 399 12 218 193 670 306 114 - 12 - 43 59 313 - 13 50 108 142 56.8	1 225 13 224 144 668 176 97 7 7 28 455 267 7 7 13 3 29 90 128 55.5	322 - 18 322 2177 555 25 12 12 13 16 	109 - 9 17 77 6 20 - 13 7 22 - 15 17 51.9	20 	51 000 58 000 53 300 51 700 51 800 47 300 46 100 42 500 58 500 47 100 47 300 46 800 43 100 43 100 45 400 45 400 46 400	54 000 57 800 55 100 54 100 55 500 50 100 42 500 42 500 43 500 43 500 44 200 48 800 44 200 48 500 53 000 51 200 64 500
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 ta 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 ta 1969 1959 ar earlier	377 984 923 2 239 3 504		- 5 27 66	7 14 37 95 290	27 118 122 374 708	86 316 212 587 970	125 236 208 556 701	112 233 231 412 601	11 43 55 124 130	9 17 36 57 32	- 7 17 7 -	55 300 51 500 53 400 50 500 47 300	57 100 55 800 59 200 53 700 48 800
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	27 802 1 997 3 019 1 196 986 5.9	- - - - 6 - 7.0	24 31 31 - 12 5.3	13 131 151 124 14 10 5.0	310 385 462 136 56 5.4	185 696 1 049 166 75 5.7	7 126 476 710 325 182 5.9	7 26 201 600 402 353 6.4	- 38 43 106 176 7.4	- 12 - 34 105 8.3	- 7 7 17 8.5+	50 400 37 200 47 000 48 400 58 000 66 400	43 800 39 100 47 800 49 700 60 800 72 800
BEDROOMS Nane	7 221 2 320 3 981 1 240 258	- - - 6 - -	- 62 24 12 -	7 20 227 176 13	67 493 612 159 18	65 696 1 159 227 24	57 499 899 333 38	- 12 277 910 309 81	- 53 155 99 56	- 6 33 82 30	- 7 7 7 6 11	26 300 44 100 46 500 50 100 54 900 67 100	26 300 43 800 46 900 52 400 60 400 78 400
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	81 144 1 069 3 281 1 334 2 118	- - - - - - 6	- 8 35 27 28	- 16 162 160 105	8 - 103 582 273 383	17 5 250 972 398 529	23 23 282 850 183 465	28 59 220 571 252 459	33 117 75 29 109	5 12 66 27 12 29	- 12 7 7 - 5	54 600 73 300 54 500 49 000 45 000 50 100	60 100 86 500 61 800 50 200 47 300 52 600
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median	416 800 480 430 1 191 1 462 1 762 1 038 448 \$22 137 \$24 891	- 6 	- 15 - 18 23 24 5 13 - \$18 056 \$19 229	40 89 53 43 56 74 66 22 - \$14 797 \$16 262	120 214 64 88 265 186 302 80 30 \$17 750 \$19 486	116 233 146 137 400 468 410 196 65 \$20 469 \$21 431	95 133 122 87 232 338 520 256 43 \$23 513 \$24 507	45 79 89 40 184 312 354 132 \$25 903 \$29 656			5 6 - 20 \$54 482 \$59 307	44 100 43 400 48 300 46 200 47 000 49 600 51 500 54 800 71 700	45 100 46 100 48 300 47 200 48 100 51 300 53 000 59 000 81 300
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With o mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or mare Not computed Median Not mortgaged. Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or mare Not mortgaged. Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or mare Not computed Median	4 150 1 391 957 613 425 236 507 21 18.5 3 877 1 118 1 000 584 264 281 130 474 26 14.0	6 17.5	39 22 5 12 - - 13.6 59 10 14 14 15 6 - - 17.0	155 63 21 1 33 26 7 5 18.5 288 47 103 45 10 41 1 41 1 42 1	517 210 99 99 74 477 222 51 14 17.1 832 253 178 87 65 71 17 29 134 44	1 121 33.4 262 158 108 110 142 7 7 19.3 1 050 267 277 277 173 79 90 44 125	1 027 300 273 170 136 23 125 - 18.9 9 799 227 226 131 43 34 43 34 104 11 13.7	962 316 236 116 86 700 138 18.5 627 214 168 83 45 26 34 57	202 955 466 322 5 – 244 – 15.7 161 75 377 29 7 7 13	102 44 15 5 17 4 17 - 17.3 49 19 2 2 16 - 12	25 7 - 13 - 5 22.1 6 6 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	51 900 51 500 52 600 51 400 51 900 61 870 55 200 36 500 47 400 49 400 47 400 48 100 48 300 45 600 60 34 300 45 600 60 34 300	55 500 55 700 55 700 55 400 54 000 53 500 59 200 37 000 49 500 49 500 49 900 49 900 47 100 42 300 42 300
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or mare persons per roam Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or mare persons per room Hearing equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent belaw poverty level	8 022 155 5 8 027 7 722 4 935 281 262 3.3	6 :	98 - - 98 73 44 6 -	443 10 	1 349 55 - 1 349 1 311 796 13 82 6.1	2 166 36 5 2 171 2 077 1 316 44 74 3.4	1 826 20 - 1 826 1 764 1 167 39 41 2.2	1 589 15 - 1 589 1 560 1 080 71 41 2.6	363 12 - - 363 357 223 57	151 - - 151 147 90 45 - -	31 7 - 31 26 19 6 -	49 800 42 800 42 500 	52 600 56 300 42 500 52 600 52 800 53 600 76 800 44 600

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes bosed on o somple, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimot	res bosed on o	somple, see In	troduction. Fo	or meoning of s	symbols, see Ir	ntroduction. Fo	or definitions of	terms, see op	pendixes A on	d 8]	
New Britain city	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Medion (doliors)
Specified renter-occupied hausing units	16 213	862	1 689	3 650	4 303	3 119	î 541	368	206	61	414	219
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	6 315	100	418	1 369	1 860	1 364	726	204	120	9	145	232
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	774 2 047	17	85 81	193 330	208 661	142 555 137	110 295	13 89	13 11	_	10 8	228 245
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	912 1 822	8 30	26 104	212 417	337 458	137 415	103 189	32 54	39 57	6	12 95	232 230
65 yeors and over	760 3 503	45 139	122 515	217 805	196 944	115 685	29 200	16 51	27	22	95 20 115	198 211
15 to 24 years	818 1 021	4 20	78	121 259	270 276	246 242	61 71	24	15	16	7 18	231 221
25 to 34 years	360	5	93 54	89	118	56	10	22	12 -	6	6	214
45 to 64 yeors65 years ond over	825 479	54 56	158 132	249 87	182 98	86 55	32 26	_ 5	=	-	64 20	182 166
Female householder, no husband present	6 395 1 051	623 58	756 29	1 476 246	1 499 276	1 070 243	615 132	113 12	59 28	30 22	154 5	209 233
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 603 704	42 17	73 77	365 125	467 199	360 149	257 91	9 39	26	4	7	234 234
45 to 64 yeors65 yeors ond over	1 510 1 527	120 386	245 332	453 287	356 201	190 128	84 51	39 14	5	- 4	18 124	193
Median age	38.2	69.7	56.9	40.9	34.9	32.6	31.7	38.1	34.2	23.7	59.3	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	5 222	142	420	890	1 415	1 238	716	189	100	58	54	220
1975 to 1978	5 444	301	455	1 217	1 619	1 056	532	129	84	- 1	51	239 223 207
1970 to 1974	2 224 1 845	187 193	252 277	548 499	653 411	356 282	140 105	35 12	8 -	3 -	42 66	194
1959 or eorlier	1 478	39	285	496	205	187	48	3	14	-	201	187
ROOMS 1 room	553	97	130	183	68	65	10	_	-	_	_	161
2 rooms3 rooms	871 3 109	253 209	151 436	165 694	153 960	109 582	28 159	6	7	_ 25	6 37	165 209
4 rooms5 rooms	5 712 4 832	188 83	592 345	1 543 869	1 579 1 315	1 051 1 132	529 648	101 193	34 92	20 7	75 148	215 240
6 rooms	882 254	27	17 18	182 14	211	152	124 43	54 14	51 22	- 9	64 84	241 303
Medion	4.1	2.9	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.6	4.9	5.2	3.8	5.1	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979												
All income levels in 1979	16 213	862	1 689	3 650 3 540	4 303	3 119	1 541	368	206	61	414	219
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	15 813 9 269	841 564	1 595 1 108	2 091	4 243 2 353	3 045 1 775	1 530 831	368 165	196 74	61 10	394 298	220 214
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	5 813 607	257 13	432 43	1 284 118	1 675 192	1 154 111	623 66	172 31	94 23 5	26 10	96 -	225 239
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	124 400	7 21	12 94	47 110	23 60	5 74	10 11	_	5 10	15	20	198 187
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	215 175	12	25 69	57 48	46 14	47 27	6	_	10	_	15 5	207 154
1.01 to 1.50	5	=	= 1	5			_ 5	_	-	-		195 325
Income in 1979 below poverty level	2 823	399	288	673	610	432	239	31	42		84	201
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 705 237	383 7	268 26	641 68	601 59	409 18	228 18	31	42 16	25 25 25	77	202 218
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	118 5	16	20	32	9 -	23	11 5	_	-	-	7	166 325
BEDROOMS												
None1	601 4 597	97 466	130 669	212 1 052	82 1 304	70 777	10 225	11	7	4	- 82	164 202
² 3	7 901 2 802	202 79	714 162	1 863 464	2 145 727	1 640 600	859 415	204 129	83 83	41 13	150 130	225 243
45 or more	282 30	18	14	59	45 -	26 6	27 5	19 5	33	3	38 14	219 320
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detoched or ottoched2	972 3 008	135	206	79 646	193 692	157 693	143 354	12 136	60 83	3 13	146 147	240 239
3 ond 4 5 to 9	4 564 3 747	36 189	481 627	1 244 1 159	1 412 1 227	878 338	329 94	136 102 52	26 23	4	147 52 26 20 23	215 196
10 to 49 50 or more	2 340 1 558	124 340	159 172	346 176	632 141	338 755 290	241 370	52 20 46	23 14	12 29	20 23	243
Mobile home or troiler, etc.	24	-	- '-	-	6	8	10	-	-	-		231 294
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	284	6	13	45	14	96	83	15	5	7	_	283
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	1 518 3 193	151 227	58 129	143 385	307 1 002	429 821	339 372	43 88	24 71	6 38	18 60	260 242
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	1 522 1 986	101 103	160 125	340 421	430	275	107	43 60	17 13	10	49 40	219 223
1939 or eorlier	7 710	274	1 204	2 316	630 1 920	411 1 087	173 467	119	76	-	247	199
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3	14 067	600	1 495	3 308	3 896	2 645	1 164	323	195	56	385	217
4 or moreWith elevotor	2 146 1 528	262 262	194	342 176	407 198	474 335	377 348	45 45	11	5	29 29	234
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	1 320	202	130	170	170	333	340	43	١		2,	240
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	4 339	211	685	1 254	1 211	628	279	55	13	3		201
15 to 19 percent	2 669 2 508	128	249 157	571 471	785 706	580 550	261 220	56 67	32 67	7 6	•••	228
25 to 29 percent	1 451 948	264 79 50	158	311 172	374	272 256	196 115	48	13	5	:::	225 223 236 224 232
35 to 49 percent	1 494	68	100 171	309	230 363	302	166	20 72	22	21	:::	224
50 percent or more Not computed	2 235 569	49 13	146	514 48	602 32	523 8	273 31	50	59	19	414	196
MedionSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	21.6	21.6	18.0	19.8	21.0	23.2	24.9	25.6	24.3	38.2		
Heating equipment Central heating system	16 095 12 012	8 62 741	1 615 853	3 622 2 171	4 293 3 281	3 113 2 703	1 541 1 360	368 338	206 195	61 54	414 316	219 232
Air conditioning Centrol system	6 677 334	249	484 26	1 320 16	1 727 43	1 488 148	904 65	183	99	23 12	200 12	232 234 269
	334		20	10	43	146	0.3		J	12	12	207

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B] Household income in 1979											1]	
													Income in
New Britain city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	12 182	811	1 410	717	796	1 926	1 965	2 549	1 401	607	20 990	23 426	483
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple fomilies	8 303	114	542	427	453	1 312	1 582	2 138	1 214	521	23 994	27 026	115
15 to 24 years	B5 1 106	5	5 B	5 29	37	26 273	19 374	30 304	67	9	21 625 22 157	21 590 23 555	13
25 to 34 years	926	_	11	27	73	97	224	296	147	51	25 73B	2B 002	- 1
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	4 207 1 979	23 86	14B 370	117 249	176 167	547 369	726 239	1 200 30B	B63 137	407 54	2B 187 16 71B	31 552 19 120	23 79
Male householder, na wife present	1 056 62	115	180 6	96 5	104 16	1 80 29	133	108	99	41	15 842 15 588	19 393 14 753	50 5
25 to 34 years	99 121	15	13	4 7	11 14	35 26	11 32	6 12	10	7 11	17 437 20 069	20 962	10
35 to 44 years	340	1B	41	32	40	62	34	53	44	16	1B 017	26 579 21 670	1B
65 years and over	434 2 823	82 582	120 688	4B 194	23 239	2B 434	50 250	37 303	39 88	45	10 7B1 11 823	15 910 14 346	17 318
15 to 24 years	2B 112	11 22	8 11	5 12	4 13	26	9	13	- 6	-	8 43B 14 615	7 235 15 414	11 27
35 to 44 years	171 962	11 B5	17 15B	4 95	113	42 1B1	22 137	59 131	7 29	33	20 625 15 75B	20 444 17 926	17 85
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	1 550	453	494	7B	100	1B5	B2	100	46	12	7 492	11 503	17B
Median age	58.7	73.5	69.9	65.6	61.1	58.1	54.2	54.7	55.1	54.2	•••	•••	67.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	700	24	15	£3	0.4	104	1/1	170	(0	00	21 045	02 740	00
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978	720 1 5 42	24 22	15 71	51 27	84 73	124 351	161 333	170 410	69 179	22 76	21 845 22 913	23 749 26 296	28 17
1970 to 1974	1 475 2 947	51 93	118 26B	66 215	6B 172	223 402	321 4B7	346 6B1	215 411	67 21B	23 256 23 072	25 366 26 21B	40 71
1959 or earlier	5 49B	621	93B	35B	399	B26	663	942	527	224	17 550	20 561	327
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 068 249	804	1 379	717	786	1 909 55	1 953 50	2 530 70	1 401 39	589 35	21 009 27 437	23 437 32 B73	483
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	114	7	31	=	10	17	12	19	-	18	17 045	22 203	_
1.01 or more persons per room	10 12 166	811	1 410	717	796	1 920	1 965	2 543	1 397	607	40 000 20 986	47 445 23 421	483
Centrol heating system	11 229 7 165	719 321	1 211 537	651 306	689 475	1 774 1 211	1 841 1 275	2 406 1 588	1 343 984	595 468	21 441 22 686	23 B53 25 792	43B 190
Centrol system	537 11 070	17 440	14 948	13 644	11 734	B3 1 868	B4 1 919	103 2 514	126 1 396	86 607	29 279 22 127	34 979 24 932	11 327
1	4 495	367	741	508	47B	9B4	55B	611	199	49	15 659	17 21B	24B
2 or more	6 575 12 166	73 811	207 1 410	136 717	256 796	884 1 920	1 361 1 965	1 903 2 543	1 197 1 397	55B 607	26 573 20 986	30 205 23 421	79 483
Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	4 741 27	285	537	299	317 5	662 11	758 6	996	558	329	21 761 16 932	24 946 21 852	169
Electricity	409	19	41	23	23	49	60	127	45	22	23 542	25 984	19
Fuel oil, kerosene, etcOther	6 904 85	507	B32	395	431 20	1 173 25	1 134 7	1 404 16	777 12	251 5	20 433 19 750	22 193 26 231	290 5
Median rooms	5.5	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.6	5.7	6.1	6.7	•••	• • • •	5.1
Specified owner-occupied housing units	8 027	416	800	480	430	1 191	1 462	1 762	1 038	448	22 137	24 891	262
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mortgage	4 150 103	101	155 13	175 6	239 13	601 20	882 40	1 156 5	601 6	240	24 529 19 911	27 386 19 323	97
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	465 595	22 39	23 35	46 27	3B 49	B1 6B	105 109	112 166	3B B9	13	21 27B 23 495	21 124 23 B29	27 34
\$300 to \$349	770	14	57	36	19	123	151	223	93	54 7	24 303	26 44B	14
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	531 966	17	7 15	31 18	12 77	71 164	142 215	181 259	71 159	42	24 6BB 23 523	26 418 27 999	13
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	427 1B9	Ξ	_	11	1B 13	36 30	87 17	112 66	107 26	56 37	26 793 29 B30	33 136 35 120	_
\$750 or more Medion	104 \$363	\$2B7	\$306	\$312	\$352	8 \$356	16 \$363	32 \$370	12 \$402	31 \$507	25 536	52 256	_ \$2B2
Not mortgaged	3 877	315	645	305	191	590	580	606	437	208	19 080	22 221	165
Less thon \$50 \$50 to \$74	-	=			=		_			_		_	-
\$75 to \$99	3B	_	17	16	=	5	Ξ	_	Ξ.	-	10 313	10 254	_
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	164 340	49 60	61 65	20 46	5 29	B 57	45	21 26	12	Ξ	B 000 12 446	10 20B 13 944	18 16
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 256 1 143	10B 53	2B0 105	65 121	65 70	220 216	175 172	199 222	119 124	25 60	17 993 20 153	1B 987 22 650	69 44
\$250 or more Medion	936 \$206	45 \$172	117 \$1B2	37 \$202	22 \$197	84 \$201	188 \$220	138 \$213	182 \$235	123 \$250+	24 29B	31 634	18 \$185
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	\$200	\$172	\$162	\$202	\$177	\$201	\$220	\$213	\$233	\$230+	•••	•••	\$103
With a mortgage	4 150	101	155	175	239	601	882	1 156	601	240	24 529	27 386	97
Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent	1 391 957	Ξ	=	- 6	13 24	37 105	177 271	487 414	460 121	217 16	34 616 26 192	39 679 27 477	_
20 to 24 percent	613 425	=	13	21 39	63 19	144 135	213 141	152 71	13	7	21 392 20 159	22 46B 19 959	7
30 to 34 percent	236	-	13	39 32 77	28	99	54	10	-	-	16 630	16 946	_
35 percent or moreNot computed	507 21	B0 21	129	_	92 -	81	26 -	22 _	_	Ξ	11 445 2500—	11 656	69 21
Medion	18.5	50+	45.5	33.4	30.1	25.5	19.9	16.1	12.3	10-			50+
Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent	3 877 1 118	315	645	305	191 5	590 34	580 109	606 39B	437 370	208 202	19 080 35 230	22 221 40 B20	165
10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent	1 000 584	Ξ	16 47	47 82	44 10B	305 195	33B 121	183 25	61	6	21 05B 15 996	22 OB3 16 33B	_
20 to 24 percent	264 281	Ξ	7B 194	106 70	19 10	49 7	12	-	-	-	11 274	12 001 B 924	-
25 to 29 percent	130	24	101	-	5	-	_	_	-	_	B 514 6 708	7 160	-
35 percent or more Not computed	474 26	265 26	209	Ξ	Ξ	_	Ξ	_	_	_	4 667 2500—	4 817	139 26
Medion	14.0	50+	29.7	21.1	17.2	14.3	12.7	10-	10	10-	•••		50+

Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes bosed on o somple, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	Household income in 1979												
New Britain city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	16 357	2 915	3 479	1 896	1 638	2 678	1 692	1 543	401	115	12 353	14 044	2 874
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families 15 to 24 yeors	6 366 774	305 33	888 142	735 108	583 92	1 400 161	1 131 153	1 001 78	281 7	42	17 301 15 273	18 136 15 682	444 37
25 to 34 yeors	2 057 912	111 47	178 105	201 76	173 97	553 177	443 207	326 155	63 42	9 6	18 110 18 935	18 423 18 861	150 115
45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over Male hausehalder, na wife present	1 847 776 3 523	61 53 537	193 270 817	184 166 378	165 56 445	393 116 603	276 52 305	387 55 298	161 8 79	27 - 61	19 120 10 979 12 666	20 673 12 935 14 516	101 41 465
15 to 24 yeors	818 1 029	133 54	231 189	104 87	113	135 249	65 91	24 139	33	13 21	11 082 15 231	13 435 17 327	192 67
35 to 44 yeors	360 833	30 196	30 130	63 98	52 86	69 120	26 113	53 63	17 20	20 7	15 417 12 309	18 302 13 741	21 145
65 yeors and overFemale househalder, na husband present	483 6 468	124 2 073	237 1 774	783	610	30 675	10 256	19 244 20	9 41	12	6 813 8 210	8 872 9 760	1 965
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	1 051 1 621 727	367 368 138	250 420 220	140 326 72	203 108	176 137 120	42 72 24	83 30	12 8	5 - 7	8 267 10 173 10 191	9 759 10 768 11 510	452 489 241
35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over	1 527 1 542	365 835	424 460	190 55	175 80	180 62	106 12	80 31	7		9 776 4 745	11 119 6 530	339 444
Median age	38.3	54.7	43.8	34.6	35.8	34.1	34.5	39.1	47.1	39.3	•••	•••	35.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	5 245	1 038	1 061	662	599	778	515	455	92	45	11 977	13 590	1 248
1975 to 1978	5 472 2 239 1 892	834 428 348	1 147 463 431	658 228 206	513 211 209	992 444 204	595 244 241	594 164 178	104 40 62	35 17 13	12 973 12 506 12 027	14 441	885 327
1960 to 1969	1 509	267	377	142	106	260	97	152	103	5	11 945	14 161 14 680	238 176
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	15 951	2 784	3 395	1 851	1 609	2 622	1 663	1 511	401	115	12 426	14 130	2 750
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	9 342 5 875	1 817 901	2 217 1 062	1 210 538	894 645	1 484 979	845 766	717 710	117 208	41 66	11 316 14 192	12 891 15 665	1 287 1 223
1.01 to 1.50	610 124	54 12	96 20	68 35	54 16	131 28	47 5	84	68 8	8 -	16 231 12 143	18 462 13 417	193 47
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	406 215 181	131 81 50	84 41 38	45 26 19	29 6 23	56 34 17	29 16 13	32 11 21	=	Ξ	9 400 8 550 10 329	10 695 9 779 11 586	124 68 51
1.01 to 1.50	5	-	- 5	-	- - -	5	- -	- -	=	=	18 750 8 750	19 010 9 535	5
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS			·										
Heating equipment Centrol heoting system	16 239 12 128	2 879 2 153	3 449 2 440	1 884 1 267	1 631 1 243	2 670 2 073	1 679 1 350	1 531 1 207	401 316	11 5 79	12 377 12 910	14 066 14 339	2 846 2 087
Air conditioning	6 723 346	743 69	1 230 104	687 8	633 42	1 296 53	936 27	907 43	239	52	15 252 10 000	16 235 12 636	624 59
Vehicles available	12 645 7 637 5 008	1 074 863 211	2 371 1 882 489	1 642 1 347 295	1 474 1 041 433	2 489 1 422 1 067	1 643 644 999	1 496 364 1 132	355 38 317	101 36 65	14 595 11 992 20 044	16 019 12 800 20 927	1 348 933 415
Hause heating fuel	16 239 8 409	2 879 1 306	3 449 1 872	1 884 1 077	1 631 804	2 670 1 356	1 679 912	1 531 802	401 226	115 54	12 377 12 383	14 066 14 210	2 846 1 394
Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity	239 2 079	46 503	46 401	47 273	13 232	50 250	15 179	22 177	42	22	11 463 11 241	12 451 12 903	39 425
Fuel oit, kerosene, etc Other Median rooms	5 463 49 4.1	1 014 10 3.7	1 123 7 4.0	472 15 4.1	575 7 4.1	1 008 6 4.3	573 - 4.4	526 4 4.6	133 4.7	39 - 4.3	13 033 11 250	14 377 11 722	978 10 4.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	16 213	2 869	3 449	1 880	1 622	2 656	1 686	1 543	393	115	12 378	14 072	2 823
CONTRACT RENT	10 213	2 007	3 447	1 000	1 022	2 030	1 000	1 343	373	113	12 3/0	14 0/2	2 023
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149	2 737 4 645	995 789	688 1 108	248 604	161 484	274 753	198 418	128 410	32 63	13 16	7 610 11 761	10 155 13 184	714 838
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	4 265 2 561	552 320	850 441	504 286	498 285	722 510	508 358	446 300	144 53	41 8	13 637 14 548	15 295 15 639	602 357
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	1 021 463	82 22	214 61	127 67	128 14	189 126	103 52	139 64	39 36	21	14 209 17 482	15 713 20 227	133 51
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	19 63 25	9	4 14 5	Ξ	12	- 15	12 - 5	18 -	7	3	22 292 14 271 18 750	19 827 20 491 17 099	19 25
No cosh rent	414 \$155	100 \$129	64 \$145	44 \$156	40 \$162	67 \$168	32 \$169	35 \$170	19 \$178	13 \$169	12 443	15 291	84 \$142
GROSS RENT					,	,			,				
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149	862 1 689	559 423	145 533	62 171	29 161	29 193	7 129	23 66	8	- 5	4 264 8 788	6 335 10 581	399 288
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	3 650 4 303	663 568	970 792	486 631	295 500	549 775	306 519	293 404	61 93	27 21	10 988 13 302	12 817 14 676	673 610
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	3 119 1 541 368	372 157 18	543 278 71	312 119 33	416 135 24	633 300 82	370 224 40	380 230 61	73 91 20	20 7 19	14 498 16 206 17 885	15 790 17 223 20 153	432 239 31
\$500 or more	206 61	9	40 13	22	10 12	13 15	54 5	45	13 7	3	21 607 18 417	20 153 19 738 21 016	42 25
No cosh rent	414 \$219	100 \$177	64 \$203	44 \$214	40 \$232	67 \$236	32 \$236	35 \$246	19 \$262	13 \$240	12 443	15 291	84 \$201
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less thon 15 percent	4 339 2 669	19 34	48 287	171 350	254 426	909 999	1 106 440	1 363 126	367 7	102 -	23 423 16 167	24 678 16 103	60 62
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	2 508 1 451 948	247 114	454 565	581 381	587 242	517 149	103	19 -	Ξ	-	12 380 10 305 8 761	12 235 10 167 8 656	166 150 131
30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more	1 494 2 235	98 340 1 762	549 1 025 457	245 98 10	51 16 6	15	5 - -	Ξ	Ξ	=	6 620 3 494	6 880 3 507	335 1 680
Not computed Medion	569 21.6	255 50+	64 33.1	44 23.4	40 20.9	67 16.9	32 13.3	35 11.1	19 10—	13 10—	7 379	11 126	239 50+
													-

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]												
New Britain city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 ta \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 ta \$499	\$500 ta \$599	\$600 ta \$749	\$750 ar more	Median (dollars)	
Specified owner-occupied housing units	4 150	103	465	595	770	531	966	427	189	104	363	
PERSONS IN UNIT	318 1 103	33 18	59 179	58 228	53 166	30 127	67 182	11 119	7 41	- 42	308 338	
2 persons 3 persons 4 persons	883 985	14	130 74	142 101	176 183	124	197 272	68 144	10	43 22 15	344 397	
5 persons	528 160	19	17	47 13	115 55	86 11	163 30	36 29	40 10	5 12	388 403	
7 persons8 or more persons	98 75	_	_ 6	6	22	13 18	18 37	20	12 14	7	422 451	
Median	3.24	2.54	2.47	2.58	3.44	3.38	3.64	3.61	4.16	2.91	•••	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	3 324	50	334	452	613	436	793	380	182	84	374	
15 ta 24 years 25 to 34 years	30 764	=	- 14	18	93	104	341	17 131	6 46	7	588 441	
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	566 1 667	19 25	9 261	38 317	136 309	72 233	167 253	77 141	36 80	12 48	404 337	
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	297 239	6 27	50 19	79 11	75 56	27 28	32 65	14 19	14 7	7	309 362	
15 ta 24 years 25 to 34 years	32 41	_	- 6	- 6	7	_ 5	21 10	11	7	_	438 365 342	
35 to 44 years	35 101	8	7	- - 5	21 28	7 16	7 27	8	_	7	373	
65 years and averFemale householder, no husband present	30 587	19 26	112 5	132 7	101	67	108	28	Ξ	13	189 312 257	
15 to 24 years	12 56 103	6	_	- 7	12 21	9	29 30	_ _ 14	_	-	402 342	
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and aver	292 124	13	27 55 25	61 57	62	47 7	34 15	7 7	=	13	314 276	
Median age	50.2	60.4	57.6	56.4	51.Ö	49.9	38.1	40.3	44.9	50.2		
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	244				12	32	158	88	24	24	475	
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	346 889 686	10	16 11	19 55	13 125 152	146 142	348 161	143 96	26 67 42	24 25 17	475 430	
1960 to 1969	1 375 854	47 46	175 263	320 196	324 156	160 51	208 91	70 30	40 14	31	430 390 322 280	
ROOMS	034		200	170	130	31	~	30	,,,	ĺ í	200	
1 to 3 raams	7 226	_	_	_ 41	_ 54	_ 31	22	17	7	-	675	
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	1 004 1 491	28 52 11	33 228 137	224 208 87	137 325 178	133 210	154 382	62 168	7 29	7 21	310 300	
7 rooms8 or more rooms	770 652	12	36 31 5.4	87 35	178 76	79 78	218 190	74 106	60 86	26 50	365 396 454	
Median	6.1	5.0	5.4	35 5.7	6.1	6.0	6.3	6.3	7.4	7.4		
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	75		8			13	39	10		5	427	
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	98 700	- 8	65	72	28 123	13 141	16 147	18	11 43	12 40	436 379	
1950 to 1959	1 582 552	45 31	266 37	316 49	313 121	232 45	255 133	107 102	34 19	14 15	326 392	
1939 or eorlier	1 143	19	89	158	185	87	376	129	82	18	408	
VALUE Less than \$10,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			_		
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 ta \$29,999	39 155	47	15	19	5 .	Ξ	- 6	14	=	-	262 263	
\$30,000 ta \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	517 1 121	27 24	23 104 194	29 110 174	36 128 228	40 131	89 287	13 77	6	- - 6	263 307 337	
\$50,000 ta \$59,999 \$60,000 ta \$79,999	1 027 962	5	98 31	180 77	160 179	131 171 170	245 270	129	44 66	30	372 406	
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	202 102	_	-	6 -	29 5	19 -	58 11	134 37 23	40 20	13 43	481 690	
\$150,000 or more	\$51 900	\$33 800	\$45 700	\$48 300	\$49 500	\$55 700	\$53 300	\$57 800	\$71 500	\$102 800	744	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												
Less than 15 percent	1 391 957	78 12	278 82	300 118	275 239	144 165	191 216	80 91	28 27	17 7	307 358	
20 to 24 percent	613 425	13	82 35 25	76 14	239 95 54 20 78	121 33	167 168	65 79	42 32	12 7	392 447	
30 to 34 percent	236 507	_	6 34	13 67	20 78	27 41	97 127	56 56	7 53	10 51	436 428	
Nat camputed Medion	21 18.5	13.0	5 13.8	7 14.8	17.2	18.7	22.3	23.3	24.7	34.5	289	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS												
Steam ar hat water system	4 150 2 487	103 42	465 217	595 367	770 425 281	531 347	966 640	427 271	189 133	104 45	363 378	
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	1 301 159	36	220 6	205 17	24	120 43	250 46	95 11	51 5	43 7	334 388	
Floor, wall, or pipeless fumace Other means	46 157 2 801	10 15 72	6 16 359	6 436	8 32 475	5 16 405	5 25 611	12 38 286	110	9 47	344 380 357	
Air conditioning Central system 1 ar mare individual room units	200 2 601	72	11 348	15 421	34 441	21 384	53 558	24 262	10 10 100	32 15	440 352	
House heating fuel	4 150 1 584	103 72	465 203	595 146	770 349	531 185	966 353	427 155	189 56	104 65	363 356	
Bottled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity	11 182	_	6	17	24	43	11 64	11	10	- 7	425	
Fuel ail, kerasene, etc Other	2 335 38	31 -	252 4	426 6	392 5	287 16	538	254 7	123	32	362 363	

Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions af terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Data are estimate:	s bosed on a sam	Jie, see illifodocii	on. Tur meoning	or symbols, see i	I	Jerminons di Term	is, see appendixes	A dila bi	
New Britain city	Tatal	Less than \$50	\$50 ta \$74	\$75 ta \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 ta \$149	\$150 ta \$199	\$200 ta \$249	\$250 ar mare	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	3 877			38	164	340	1 256	1 143	936	206
	3 6//	-	Ī	36	104	340	1 230	1 143	730	200
PERSONS IN UNIT	780	. <u>_</u>	_	10	79	144	289	134	124	177
2 persons	1 937		-	14	78	163	605	637	440	209
3 persons 4 persons	630 335	_	_	5	7	22	217 103	193 105	197 100	219 218
5 persons	152 28	-	-	-	-	- 4	35	74	43 17	228
6 persons 7 persons	8	= 1	=	=	_	- 4	7 –	Ξ	8	250 + 250 +
8 or mare persons	7 2.10	_	_	2.14	1.54	1.66	2.06	2.19	7 2.28	250+
	2.10			2.1.4	1.04	1.00	1.00	2.17	2.20	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	2 475			28	49	108	803	857	630	215
Married-couple families	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 003	-	-	-
25 to 34 years 35 ta 44 years	7 114		_	_	_	- 6	25	66	7 17	250+ 220
45 ta 64 years	1 283 1 071	-	-	28	6	38	426	464	349 257	218
65 years and aver Mole householder, no wife present	361	_	_	10	43 39	64 56	352 134	327 38	84	207 178
15 to 24 years	_	Ξ				_	-	_	_	
25 ta 34 yeors 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	-	-	-	-	-		_	, ,	-	-
45 to 64 years65 years and over	121 240	_	=	10	39	19 37	61 73	16 22	25 59	184 173
Female householder no husband present	1 041	_	-	- '	76 8	176	319	248	222	192 113
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	5	-	-	-	-	=	5	-		175
35 to 44 years	23 300	_	-	_	-	7 27	102	102	12 69	250+ 210
03 years and over	705 65.6	-	-	73.9	68 76.8	142 70.9	212 65.2	142 63.5	141 64.7	184
Medion age	03.0	_	-	73.7	70.0	70.7	03.2	03.3	64.7	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									_	
1979 to March 1980	31 95	_	_		Ξ	16	6 24	18 16	39	226 223
1970 ta 1974	237 864	-	-	7 31	_ 24	13 31	56 272	92 251	69 255	223 223 215
1960 to 1969	2 650	Ξ	-	31	140	280	898	766	566	200
ROOMS										
1 ta 3 rooms	20	_	_	7	_	-	13	_ :	_	162
4 raams	576 993	-	-	17 5	57 52	88 104	13 253	85	76 137	162 175 196 209 239
5 raams 6 raoms	1 528	Ξ	=	_	49	107	365 508	330 535	329	209
7 raams 8 ar mare raams	426 334		-	9	6	30 11	57 60	143 50	181 213	239 250 +
Median	5.7	- 1	-	4.2	5.0	5.3	5.5	5.8	6.3	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	6	-	-	-	_	_	6	-	_	175
1970 to 1974	46 369		_	- 17	- 16	12	5 90	13 84	28 150	250 + 229
1950 ta 1959	1 699	-	-	5	71	124	610	572	317	203
1940 to 1949 1939 ar earlier	782 975		_	16 -	14 63	93	236 309	206 268	199 242	203 204
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000	6	_	_	_	6	_	_	_	_	113
\$10,000 to \$19,999	59	-	-	-	_	25	14	14	6	166
\$20,000 ta \$29,999 \$30,000 ta \$39,999	288 832	Ξ	-	7 9	45 50	60 132 72	120 375	22 218	34 48	163 180
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	1 050 799	-	-	22	34 6	72 46	395 239	375 271	174 215	203 216
\$60,000 ta \$79,999	627	=	=	-	17	5	113	206	286	243
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	161 49	_	_	_	- 6	_	_	26 11	135 32	250 + 250 +
\$150,000 ar mare	6	-	-	-	-	627 100	E 40 700	-	\$59 200	250+
Median	\$47 400	-	-	\$50 700	\$34 200	\$37 100	\$42 700	\$48 500	\$39 ZUU	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	1 118	_	_	5	34	104	407	330	238	201
10 ta 14 percent	1 000	-	-	23	29	76	329	314	229	207
15 ta 19 percent	584 264	-	_	10	26 20	46 15 19	114 61	208 100	180 68	223 218 189
25 to 29 percent	281 130	_	-	_	6	19 20	147 40	55 23	54 23	189 176
30 ta 34 percent	474	-	-	_	24 25	56	143	106	144	206
Not computed	26 14.0	_		13.0	18.7	14.2	15 13.2	13.8	15.0	180
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	0				,			, , , ,		
Heating equipment	3 877	_	_	38	164	340	1 256	1 143	936	206
Steam or hot water system	2 817	_	-	9	114	180	889 338	862 215	763	213
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	867 38	_	_	7 17	44	130	338	215 14	133 7	187 207
Floar, wall, ar pipeless furnace	7	_	-	_	-	_	_	7	_	225 204
Other means	148 2 134	_	_	5 31	6 42	30 149	29 689	45 662	33 561	212
Central system 1 ar mare individual raam units	81 2 053	-	_	31	42	6 143	23 666	662	52 509	250 + 211
House heating fuel	3 877	-	-	38	164	340	1 256	1 143	936	206
Utility gas Battled, tank, ar LP gas	1 066 6	-	_	16	65	129	380	230	246 6	192 250+
Electricity	49 2 747	-	_	17 5	_ 99	6 205	- 871	19 890	7 677	204 211
Fuel ail, kerasene, etc Other	2 /4/	-	Ξ:	5	79	205	5	4	-	195

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	DOIO OF ESTINA	Own	er-occupied ho		,		Renter-occupied housing units						
New Britain city	T	1975 to	1970 to	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier	
Occupied housing units	Totol	Morch 1980 205	1974	1 591	5 202	4 775	16 357	284	1 518	3 227	3 606	7 722	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	8 303 85 1 106 926	181 - 78 27	288 - 54 56	1 153 4 122 148	3 832 45 438 386	2 849 36 414 309	6 366 774 2 057 912	95 38 26	326 53 143 46	1 177 103 467 171	1 559 194 457 251	3 209 386 964 444 991	
45 to 64 yeors	4 207 1 979 1 056 62 99 121	70 6 6 - -	173 5 36 - - 12	625 254 119 7 6 34	1 983 980 386 21 47 26	1 356 734 509 34 46 49	1 847 776 3 523 818 1 029 360	20 11 46 22 11	67 17 406 106 176 65	264 172 733 240 173 81	505 152 712 191 201 59	424 1 626 259 468 155	
45 to 64 yeors	340 434 2 823 28 112 171 962	6 18 5 13	24 - 85 - 14 24 43	23 49 319 - 15 22 144	139 153 984 5 46 61 408	148 232 1 417 23 32 64 354	833 483 6 468 1 051 1 621 727 1 527	8 5 143 21 48 45 18	49 10 786 149 260 81 133	177 62 1 317 297 360 127 213	139 122 1 335 215 453 191 277	460 284 2 887 369 500 283 886 849	
65 years ond over	1 550 58.7	39.9	48.7	138 55.7	464 59.0	944 61.3	1 542 38.3	30.2	163 31.7	320 34.7	199 36.3	45.5	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	720 1 542 1 475 2 947 5 498	80 125 - - -	67 103 239 - -	106 209 214 1 062	198 626 463 1 032 2 883	269 479 559 853 2 615	5 245 5 472 2 239 1 892 1 509	203 81 - - -	697 538 283 — —	1 052 1 290 421 464	1 241 1 104 575 400 286	2 052 2 459 960 1 028 1 223	
ROOMS 1 room	7 23 149 1 745 4 116 3 669 2 473 5.5	- - 6 140 20 39 5.2	- 4 12 154 101 138 5.8	- 51 126 690 386 338 5.4	23 40 760 1 591 2 014 774 5.6	7 54 841 1 541 1 148 1 184 5.5	561 875 3 113 5 774 4 876 896 262 4.1	28 12 27 110 101 6 - 4.2	180 224 392 498 194 24 6 3.4	114 296 933 1 026 726 87 45 3.8	64 93 658 1 331 1 104 276 80 4.2	175 250 1 103 2 809 2 751 503 131 4.3	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 068 8 036 3 783 220 29 114 54 50	199 102 91 6 - 6 -	402 235 162 5 - 7 7	1 571 912 631 21 7 20 - 20	5 194 3 395 1 696 103 — 8 8 —	4 702 3 392 1 203 85 22 73 39 24 10	15 951 9 342 5 875 610 124 406 215 181	284 181 98 - 5 - - -	1 500 947 527 19 7 18 13 5	3 164 1 741 1 312 81 30 63 38 25	3 521 1 802 1 420 269 30 85 17 68	7 482 4 671 2 518 241 52 240 147 83 5	
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Totol persons	2 176 4 490 2 234 1 798 994 490 2.37 33 955	12 57 51 55 24 6 3.16	74 112 71 93 31 28 2.76	227 500 315 275 214 60 2.72 4 837	694 2 126 1 039 777 378 188 2.40	1 169 1 695 758 598 347 208 2.22	5 793 5 135 2 426 1 723 741 539 1.96	90 135 38 14 7 - 1.89	766 481 130 97 26 18 1.49 2 806	1 249 1 002 475 295 153 53 1.86 7 005	1 031 962 717 461 210 225 2.30 9 226	2 657 2 555 1 066 856 345 243 1.97	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or offoched 3 ond 4 5 10 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	8 511 2 064 1 099 410 32 61	-	213 118 7 67 - 4	1 130 363 6 31 10 51	4 830 232 58 60 11 6	2 245 1 252 1 028 239 11	1 116 3 008 4 564 3 747 2 340 1 558 24	- 80 5 47 53 99	22 120 25 189 590 567 5	255 575 256 651 990 487 13	528 584 1 151 898 281 158 6	311 1 649 3 127 1 962 426 247	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steom or hot woter system Centrol worm-air furnoce or electric heot pump Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce Other meons Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	7 669 3 142 339 79 937 7 165 537 6 628 12 166 4 741 27 409 6 904	127 68 - 10 147 37 110 205 159 - 11 35	409 190 169 45 	1 591 1 122 262 119 13 75 1 012 122 890 1 591 956 479	5 202 3 192 1 610 64 42 294 3 287 3 148 5 202 1 452 1 87 3 620 32	4 759 3 038 1 033 1111 24 553 2 409 68 2 341 4 759 1 845 11 111 2 754	16 239 7 085 3 159 1 618 266 4 111 6 723 346 6 377 16 239 8 409 239 2 079 5 463	284 110 88 51 - 35 202 11 191 284 148 148 49 - 41	1 518 649 361 397 45 66 1 055 91 964 1 518 660 56 500 302	3 227 1 640 561 722 55 249 1 647 1 500 3 227 1 465 11 868 873 10	3 593 1 531 1 012 262 69 719 1 202 40 1 162 3 593 1 565 74 361 1 593	7 617 3 155 1 137 186 97 3 042 2 617 57 2 560 7 617 4 571 91 270 2 646 39	
Income in 1979 below poverty level	483 4.0	· - -	14 3.4 18 19	27 1.7 39 138	158 3.0 262 554	284 5.9 492 693	2 874 17.6 2 915 3 479	14.4 55 29	18.2 293 340	14.8 50 8 595	20.6 700 692	17.3 1 359 1 823	
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,500 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	717 796 1 926 1 965 2 549 1 401 607 \$20 990	5 5 37 65 65 0 66 20 6	19 11 28 80 103 89 42 \$28 510 \$30 000	81 145 191 275 366 239 117 \$23 345 \$26 802	303 276 842 947 1 182 592 244 \$21 717 \$23 851	314 359 828 598 832 461 198 \$18 281 \$21 126	1 896 1 638 2 678 1 692 1 543 401 115 \$12 353	5 67 32 34 42 20 - \$14 478 \$15 935	192 137 258 106 142 43 7 \$11 641 \$13 285	378 295 592 433 322 83 21 \$13 623 \$14 891	464 369 588 356 317 103 17 \$12 214 \$13 676	857 770 1 208 763 720 152 70 \$11 981 \$13 942	

Table B-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	C	wner-occupied h	ousing units		Renter-occupied housing units								
New Britain city	Total	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	1 unit, detached or ottoched	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	
Occupied heusing units	12 182 212	8 511 87	3 666 125	5	16 357 87	1 116	3 008	4 564	3 747	2 340 23	1 558	24	
Condominium housing units	8 303	6 173	2 125	5	6 366	497	1 516	2 278	17 1 291	535	41 238	11	
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	85 1 106	30 847	50 259	5	774 2 057	46 133	119 525	335 697	191 390	59 191	24 116	5	
35 to 44 years	926 4 207	696 3 141	230 1 066	=	912 1 847	82 159	190 469	316 673	239 351	78 145	7 44	- 6	
65 years and over	1 979 1 056	1 459 642	520 414	-	776 3 523	77 195	213 437	257 768	120 951	62 694	47 473	5	
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	62 99 121	32 46 47	30 53 74	Ξ	818 1 029 360	43 48 5	58 132 65	158 243 63	246 284 95	211 170 93	102 147 39	5	
35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 years and over	340 434	242 275	98 159	=	833 483	60 39	77 105	195 109	210 116	173 47	118 67	=	
Female householder, ne husband present 15 to 24 years	2 823 28	1 696 24	1 127 4	_	6 468 1 051	424 44	1 055 107	1 518 221	1 505 299	1 111 270	847 110	8 -	
25 to 34 yeors	112 171	67 132	45 39	-	1 621 727	98 62	255 141	404 152	404 190	282 133	170 49	8 -	
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	962 1 550 58.7	626 847 58.2	336 703 60.2	22.5	1 527 1 542 38.3	123 97 44.7	340 212 42.2	358 383 38.2	384 228 35.9	198 228 34.7	124 394 48.3	31.3	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	720	413	307	_	5 245	224	849	1 324	1 325	938	575	10	
1975 to 1978	1 542 1 475	1 073 972	464 503	5	5 472 2 239	377 176	897 459	1 498 590	1 227 484	851 332	614 198	8 -	
1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	2 947 5 498	2 366 3 687	581 1 811	Ξ	1 892 1 509	181 158	422 381	495 657	472 239	173 46	149 22	- 6	
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms	7 23	_ 14	7	-	561 875	22 47	_ 7	-	76 126	222 269	241 354	-	
2 rooms4 rooms	149 1 745	13 867	136 873	_ _ 5	3 113 5 774	81 376	159 901	66 518 1 461	956 1 870	898 735	493 421	8	
5 rooms6 rooms	4 116 3 669	2 151 3 163	1 965 506	-	4 876 896	252 200	1 585 297	2 259 228	559 140	182 31	39	-	
7 or more rooms Medion	2 473 5.5	2 303 5.9	170 4.9	4.0	262 4.1	138 4.6	59 4.8	32 4.6	20 3.9	3 3.3	10 2.9	3.3	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	12 068 8 036	8 506 5 724	3 557 2 312	5	15 951 9 342	1 110 599	2 954 1 871	4 454 2 704	3 665 1 842	2 267 1 295	1 477 1 018	24 13	
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	3 783 220	2 627 144	1 151 76	5	5 875 610	463 48	995 83	1 607 128	1 492 291	874 52	433	ii	
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	29 114	11 5	18 1 09	_	124 406	- 6	5 54	15 110	40 82	46 73	18 81	-	
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	54 50	5	49 50	_	215 181	6	34 15	83 27	41 41	24 44	33 48	-	
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more BEDROOMS	10	=	10	-	5	Ξ	5 -	=	Ξ	5	Ξ	-	
None	19 575	7 232	12 343	-	609 4 609	22 149	408	6 911	83 1 200	249 1 064	249 863	14	
3	4 552 5 318	2 481 4 227	2 066 1 091	5 –	7 959 2 857	449 354	1 648 894	2 625 997	1 906 482	885 130	436	10	
5 or more HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	1 414 304	1 303 261	111 43	-	293 30	136 6	43 15	16	76 -	12	10	_	
Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$9,999	811 1 410	431 823	380 587	-	2 915 3 479	190 245	386 507	571 1 035	829 872	516 492	423 323	_ 5	
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	717 796	492 457	225 339	-	1 896 1 638	154 97	280 291	532 522	476 368	273 236	173 124	8	
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	1 926 1 965 2 549	1 283 1 549	638 416	5 -	2 678 1 692	153 144	569 367	828 550 393	494 285	404 234 136	224 107	6 5	
\$25,000 to \$49,999\$50,000 or more	1 401 607	1 860 1 128 488	689 273 119	Ξ	1 543 401 115	79 51 3	458 101 49	113 20	334 70 19	25 24	143 41	-	
Medion	\$20 990 \$23 426	\$22 211 \$25 089	\$17 330 \$19 572	\$16 250 \$17 300	\$12 353 \$14 044	\$11 997 \$14 194	\$15 405 \$16 706	\$13 190 \$14 677	\$10 906 \$12 734	\$11 484 \$12 574	\$10 477 \$12 301	\$12 188 \$14 345	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	12 166	8 511	3 650	5	16 239	1 116	3 008	4 543	3 656	2 334	1 558	24	
Steam or hat water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	7 669 3 142 339	5 558 2 351	2 111 786	5	7 085 3 159	560 306	1 562 642	1 597 1 082	1 388 375 380	1 220 446 469	753 302 426	13	
Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless fumace Other means	79 937	204 53 345	135 26 592	-	1 618 266 4 111	36 37 177	101 11 692	193 58 1 613	80 1 433	45 154	35 42	-	
Air conditioning Central system	7 165 537	5 263 401	1 902 136	=	6 723 346	398 25	1 448 19	1 577	1 113 64	1 185 166	989 72	13	
Vehicles available	11 070 4 495	8 039 3 033	3 026 1 457	5 5	12 645 7 637	826 485	2 639 1 360	3 713 2 103	2 611 1 756	1 769 1 201	1 068 718	19 14	
2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos	6 575 12 166 4 741	5 006 8 511 2 854	1 569 3 650 1 887	5	5 008 16 239 8 409	341 1 116 395	1 279 3 008 1 706	1 610 4 543 2 699	855 3 656 2 197	568 2 334 908	350 1 558 504	5 24	
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	27 409	17 238	10	-	239 2 079	14 63	39 139	74 258	58 489	41 623	13 494	13	
Electricity	6 904 85	5 345 57	1 554 28	5	5 463 49	640 4	1 112 12	1 486 26	905 7	762 -	547 -	11	
Water heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas	12 182 6 713 156	8 511 4 092 97	3 666 2 621 59	5 - -	16 341 10 222 419	1 110 530 6	3 008 2 119 47	4 564 3 440 159	3 747 2 457 114	2 340 1 097 61	1 548 579 32	24	
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	1 430 3 873	1 204 3 108	226 760	- - 5	2 214 3 467	111 459	313 529	337 628	403 766	602 580	435 494	13	
Other Family householder	10 9 849	10 7 276	2 568	5	9 263	4 774	2 060	2 939	7 2 281	865	8 333	11	
With own children under 18 yeors With own children under 6 yeors Female householder, ne husband present	3 155 993 1 165	2 398 723 831	752 265 334	5	4 593 2 282 2 421	429 175 246	860 396	1 435 674 541	1 386 842 815	397 148 289	81 42 89	5	
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	262 31	211 17	51 14	=	1 650 649	179 42	441 259 63	373 102	591 359	209 75	39 8	-	
Nonfamily househelder Income in 1979 below poverty level	2 333 483	1 235 272	1 098 211	-	7 094 2 874	342 232	948 408	1 625 565	1 466 874	1 475 535	1 225 260	13	
Percent below poverty level	4.0	3.2	5.8	-	17.6	20.8	13.6	12.4	23.3	22.9	16.7	-	

Table B-9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

						uning or symbols,						
New	Britain city	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
	Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	12 182 249	2 176	4 490 135	2 234 23	1 798 44	994 30	273 9	124 8	93 -	2.37 2.42	33 955 809
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or mo Medion	e rooms	179 1 745 4 116 3 669 1 360 1 113 5.5	118 548 810 432 177 91 5.0	44 875 1 569 1 307 435 260 5.3	5 199 840 707 313 170 5.6	51 581 724 243 199 5.9	12 62 225 360 145 190 6.0	4 80 75 34 80 6.2	- 6 - 49 6 63 7.5	- 11 15 7 60 8.0	1.26 1.87 2.30 2.64 2.72 3.68	336 3 715 11 295 10 573 3 920 4 116
1.00 1.01 1.51 Lacking 1.00 1.01	ING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM plumbing for exclusive use To 1.50 To 1.50 To more orn plete plumbing for exclusive use or less or more or more	12 068 11 819 220 29 114 104 10	2 139 2 139 - - 37 37 -	4 480 4 480 - - 10 10 -	2 198 2 198 - - 36 36 - -	1 783 1 783 - - 15 15	983 914 57 12 11 6 5	268 189 79 - 5 - 5	124 69 49 6 	93 47 35 11 - -	2.37 2.34 6.17 6.92 2.78 2.64 5.50	33 595 32 095 1 326 174 360 306 54
1, detoc 2 or mo Mobile h	N STRUCTURE ned or offoched e ome or troiler, etc	8 511 3 666 5	1 152 1 024 -	3 252 1 238 -	1 633 601 -	1 360 433 5	732 262 -	188 85 -	112 12 -	82 11 -	2.45 2.15 4.00	23 268 10 664 23
\$10,000 \$20,000 \$30,000 \$40,000 \$50,000 \$60,000 \$100,00 \$150,00	Specified owner-occupied housing units	8 027 6 98 443 1 349 2 171 1 826 1 589 363 151 31 \$49 800	1 098 15 109 307 293 181 148 22 17	3 040 - 44 215 498 830 713 544 147 36 13 \$49 300	1 513 - 16 69 232 437 353 330 53 18 5 \$50 000	1 320 - 17 19 159 353 388 298 71 15 - \$52 000	680 - 6 21 86 186 114 191 45 31 \$52 000	188 - - 27 58 36 13 9 34 7 \$51 600	106 	82 - - 6 23 9 14 30 - - - \$52 100	2.46 1.00 2.27 2.02 2.24 2.45 2.55 2.81 2.74 3.80 3.00	21 773 6 211 869 3 233 5 666 5 288 4 738 1 054 587 121
SELECTE All incom Medio Medio hous Wit Not Income is	D CHARACTERISTICS le levels in 1979 in income selected monthly owner costs os percentoge of ehold income to mortgoge mortgoged 1979 below poverty level income	12 182 \$20 990 16.6 18.5 14.0 483 \$2 732	2 176 \$7 635 30.7 28.6 32.2 304 \$2 669	4 490 \$19 005 16.5 19.3 14.8 121 \$2500—	2 234 \$26 333 13.6 17.2 10— 22 \$3 750	1 798 \$26 462 16.4 19.1 10— 26 \$5 333	994 \$29 116 14.0 15.3 10— 10 \$18 214	\$33 207 13.8 14.7 10—	\$34 677 16.1 16.6 12.5	93 \$42 188 13.3 14.0 10—	2.37	33 955
hous Wit	n selected monthly owner costs os percentoge of ehold income	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 50+	50 + 50 + -	50+ 50+ -	27.5 27.5 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	:::	:::
ROOMS	Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	16 357 1 643	5 793 ~	5 135 1 099	2 426 303	1 723 124	741 66	389 28	112	y 12	1.96 2.25	36 780 4 350
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or mo	e rooms	561 875 3 113 5 774 4 876 896 262 4.1	515 709 1 995 1 494 885 143 52 3.3	46 143 904 2 207 1 561 228 46 4.2	16 144 1 113 934 153 66 4.4	- 7 46 714 790 131 35 4.6	19 193 387 111 31 4.9	- 28 239 90 32 5.2	- 5 5 17 60 30 - 5.1	8 20 10 -	1.04 1.12 1.28 2.13 2.49 3.00 3.00	619 1 065 4 430 13 163 13 567 3 121 815
1.00 1.01 1.51 Lacking (1.00	NG FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM plumbing for exclusive use or less or 1.50 or more or less or 1.50 or less or more or more	15 951 15 217 610 124 406 396	5 559 5 559 - 234 234	5 031 4 985 4 6 104 104	2 385 2 369 16 - 41 41 -	1 710 1 657 46 7 13 13 -	737 525 193 19 4 4	384 122 262 - 5 - 5	107 - 90 17 5 - - 5	38 - 3 35 - - -	1.98 1.91 5.69 4.97 1.37 1.35 6.00 7.00	36 044 32 005 3 329 710 736 658 34 44
1, detod 2 3 ond 4 5 to 9 _ 10 to 49 50 or m Mobile h	N STRUCTURE ed or ottoched	1 116 3 008 4 564 3 747 2 340 1 558 24	278 796 1 289 1 234 1 176 1 007	313 1 074 1 645 965 677 455	219 599 631 691 228 58	131 326 657 446 138 20 5	108 111 234 213 67 8	50 74 76 146 33 10	14 23 24 30 21 -	3 5 8 22 - -	2.39 2.16 2.10 2.16 1.49 1.27 1.42	3 078 7 028 10 877 9 019 4 562 2 169 47
\$100 to \$150 to \$200 to \$250 to \$300 to \$350 to \$400 to \$500 or No cosh	RRNI Specified renter-occupied housing units	16 213 862 1 689 3 650 4 303 3 119 1 541 368 206 61 414 \$219	5 766 578 970 1 395 1 371 914 299 37 7 4 191 \$194	5 085 115 437 1 179 1 363 1 134 575 117 42 6 117 \$226	2 394 73 95 514 707 491 303 67 63 11 70 \$234	1 699 50 92 315 515 390 182 79 44 22 10 \$235	733 26 59 155 180 104 98 37 33 15 26 \$236	389 16 30 64 128 67 56 19 6 3 - \$234	112 4 6 5 39 19 21 12 6 - - \$253	35 - - 23 - 7 - 5 - - 5 - - 1	1.96 1.25 1.37 1.86 2.07 2.07 2.32 2.95 3.36 3.93 1.64	36 381 1 493 2 843 7 760 10 160 7 151 4 060 1 125 708 291 790
All incom Medic Medic Income i Medic	D CHARACTERISTICS to levels in 1979 n gross rent os percentoge of household income _ n 1979 below poverty level n income _ n gross rent os percentoge of household income _ n gross rent os percentoge of household income _	16 357 \$12 353 21.6 2 874 \$3 450 50+	5 793 \$8 539 26.4 1 066 \$2 500 50+	5 135 \$15 363 18.7 616 \$3 593 50+	2 426 \$14 555 20.5 478 \$3 756 50+	1 723 \$16 078 18.8 312 \$5 044 50+	741 \$16 714 18.8 201 \$5 770 41.6	389 \$14 358 21.1 140 \$5 345 43.4	\$17 639 20.6 31 \$9 191 34.5	38 \$8 500 50+ 30 \$7 000 50+	1.96 2.10 	36 780

Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980 Table B — 10.

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introductian. Far definitians of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Median	58.7	68.8 633.5 57.2 46.0 46.1	58.7 50.7 60.6 52.5		86 87 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	38.3	33.5 33.6 33.6 33.6 33.6 33.6 33.6	38.1 37.2 48.0 35.0	38. 4.06. 3.36. 3.36. 3.36. 5.
		65 years and over	1 550	1 078 385 61 5 7 1.22 2 316	1 530		24. 12. 2. 3. 3. 4. 4. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	1 542	1 359 137 26 20 20 - - 1.07	1 513	1 527 1 28 1 28 2 22 2 25 1 1 25 1 36 2 7 3 3 4 6 1 62 3 2 7 3
	husband present	45 to 64 yeors	962	415 335 123 28 40 40 21 1.70	956 15 6		23.2 23.2 23.2 23.2 23.2 23.2 23.2 23.2	1 527	916 318 190 66 30 7 7 1.33	1 489 12 38	1 510 208 208 218 218 127 276 239 23,2
	2	35 to 44 years	171	25 37 46 57 6 301 479	5		103 103 103 104 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	727	168 171 139 95 66 88 2.68	723 65 4	704 115 59 134 105 65 129 129 2,18
	Femate householder,	25 to 34 years	112	32 37 18 11 14 12 2.15	107		86 86 13 13 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	1 621	694 378 323 104 79 79 1.81 3 580	1 595 42 26	1 603 174 245 230 230 245 1129 1129 184 388 9
		15 to 24 years	28		7 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		20 112 123 140 150 164 17.5	1 051	315 432 186 94 13 11 1.99 2 238	1 034 40 17	1 051 78 111 181 115 81 135 334 32.0
[9]		65 years and over	434	275 96 98 53 64 1.29	428 6 6		270 30 130 131 122 1258 284 270 270 271 171 171 16.5	483	423 46 14 107 1.07	448	479 59 85 85 66 66 37 31 31 27 20
pendixes A onc	present	45 to 64 years	340	171 110 53 6 6 1.49 593	334		222 200 224 227 7 7 7 7 7 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	833	646 131 43 13 13 13 1078	743	825 265 265 143 65 78 44 44 46 106 18.8
rerms, see ap	alder, no wife	35 to 44 years	121	72 24 14 7 7 1.34 243	121		36.3	360	256 54 23 14 1.20 581	336 16 24	360 132 108 36 36 36 29 2 2 2 17.1
r definitions of	Mole househalder,	25 to 34 years	66	20 20 6 1.42 201	66		22 22 22 7 7 7 7 7 7 14.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1	1 029	572 371 46 27 27 13 1.40	1 023 14 6	1 021 386 1386 197 197 29 29 79 79 79 79
Troduction. Fo		15 to 24 years	62	39 1.29 1.29	62		32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 33 33 33 33 3	818	289 289 52 10 140 1 405	780 20 38	818 119 1153 152 58 58 44 135 175 175
ymbols, see Ir		65 yeors and over	1 979	1 488 359 82 82 33 33 17 2.16 4 572	1 969 22 10 -		1 368 1097 1097 1097 1097 1097 1097 1098 1098 1098 1098 1098 1098 1098 1098	776	626 78 78 33 33 15 24 2.12	771 5	760 206 135 162 55 4 4 81 20.9
r medning or s	Sa	45 to 64 years	4 207	1 521 1 128 815 456 287 3.02 14 215	4 161 122 46 10		2 950 1 667 944 944 185 185 1 14.2 1 283 1 283 1 283 1 283 1 283 376 1 75 1 75 1 75 1 75 1 75 1 75 1 75 1 75	1 847	807 422 433 333 167 118 2.78 5 671	1 832 151 15	1 822 888 276 265 103 50 62 77 106
rraduction. Fo	d-cauple fomili	35 to 44 yeors	926	76 93 348 307 102 4.34 4 091	918 47 8		680 566 566 502 202 278 278 180 180 114 180 190 100	912	134 181 290 170 137 3.99 3.561	901 194 11	912 387 126 126 50 51 51 16.4
sample, see In	Morried-	25 to 34 years	1 106	288 234 425 127 32 3.57 3 976	103		771 764 764 764 700 700 703 703 703 703 703 703 703 703	2 057	804 484 484 524 151 94 2.96 6 614	2 013 153 44 5	2 047 752 752 334 313 101 84 105 20 17.4
es pased on o		15 to 24 years	SS	2.37 2.37 2.57	₾ 4		83 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	774	2 19 100 100 1 943	720	27.2 20.2 20.2 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20
Uata are estimates based on o sample, see In		Total	12 182	2 176 4 490 2 234 1 798 994 490 2.37 33 955	12 068 249 114 10		8 027 1 350 1 357 6 133 6 133 6 133 18 .5 1 000 1 000	16 357	5 793 5 135 2 426 1 723 1 723 741 539 36 780	15 951 734 406 10	16 213 2 2 568 2 568 2 568 1 451 1 494 2 235 2 235 2 1.6
2. [New Britain city	Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 5 persons 6 persons 6 persons 6 persons 6 persons 7 persons 7 persons 6 persons 7 persons 7 persons 7 persons 7 persons 7 persons 8 persons 9	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Camplete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	With a mortigage — Less binn 15 perent 15 to 19 perent 25 to 22 perent 25 to 2	Renter-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT 2 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 5 persons 6 persons 6 persons 7 ord persons 7 ord persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-accupied housing units Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 55 to 49 percent Not computed Not computed

Table B—11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

				Male hous	ehalder			Female householder						
New Britain city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 yeors	65 years ond over	Total	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 yeors	65 yeors and over	
Owner-occupied housing units	2 176	611	39	54	72	171	275	1 565	15	32	25	415	1 078	
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 139 37	599 12	39	54	72	165 6	269 6	1 540 25	15	27 5	25	415	1 058	
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE				-	25				-	_	-	200		
1, detoched or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	1 152 1 024 -	347 264 —	21 18 -	34 20 -	35 37 —	96 75 —	161 114 -	805 760 —	11 4 -	17 15 —	13 12 -	208 207 —	556 522 -	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	643	110	_	10	_	18	82	533	11	10	5	73	434	
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	707 146 232	161 48 85	6 5 16	- 4 11	13 7 7	32 10 40	110 22 11	546 98 147	-	11 - 6	6	101 60 79	428 38 58 71 25	
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	245 100	80 57	6	14	20 20	16 19	24 7	165 43	=	5	8 6	81 12	71 25	
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	77 10 16	49 10 11	=	10	5 - -	25 - 11	19 i - -	28 - 5	=	=	=	9 - -	19 - 5	
Medion	\$7 635 \$10 055	\$11 797 \$13 681	\$13 828 \$13 507	\$15 714 \$17 336	\$16 731 \$16 817	\$14 094 \$18 002	\$7 312 \$9 481	\$6 851 \$8 639	\$2 813 \$5 205	\$7 917 \$8 391	\$17 969 \$14 501	\$11 396 \$11 025	\$5 905 \$7 639	
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS														
Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage Less than \$200	1 098 318 33	319 125 13	21 21 -	29 29 -	28 28	85 23 -	156 24 13	779 193 20	7 7 -	17 12 -	13 13	191 94 13	551 67 7	
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	59 58	6 5 28	=	- - -	- - 14	- - 7	6 5	53 53 25	7	-	Ξ	33 6 19	20 40	
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	53 30 67	12 43	10	5 10	7 7	- 16	-	18 24	=	6 - 6	13	18	=	
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	11 7	11 7 -	11	7	Ξ	=	-	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=	=	
Median	\$308 780	\$394 194	\$505	\$413 -	\$350 -	\$41 4 62	\$196 132	\$272 586	\$275 -	\$375 5	\$425 -	\$258 97	\$258 484	
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99	- - 10	- 10	=	=	Ξ	Ξ	10	Ξ	=	=	=	Ξ	_	
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	79 144 289	17 29 90	Ξ	=	=	- 6 37	17 23 53	62 115 199	Ξ	- - 5	_	12 37	62 103 157	
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or mare	134 124	21 27	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	6 13	15 14	113 97	=	Ē	=	29 19	84 78	
MedianSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$177	\$173	-	-	-	\$184	\$165	\$179	-	\$175	-	\$199	\$175	
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	30.7 28.6	27.1 30.7	50 + 50+	24.5 24.5	37.5 37.5	27.3 19.4	25.2 27.1	34.6 27.8	50 + 50+	37.5 37.0	29.1 29.1	25.1 24.8	36.6 28.0	
Not mortgoged Income in 1979 below poverty level	32.2 304	25.5 40	=	5	_	27.9 18	24.1 17	37.8 264	11	37.5 8	_	35.7 73	38.6 172	
Percent below poverty level Renter-occupied housing units	14.0 5 793	6.5 2 341	444	9.3 572	256	10.5 646	6.2 423	16.9 3 452	73.3 315	25.0 694	168	17.6 916	16.0 1 359	
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 559	2 180	411	566	249	566	388	3 379	309	694	168	878	1 330	
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	234	161	33	6	7	80	35	73	6	-	-	38	29	
1, detoched or attoched	278 796 1 289	112 263 462	14 15 92	21 85 96	5 46 45	38 46 134	34 71 95	166 533 827	24 90	21 108 180	6 47 30	57 163 228	82 191 299	
3 ond 4 5 ta 9 10 to 49	1 234 1 176	618 525	148 121	152 123	59 68	150 166	109 47	616 651	75 82	92 181	25 46	227 134	197 208	
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	1 007	356 5	54 -	90 5	33	112	67 -	651 8	44 -	104 8	14	107	382	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$9,999	1 740 1 658	441 633	91 132	35 130	30 22	166 122	119 227	1 299 1 025	130 86	59 150	19 51	275 326	816 412	
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	803 583	256 302	34 70	54 96	58 47	92 75	18 14	547 281	59 12	276 99 96	29 28 41	147 85	412 36 57 31	
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	666 195 124	406 166 113	98 7 12	150 50 42	57 15 27	78 84 29	23 10 3	260 29 11	28 - -	14	- -	64 8 11	7	
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median	16 8 \$9 520	16 8 \$10 942	- \$9 963	7 8 \$14 245	- \$12 457	- \$10 951	9 _ \$6_427	- \$7 174	- \$7 880	- \$11 250	- - \$11 207		\$4.444	
Mean	\$8 539 \$9 377	\$11 796	\$10 421	\$14 245 \$15 147	\$13 457 \$13 884	\$11 478	\$6 427 \$7 927	\$7 737	\$7 300	\$11 250 \$11 007	\$11 207 \$10 884	\$8 368 \$8 319	\$4 444 \$5 387	
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less thon \$100	5 766 578	2 337 98	444	572 8	256 5	646 39	419 46	3 429 480	315 7	694	168	908 87	1 344 386	
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	970 1 395 1 371	420 540 649	59 73 162	45 138 178	40 71 80	144 188 150	132 70 79	550 855 722	22 114 94	37 169 207	15 46 44	176 291 213	300 235 164	
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	914 299	440 110	162 129 14	152 40	44 10	65 20	50 26 5	474 189 26	59 19	183 86 5	42 6 8	80 46	110 32 7	
\$350 to \$399 \$400 ta \$499 \$500 ar more	37 7 4	11	Ξ	6 - -	=	=	-	7 4	=	5 7 -	=	6 - -	- 4	
No cash rent Median	191 \$194	\$205	\$218	\$223	\$207	40 \$180	11 \$164	122 \$185	\$206	\$235	7 \$231	9 \$178	106 \$141	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	26.4	22.3	25.9	20.2	18.4	20.5	30.5	29.3	33.3	26.3	26.3	27.8	34.1	
Percent below poverty level	1 066 18.4	269 11.5	78 17.6	28 4.9	13 5.1	115 17.8	35 8.3	797 23.1	86 27.3	43 6.2	13 7.7	230 25.1	425 31.3	

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimotes based on a sample, see Intraduction. Far meaning af symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	Logia are estimi	oles based on t	a sumple, see	illiadoction.	rar meaning at symbols, see introduction. For definitions of	reinis, see opp	deliuixes A uliu	0]	
New Britain city	Total	Less thon 2 manths	2 up to 6 months	6 or mare months	New Britain city	Tatal	Less than 2 manths	2 up ta 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only hausing units	77	21	44	12	Vacant for rent housing units	749	422	284	43
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 ta 3 rooms	19	_	16	3	1 raam	B2	54	2B	_
4 roams	6	- 7	6 21	-	2 rooms	5	5	-	-
5 rooms6 rooms	32 · 14	14	21	4 -	3 raoms	125 337	64 206	44 119	17 12
7 rooms	6	-	1	5	5 raams	190	93	В3	14
8 ar mare roams Median	4.9	5.B	4.5	5.3	6 rooms 7 or more roams	10	_ [10	-
					Median	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.9
PLUMBING FACILITIES					PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Camplete plumbing for exclusive use	73	21	44	В					
Lacking camplete plumbing far exclusive use	4	-	-	4	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use	721 2B	394 2B	284	43
BEDROOMS					Lacking complete plantaling far exclusive use	ZD	2D	-	-
Nane	_	_	_	_	BEDROOMS				
1	19	-	16	3	None	B2	54	2B	_
2	29 29	14	1B 10	5	1	149	B1	51	17
4	-	-	_	_	2	437 75	260 23	153 50	24
5 ar more	-	-	_	_	4	6	4	2	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	-	-	-	-
1975 ta Morch 1980 1970 ta 1974	5 16	-1	1 16	4	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1960 to 1969	l ii l		11	_	1975 to March 1980	22	20	-	2
1950 to 1959	- 10	-	10	-	1970 ta 1974	101 90	69 69	32 21	-
1940 ta 1949	35	21	6	В.	1950 ta 1959	19	10	9	_
					1940 to 1949	95 422	55 199	40 1B2	-
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					1939 dr edriler	422	199	102	41
1, detached ar attached 2 ar more	42 35	21	16 2B	5 7	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
Mabile home or trailer	-	-	-	1	1, detached ar attached	2	_	2	_
HEATING EQUIPMENT					2 3 and 4	124 246	67 150	50 66	7 30
	59	21	26	12	5 ta 9	177	B6	B5	6
Central heating system	1B	-	18	-	10 ta 49 50 or mare	112 88	59 60	53 2B	-
Nane	-	-	-	-	Mabile home ar trailer	-	-	2b -	-
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant far sale only housing units	36	21	15	-					
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	-	, -	-	-	Specified vacant for rent housing units	749 76	422 44	284 20	43 12
\$20,000 to \$29,999	_	_	_	_	\$100 to \$149	247	152	B5	io
\$30,000 ta \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	13	- 7	- 4	-	\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	185 146	87 76	91 68	7
\$50,000 ta \$59,999	13	14	5	_	\$250 to \$299	75	4B	15	12
\$60,000 ta \$79,999	4	-	4	-	\$300 ta \$399 \$400 or more	20	15	5	-
\$80,000 ta \$99,999 \$100,000 ar more	_	_	_	_	Median	\$159	\$153	\$171	\$139
Median	\$51 300	\$51 300	\$51 500	-					

Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates bosed an a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning af symbols, see Introduction. For definitions af terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Price asked—Specified vacant far sale only housing units Rent asked—Specified vacant for rent hausing units													
		Price askea	Specified	vacant far s	die only nou	sing units			Kent aske	а— эресттес	vacant for	rent nausing	Units	
New Britain city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 ta \$29,999	\$30,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$99,999	\$100,000 ar mare	Median (dallars)	Tatal	Less than \$100	\$100 ta \$199	\$200 ta \$299	\$300 ta \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Tatal	36	-	_	13	23	-	51 300	749	76	432	221	20	-	159
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing far exclusive use Lacking camplete plumbing far exclusive use	36 -	Ξ	Ξ	13	23	Ξ	51 300	721 2B	76 -	404 2B	221	20 _	Ξ	162 152
BEDROOMS														
None	- 4 1B 14 -	-	-	- 13 - -	- 4 5 14 - -	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	77 500 48 500 52 500	B2 149 437 75 6	6 26 37 7 -	61 76 246 45 4	15 47 134 23 2	- 20 - - -	-	176 161 151 161 108
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	- - 11 - 4 21	=	- - - -	- 6 - 7	- 5 - 4 14	- - - - -	49 600 -77 500 51 300	22 101 90 19 95 422	7 5 - 27 37	20 16 30 12 49 305	2 66 47 7 19 80	12 B -	=	139 242 216 15B 111 146
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or mare Mabile home ar trailer	36	:::	:::	13	23	:::	51 300	747 -	76 -	432	21 9 -	20	=	213 159 -

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

REGIONS	A 1
STATES	A
PLACES	A-1
Incorporated Places	A-1
Census Designated Places	A-1
STANDARD METROPOLITAN	
STATISTICAL AREAS	A-1
Definition	A-1
SMSA Titles	A-1
New SMSA Standards	A-2
BOUNDARY CHANGES	A-2
AREA MEASUREMENT	A-2

REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants, An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

GENERAL	B-1	Persons	B-6
		Rooms	B-6
LIVING QUARTERS.	B-1	Persons Per Room	B-6
Housing Units	B-1	Bedrooms	B-6
Comparability With 1970		STRUCTURAL	
Census Housing Unit Data	B-2	CHARACTERISTICS	B-6
Group Quarters	B-2	Year Structure Built	B-6
Comparability With 1970 Cen-		Units in Structure	B-6
sus Group Quarters Data	B-2	Stories in Structure	B-6
Rules for Hotels, Room-	Б 0	Passenger Elevator	B-6
ing Houses, Etc.	B-2 B-2	-	5 0
Staff Living Quarters Year-Round Housing Units	B-2	PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS	B-6
_	D-2		
OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY	D 0	Plumbing Facilities	B-6
CHARACTERISTICS	B-2	Comparability With 1970	
Occupied Housing Units	B-2	Census Plumbing Facilities	D 6
.Householder	B-2	Data	B-6
Child	B-2	EQUIPMENT AND FUELS	B-6
Nonrelative	B-3	Heating Equipment	B-6
Age of Householder	B-3	Comparability With 1970	
Household Type Year Householder Moved	B-3	Census Heating Equipment	
Into Unit	B-3	Data	B-6
Vacant Housing Units	B-3	Air Conditioning	B-7
Vacancy Status	B-3	Vehicles Available	B-7
Duration of Vacancy	B-3	Comparability With 1970	
Tenure	B-3	Census Automobiles	B-7
Condominium Housing Units	B-3	Available Data	D-/
Comparability With 1970		and Water Heating	B-7
Census Condominium			5-7
Housing Unit Data	B-3	FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS	B-7
Race of the Householder	B-3		
Comparability Between Sam-		Value	B-7 B-7
ple and 100-Percent Data		Price Asked	D-/
for Race of the Householder.	B-4	Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs	B-7
Comparability With 1970		Mortgage Status and Selected	υ,
Census Data on Race of the	D 4	Monthly Owner Costs as a	
Householder	B-4	Percentage of House-	
Spanish/Hispanic Origin of	D E	hold Income in 1979	B-7
the Householder	B-5	Rent	B-7
Limitations of the Data on Householders of		Gross Rent as a Percentage	
Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	of Household Income	
Comparability Between	D-3	in 1979	B-8
Sample and 100-Percent		Household Income in 1979	B-8
Data on Householders of		Median Income	B-8
Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	Comparability With 1970	
Comparability With 1970		Census Income Data	B-8
Census Data on House-		Poverty Status in 1979	B-8
holders of Spanish Origin			
and Householders of		GENERAL	
Spanish Heritage	B-5		
LITILIZATION		The 1980 census was conducted p	rimarily

B-6

through self-enumeration. The principal

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units — A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters - Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit — Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder-Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion—38 percent-of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish! Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response-was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin—The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage—The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment-Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning-"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available—Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating—"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appen-

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes. Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

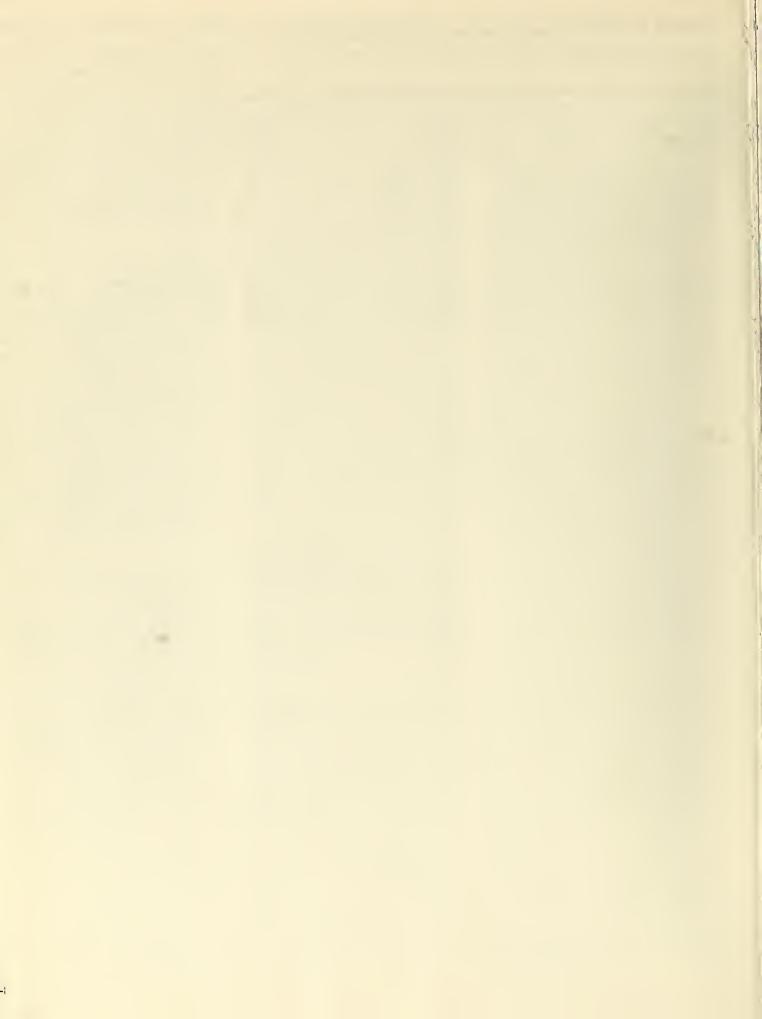
Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

at a constant water	Weighted			R	elated chi	ldren under	r 18 years			
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
l person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686						•••		
Under 65 years	3,774 3,479	3,774	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •
65 years and over	3,4/9	3,479	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
2 persons	4,723	4,723	•••	•••		•••		• • •	• • •	
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	• • • •
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	• • • •
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844			• • •		• • •	
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525	• • •			
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512		• • •	• • • •
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429	• • •	
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024



Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE	C-1
Armed Forces	C-1
Crews of Merchant Vessels	C-1
Persons Away at School	C-1
Persons in Institutions	C-1
Persons Away From Their	
Residence on Census Day	C-1
Americans Abroad	C-2
Citizens of Foreign Countries	C-2
DATA COLLECTION	
PROCEDURES	C-2
PROCESSING PROCEDURES	

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC), For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

D-1
D-1
D-1
D-2
D-3
D-3
D-3
D-5
D-5
D-5
D-6
D-6
D-6
D-6

INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se and Se of estimates x and y:

Se
$$(x+y) = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum, This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which app cation were obtained fr ratio estimation procedur in the assignment of a sample person or housing For any given tabulation teristic total was estimat the weights assigned to housing units in the tabula possessed the characterist family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons. the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I—Type of Household

	Group	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children
EDURE		Under 18
	1	2 persons in housing unit
pear in this publi-	2	3 persons in housing unit
rom an iterative	3	4 persons in housing unit
re which resulted	4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
weight to each	5	8 or more persons in housing
ing unit record.		unit
n area, a charac-		
ited by summing		Persons in Housing Units With a
the persons or		Family Without Own Children
lation area which		Under 18
tic. Estimates of	6-10	2 persons in housing unit
aracteristics were		through 8 or more persons

Persons in All Other Housing Units

11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit

in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

1 Householder

Group White Page

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

G	oup	vviille nace						
		Persons of Spanish Origin						
		Male						
1		0 to 4 years of age						
2		5 to 14 years of age						
2		15 to 19 years of age						
4		20 to 24 years of age						
5		25 to 34 years of age						
6		35 to 44 years of age						
7		45 to 64 years of age						
8		65 years of age or older						
Ŭ		00 , 00.0 0. ago 0. 0.00.						

Female

9-16 Same age categories as groups 1 to 8

Persons Not of Spanish Origin
17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family							
	With Own Children Under 18							
1	2 persons in housing unit							
2	3 persons in housing unit							
3	4 persons in housing unit							
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit							
5	8 or more persons in housing							
	unit							
	Housing Units With a Family							
	Without Own Children Under 18							
6-10	2 persons in housing unit							
	through 8 or more persons							
	in housing unit							

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit

12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99, <mark>999</mark>
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories
	as groups 1 to 8
	Black Race
17-32	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1
	to 16
00.40	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
33-48	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1
	to 16
	American Indian, Eskimo,
	or Aleut Race
49-64	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1
	to 16
	Other Race (includes those
	races not listed above)
65-80	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1
	to 16
F	Renter
	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Rent Categories
81	\$1 to \$59
82	\$60 to \$99
83	\$100 to \$149
84	\$150 to \$199
85	\$200 to \$249
86	\$250 to \$299
87	\$300 to \$399
88	\$400 to \$499
89	\$500+
90	Other Renter
91	No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish
	origin
92-102	Same rent categories as
	groups 81 to 91
	Black Race
103-124	Same rent—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 81
	to 102
	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
125-146	Same rent-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 81
	to 102
	American Indian, Eskimo,
	or Aleut Race
147-168	Same rent-Spanish origin
, 00	categories as groups 81
	to 102
	102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of fabricated persons being data for submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renter-The assignment of occupied unit. acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	2/ Size of publication area													
Total 1/	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20	16 21	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22
250	25	30 35	35 45	35 45	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50
1 000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500 5 000	-	-	-	80 -	95 110	110 140	110 150	1 10 1 50	110 160	110 160	110 160	110 160	110 160	110 160
10 000	-	-	_	_	-	170 170	200 230	210 250	220 270	220 270	220 270	220 270	220 270	220 270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	550 -	630 790	670 970	700 1 090	700 1 100	710 1 100
500 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Ξ.	-	1 120	1 500 2 000	1 540 2 120	1 570 2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3 540	4 470 5 480
10 000 000											1			7 400

^{1/} For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-tn-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	and the person ago												
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	θ.2	0.2

^{1/} For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

^{2/} The total count of housing units in the area.

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.1	0.8	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	
Occupancy status	1.1		0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	0.9	0.5
Tenure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Units in structure		0.8	0.5
Stories in structure	1.1	0.9	0.6
	1.0	0.7	0.5
Passenger elevator	1.1	0.6	0.5
Persons in unit	1.1	0.8	0.5
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved into			
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuei	1.1	0.9	0.5
Number of bedrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.8	0.5
Air conditioning	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household			
income in 1979	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected		•••	0.7
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.8	0.5
Household income	1.1	0.8	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.1	0.8	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for	1	0.0	0.7
exclusive use with 1.01 persons per			
room or more	1.1	0.9	0.5
Value	1.0		0.5
	1.0	1.0	0.5

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Hausing units				
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in sample			
The SMSA	S3 697	15.8			
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's					
New Britain city	29 762	15.5			



Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "0" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; end then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other we	ek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached meens there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached meens thet the house is joined to another house or building by at least one well which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms edded or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished ettics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as e story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, end is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in epertment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- **H20.** This question refers to the type of *heating equipment* and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers werm eir to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is instelled end does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or e municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the pest 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total emount for the pest 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills ere unpeid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used elso by enother apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity ere billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ({) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- **H26.** Answer Yes *only* if the telephone is located *in* your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permenently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

- This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.
 - If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.
- 13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturin
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

 If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle:

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

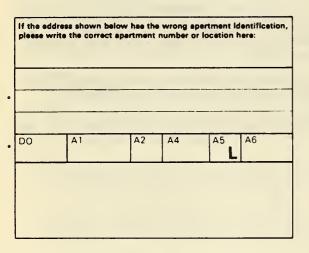
- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States



Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form.

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box \square .

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Here are the These are the columns		PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2			
QUESTIONS	for ANSWERS					
1	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle init			
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1? Fill one circle. If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife Father/mother Son/daughter Other relative — Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other nonrelative — Partner, roommate Paid employee			
3. Sex Fill one	circle.	O Male Female	O Male 🔳 O Female			
4. Is this perso		 White Black or Negro Japanese Guamanian Chine'se Samoan Filipino Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe 	White Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify — Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →			
5. Age, and me	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday			
a. Print age at	iast birthday.					
b. Print month	and fill one circle.	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0			
below each	the spaces, and fill one circle number.	birth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	birth			
6. Marital state	JS	Now married	O Now married O Separated			
Fill one circle		Widowed	Widowed			
7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent? Fill one circle.		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic			
attended re any time? kindergarten, es	ary 1, 1980, has this person gular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, tementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, Church-related Yes, private, not church-related	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related			
	highest grade (or year) of ool this person has ever	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more Never attended school — Skip question 16			
person is in.	ling school, mark grade If high school was finished Ey test (GED), mark "12."	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school — Skip question 10				
	rson finish the highest ear) attended?	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year)			

Page 3

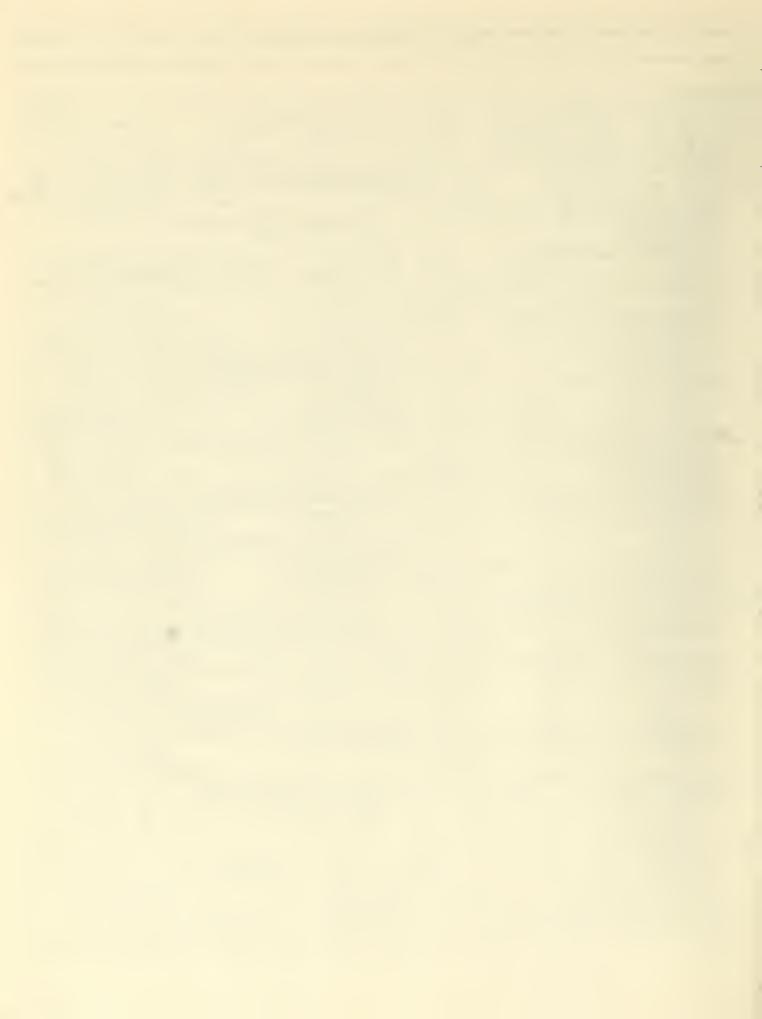
PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD	12
	please see note on page 20.	
First name Middle initial	if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the	condominium?
If relative of person in column 1:	hospital a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here	
O Husband/wife O Father/mother	once in a while and has no other home? Yes, a condominium	
O Son/daughter O Other relative	Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out.	
O Brother/sister	O No a. Is the house on a property of 10	or more acres?
S	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now —	
If not related to person in column 1:	for example, on a vacation or in a hospital? b. Is any part of the property us	sed as a
O Roomer, boarder Other O Partner, roommate nonrelative,		
C Paid employee	O No O Yes O No	
3 13 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? H11. If you live in a one-family house or	
O Male Female	unit which you own or are buying	
- 1111	Yes - On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker. What is the value of this property	that is how
O White O Asian Indian O Black or Negro O Hawaiian	No No	
Black or Negro	condominium unit) would sell fo	
O Chinese O Samoan	H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address?	
O Filipino O Eskimo	Do not answer this question if this	s is -
O Korean O Aleut	One Amobile home or trailer	
○ Vietnamese ○ Other — Specify ○ Indian (Amer.)	2 apartments or living quarters 3 apartments or living quarters A house on 10 or more acre A house with a commercial	
Print	4 apartments or living quarters or medical office on the	
tribe -	0 5 apartments or living quarters	0,000 to \$54,999
a. Age at last c. Year of birth	6 apartments or living quarters	5,000 to \$59,999
birthday 1	7 apartments or living quarters \$15,000 to \$17,499 \$6	0,000 to \$64,999 ·
1 • 8 0 6 0 6 0	8 apartments or living quarters 9 apartments or living quarters \$\(\) \$17,500 to \$19,999 \$60	5,000 to \$69,999
b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0	10 or more apartments or living quarters \$20,000 to \$22,499	0,000 to \$74,999
birth 20120	\$22,500 to \$24,999 \$75	5,000 to \$79,999
3 0 3 0		0,000 to \$89,999
4040		0,000 to \$99,999
5 0 15 0 0 Jan.—Mar. 6 0 16 0	II Ulifectly from the outside of through a common of public hall?	00,000 to \$124,999
O Apr.—June 7 0 17 0	Through someone else's living quarters?	25,000 to \$149,999 50,000 to \$199,999
O July—Sept. 8 O 8 O		00,000 or more
Oct.—Dec. 9 0 9 0	that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or	ters –
C. New residence of Commented	shower? What is the monthly rent?	
O Now married O Separated O Widowed O Never married	O Yes, for this household only	the instruction
O Divorced	Yes, but also used by another nousehold guide on how to figure a monthly re	
	No, have some but not all plumbing facilities No plumbing facilities in living quarters	60 to \$169
O No (not Spanish/Hispanic)	\$50 to \$59	70 to \$179
 Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican 		80 to \$189 90 to \$199
O Yes, Cuban	O \$80 to \$89 O \$20	00 to \$224
O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	1 U I room U 4 rooms U / rooms	25 to \$249
•		50 to \$274
O No, has not attended since February 1	O \$110to\$119 O \$2	75 to \$299
O Yes, public school, public college O Yes, private, church-related	H8. Are your living quarters — \$120 to \$129 \$32	00 to \$349
O Yes, private, not church-related		50 to \$399
		00 to \$499 00 or more
Highest grade attended:		TITITITI
O Nursery school O Kindergarten	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	
Elementary through high school (grade or year)		nt <u>F.</u> Total
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	number occupied C1. Is this unit for — Less than 1	persons
000000000000	O First form O Year round use O Lusto 2 mm	
College (academic year)	Continuation Seasonal/Mig. — Skip C2, 2 up to 6 m	onthe :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more	C2. Vacancy status C3, and D. O 6 up to 12 r	0001
0000000	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 1
O Never attended school-Skip question 10	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 O Regular O For sale only O 2 or more v	
	4 9 4 A 9 4 9 O Usual nome Rented or sold, not occupied	799
Now attending this grade (or year)	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	555
O Finished this grade (or year)	G G G G G G G Group quarters O Other vacant 1. 0 O Mail re 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
O Did not finish this grade (or year)	888 8888 O First form	888
CENSUS. A. OI ON OO	999 9999 Continuation O Yes O No	999
USE ONLY		

3. Which best describes this building? Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSU
A mobile home or trailer	Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	H22a.
A one-family house detached from any other house	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Wood Other fuel	0 0
A one-family house attached to one or more houses	O Electricity	I I
A building for 2 families	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	s s,
A building for 3 or 4 families		3 3
A building for 5 to 9 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	9 9
A building for 10 to 19 families	Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	5 5
A building for 20 to 49 families	serving the neighborhood	GG
A building for 50 or more families	Gas: Dottled, tank, or LP	? ?
O A boat, tent, van, etc.	O Electricity O No fuel used	8 8
	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9
4a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	H22b.
Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.	Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	0 0
○ 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 ○ 7 to 12	serving the neighborhood	I I
O 4 to 6 O 13 or more stories	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	S S
	O Electricity — O No fuel used —	3 3
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	5 5
	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	6 6
	a. Electricity \$.00 OR ○ Included in rent or no charge	? ?
5a. Is this building —	Average monthly cost © Electricity not used	8 8
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16		-
On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	b. Gas	H22c.
On a place of 10 or more acres?	Gae not used	0 0
	Average monthly cost	I I
b. Last year, 1979, dld sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	S S
from this place amount to —	\$O OR O Included in rent or no charge	3 3
○ Less than \$50 (or None) ○ \$250 to \$599 ○ \$1,000 to \$2,499	Yearly cost	4 4
○ \$50 to \$249	d. Oll, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5
	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	GG
. Do you get water from	These finals not used	7 7
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?	Yearly cost	8 8
An individual drilled well?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	9 9
O An individual dug well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	H22d.
O Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	O Yes O No	000
. Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	III
Yes, connected to public sewer	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	333
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms	999
O No, use other means	O` 1 bedroom O 3 bedrooms O 5 or more bedrooms	555
3. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	666
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	A complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and	7 7 7
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949	wash basin with piped water.	888
○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	999
O 1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	ļ
	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
). When did the person listed in column 1 move into	1 complete bathroom	000
this house (or apartment)?	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	1 1 1
0 1979 or 1980 0 1950 to 1959	O 2 or more complete bathrooms	8 8 8
0 1975 to 1978 0 1949 or earlier	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	3 3 3
○ 1970 to 1974	O Yes O No	444
		5 5 5
	H27. Do you have air conditioning?	666
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	Yes, a central air-conditioning system	888
O Steam or hot water system	O Yes, 1 individual room unit	999
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	O Yes, 2 or more individual room units	
(Do not count electric heat pumps here)	O No	000
Electric heat pump	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	III
	of your household?	5 5 5
other bank in ciccare arises [permanently instance in wan, centing,	_	3 3 3
or baseboard)	O Mone	999
other bank in electric divids (permanently instance in wan, centing,	O None O 2 automobiles	1
or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	None 2 automobiles 1 automobile 3 or more automobiles	5 5 5
or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene		5 5 5 6 6 6
or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable).	1 automobile 3 or more automobiles	5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7
or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	1 automobile 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	5 5 5 6 6 6

Place approx H20 H32 if you this in a pre-family house			i				Pa
Please answer H30—H32 If you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, unless this is —							
A mobile home or trailer							
A house on 10 or more acres	you rent your unit	or this is a					
A condominium unit	e, skip H30 to H32	and turn to	page 6.				
A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property							
. What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?					hly payment to		
s .00 OR ○ None	secon	d or junior	mortgages on	this propert	y.		
\$.00 OR O None							
	\$). 	00 OR	O No regular p	ayment requi	red — Skip to page
What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?							
					(amount enter	ed in H32c)	include
\$.00 OR O None	payn	ents for i	ear estate t	axes on thi	is property?		
	0	Yes, taxes	included in	payment			
a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?	0	No, taxes	paid separat	tely or taxes	not required		
O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt					(amount enter		include
O Yes, contract to purchase							
O No — Skip to page 6	0	Yes, insul	ance include	ed in payme	ent		
b. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	0	No, insura	ance paid se	parately or i	no insurance		
O Yes O No		<i>I</i> I.					
5					Places ***	rn to page	6
					riease tui	iii to paye	
FOR CEN	ISUS USE ONLY	2.	4.	2.	4.	(2) 2	4.
FOR CEN	SISUS USE ONLY S.S. Yes No	S S O O	4. 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9	2 2. S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 O 5 No 7 O 8	4. 0 000 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8	3 2. S.S. 1 Yes 3 4 0 5 6 7 0 8 9	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø
FOR CEN	S.S. Yes O	0 0 1 2 3 4 5 5 7 8	0 0 0 0 I I I I 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 5 5 No 7 0 8 9	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8	S.S. 1 2 2 3 4 0 5 6 7 8 9	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
FOR CEN	S.S. Yes O No O	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 7 8 9 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 I I I I 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 6 5 No 2 8 9 9 9 9 9	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8	S.S. 1 Yes 3 O 5 No ? O 9 O 9	Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
FOR CEN	S.S. Yes O	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 2.	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. 1 Yes 3 9 5 No ? 9 9 (5) 2.	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	S.S. 1 Yes 3 O 5 O 6 No ? O 9 O 9	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
FOR CEN	S.S. Yes No S.S.	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 7 8 9	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 5 5 No 2 8 9 5 2. S.S. 1 2	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	S.S. 1 2 2 Yes 3 4 4 0 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 1 5 5 6 2 5 5 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
FOR CEN	(1) S.S. Yes O No O 4 S.S.	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 7 8 9	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 4.	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 No 2 5 5 2. S.S. 1 Yes 3 4 5 7 9 5 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	S.S. 1 2 2 Yes 3 4 4 6 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 4 4 6 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3
FOR CEN	S.S. Yes No S.S.	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 9 9 S.S. 1 2 Yes 3	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5	3 S.S. 1 Yes 3 4 5 No ? 8 9 6 2. S.S. 1 Yes 3 9	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5
FOR CEN	(1) S.S. Yes O No O 4 S.S. Yes	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 5 5 6	0 000 1 111 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 9 9 9 4. 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6	S.S. 1 2 3 4 0 5 6 7 8 9 9 6 2. Yes 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Ø 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
FOR CEN	(1) S.S. Yes No No S.S. Yes	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 4.	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 No 2 5 5 S.S. 1 2 7 4 5 5 6 No 2 7 5 6 No 2 7	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	S.S. 1 2 3 4 0 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0 0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 6 6 7 7
FOR CEN	(1) S.S. Yes O No O 4 S.S. Yes	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 5 5 6	0 000 1 111 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 9 9 9 4. 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6	S.S. 1 2 3 4 0 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 4 5 6 6 7 8 9
FOR CEN	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No No No No No No	0 0 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 6 7 8	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 6 6 7 7 8 8 8	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 No 7 6 9 9	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 8 8 9 1 8 8 9 1 8 8 9 1 8 1 8 1	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
FOR CEN	(1) S.S. Yes No No S.S. Yes	2.	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 7 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 4.	S.S. 1 2 2 Yes 3 4 0 5 5 2. S.S. 1 2 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	S.S. 1 2	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
FOR CEN	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No No No No No No	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 No 7 6 9 9	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 8 8 9 1 8 8 9 1 8 8 9 1 8 1 8 1	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 6 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
FOR CEN	To s.s. Yes No S.s. Yes No To s.s. Yes	2.	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 7 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 4. 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 7 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 4.	S.S. I 2 2 S.S. I 2 3 4 5 5 6 No 7 0 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	S.S. 1 2 2 Yes 3 4 5 6 2. S.S. 1 2 2 3 6 7 0 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
FOR CEN	To s.s. Yes No S.s. Yes No To s.s. Yes	2.	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 4 4 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 4 4 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 4 4 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 4 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 4 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 5 5 S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	S.S. 1 2 2 3 4 0 5 6 2. No 7 0 8 9 9 6 2. S.S. 1 2 3 4 0 5 6 7 0 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
FOR CEN	To s.s. Yes No No No To s.s. Yes To s.s. Yes S.s. Yes S.s.	0 0 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 4. 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 4. 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 4. 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 8 9	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	S.S. 1 2 3 4 4 6 6 2 5 5 5 5 6 2 5 5 5 6 7 8 9 6 7 8 9 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
FOR CEN	To s.s. Yes No S.s. Yes No To s.s. Yes Yes Yes Yes	2.	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 4 4 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 4 4 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 4 4 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 4 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 4 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 5 5 S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	S.S. 1 2 2 3 4 0 5 6 2. No 7 0 8 9 9 6 2. S.S. 1 2 3 4 0 5 6 7 0 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
FOR CEN	To s.s. Yes No No No To s.s. Yes No No No No No No No No No N	2.	0 0 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 4. 0 0 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 4. 0 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 4.	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 7	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	S.S. 1 2 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 7
FOR CEN	To s.s. Yes No S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes Yes No Yes To s.S. Yes To s.S.	0 0 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 4. 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 4.	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 6 6	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	S.S. 1 2 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

Name of	16. When was this person born?	22a. Did this person work at any time last week?
Person 1	O Born before April 1965 —	
on page 2:	Please go on with questions 17-33	Yes — Fill this circle if this No — Fill this circle person worked full if this person
Last name First name Middle initial	Born April 1965 or later —	time or part time. did not work,
11. In what State or foreign country was this person born?	Tues to sout some for sout some	(Count part-time work or did only ow
Print the State where this person's mother was living	17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person —	such as delivering papers, housework,
when this person was born. Do not give the location of	a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?	or helping without pay in school work,
the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital	O Yes O No	a family business or farm. or volunteer
were in the same State.		Also count active duty work.
	b. Attending college?	in the Armed Forces,)
	O Yes O No	Skip to 25
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.	c. Working at a job or business?	b. How many hours did this person work last week
12. If this person was born in a foreign country —	O Yes, full time O No	(at all jobs)?
a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the	O Yes, part time	Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked
United States?		-
Yes, a naturalized citizen	18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military	Hours
O No, not a citizen	service in the Armed Forces of the United States? If service was in National Guard or Reserves only,	23. At what location did this person work last week?
O Born abroad of American parents	see instruction guide.	If this person worked at more than one location, print
h When did this pareer same to the United Con-	○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 19	where he or she worked most last week.
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?	- 10 5	
○ 1975 to 1980 ○ 1965 to 1969 ○ 1950 to 1959	b. Was active-duty military service during —	If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.
	This denote for each period in which this person served.	a. Address (Number and street)
O 1970 to 1974 O 1960 to 1964 O Before 1950	O May 1975 or later	G. Madiess (Manier and street)
	O Vietnam era (August 1964–April 1975)	
3a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?	February 1955—July 1964Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)	If street address is not known, enter the building name,
	O World War II (September 1940—July 1947)	shopping center, or other physical location description.
Yes No, only speaks English – Skip to 14	World War ! (April 1917-November 1918)	b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
h What is this language?	O Any other time	The state of the s
b. What is this language?	19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other	
	health condition which has lasted for 6 or more	
	months and which	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal)
(For example - Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)	a. Limits the kind or amount Yes No	limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?
c. How well does this person speak English?	of work this person can do at a job? O	O Yes O No, in unincorporated area
	or work time person can do at a job!	
O Very well O Not well		
O Very well O Well O Not at all	b. Prevents this person from working at a job?	d. County
O Well O Not at all	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person	d. County
O Well O Not at all 4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	
O Well O Not at all	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female – None 1 2 3 4 5 6	d. County e. State f. ZIP Code
O Well O Not at all	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	
O Well O Not at all	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?
Well Not at all 4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran.)	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female – None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?
• Well • Not at all 4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican,	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted.	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?
Well Not at all 4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran.)	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes
O Weil O Not at all 4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week?
O Well O Not at all 4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes
O Weil O Not at all 4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once More than once	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one
O Weil O Not at all 4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car OTaxicab OTruck Motorcycle
O Weil O Not at all 4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If In college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. O Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once More than once	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab Truck Motorcycle Van Bicycle
O Weil O Not at all 4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there.	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once More than once	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab Truck Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only
Weil Not at all What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) Table 1. 1975)? If In college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab Truck Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home
Well Not at all What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or or children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once More than once b. Month and year of first marriage? (Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home Subway or elevated Öther — Specify
Weil Not at all What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If In college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab Truck Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home
What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) Da. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once More than once Month and year of first marriage? (Month) (Year) (Month) (Year) c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? Yes No	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home Subway or elevated Other — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.
Well Not at all What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once More than once Month and year of first marriage? (Month) (Year) (Month) (Year) c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes No	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab Truck Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home Subway or elevated Öther — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.
What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 3a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If In college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once More than once Month and year of first marriage? (Month) (Year) (Month) (Year) c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? Yes No Per. 11. 13b. 14.	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home Subway or elevated Other — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.
What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (1) State, foreign country,	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or or children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Truck Notorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Subway or elevated Vorked at home Subway or elevated Otherwise, skip to 28. S USE ONLY 15b. 23. VL 24a.
What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) Da. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico,	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or or children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once More than once Month and year of first marriage? (Month) (Year) (Month) (Year) c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? Yes No Per. 11. 13b. 14. No. 000000000000000000000000000000000000	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Truck Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home Subway or elevated Other — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. SUSE ONLY 15b. 23. VL 24a.
4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If In college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guarn, etc.:	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or or children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once More than once Month and year of first marriage? C. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? Yes No Per. 11. 13b. 14. No. OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Truck Motorcycle Van Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Subway or elevated Other — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. S USE ONLY 15b. 23. VL 24a.
Well Not at all 4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If In college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guarn, etc.:	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Truck Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home Subway or elevated Subway or elevated Truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. SUSE ONLY 15b. 23. VL 24a. VL 24a. 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Weil Not at all What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guarn, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town,	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once More than once Month and year of first marriage? (Month) (Year) (Month) (Year) c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes No Per. 11. 13b. 14. No. OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Truck Motorcycle Bus or streetcar Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home Subway or elevated Other — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. S USE ONLY 15b. 23. VL 24a. VL 24a
Weil Not at all What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guarm, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.:	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Truck Motorcycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home Subway or elevated Other — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. SUSE ONLY 15b. 23. VL 24a.
 ○ Well ○ Not at all 4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. ○ Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person ○ Yes, this house — Skip to 16 ○ No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guarn, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits 	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren or children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Truck Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home Subway or elevated Other - Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. S USE ONLY 15b. 23. VL 24a. VL 24a. VL 24a. VL 24a. VL 25b. S USE ONLY
A. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guarn, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.:	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren or children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Truck Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home Subway or elevated Other — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. S USE ONLY 15b. 23. VL 24a. VL 24a. VL 24a. VL 24a. VL 24a. VL 25b. S USE ONLY 15c. S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S

. When going to work last week, did this person usually —		31a	Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few	CEN	NSUS (USE	ONLY
O Drive alone — Sklp to 28 O Drive others only	USE	+	days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?		· · · · ·		
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	21b.		○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 31d	31b.	31c.	!	11d.
. How many people, including this person, usually rode	111			0 0	00		O O
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 5 5	t	. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?	2 S	5 5 5	-	5.5
0 2 0 4 0 6	1133		Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.	3 3	3 3		33
0 3 0 5 0 7 or more	09-9-		Monto	4-4-	1 9-9		44
fter answering 24d, skip to 28.	0 0		Weeks	55	15		5.5
Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	1 ''' G G	١.	During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did	6	166	- 1	G
or business last week?	0 7 7	"	this person usually work each week?	7	1 7 7		7
	IV 8 8			- 8	8.8	8 İ	8
O Yes, on layoff	099		Hours	(۲	9 9	9	9
 Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc. No 		-			-		
0 110	22b.	0	d. Of the weeks <u>not worked</u> in 1979 (if any), how many week	s 32a.		32b).
Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?	00		was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?	000		: -	000
- ○ Yes ○ No - Skip to 27	I I		Weeks	II			I I I
O Tes O TO Ship to 27	SS	L_		5 8 3			S S S
. Could this person have taken a job last week?	3 3	32.	Income in 1979 —	3.3		•	3 3 3
O No, already has a job	9-9-		Fill circles and print dollar amounts.	4-4-4			9-9-9
O No, temporarily ill	5.5		If net Income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.	55		•	5 5 5
O No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	66		If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For Income	660			666
O Yes, could have taken a job	7 7		received jointly by household members, see Instruction guide.	77		1	771
	88		During 1979 did this person receive any income from the	888			888
When did this person last work, even for a few days?	9 -9		following sources?	999		1	999
O 1980 O 1978 O 1970 to 1974	28.			L	A 0	0	A (
1979 1975 to 1977 1969 or earlier Skip to	ABC		If "Yes" to any of the sources below — How much did this person receive for the entire year?	32c.		32d	l.
O Never worked	000			000	00	0	000
	1 000	a	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from	I I	I I	1	I I
30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF		all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds	. S.S.	8 8	5	S S 3
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	000		dues, or other items.	33:	3 3		333
f this person had more than one job, describe the one at which his person worked the most hours.	GHJ		○ Yes → \$.00	9-9-6	9- 9-	4	9- 9- 0
f this person had no job or business last week, give information for	000		O No (Annual amount - Dollars)	5.5	5 5	5	5 5 5
ast job or business since 1975.		١.		- G G G	GG	G	660
	KLM	١ '	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional	77	-		7 7 7
Industry	000		practice Report <u>net</u> income after business expenses.	883			888
For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the			○ Yes → \$.00	999	99		999
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000		(Annual amount - Dollars)	0	A O	0	A
	III	١,	. Own farm	32e.		32f.	
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	888	Ι,	Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as			1	
. What kind of business or industry was this?	-3 3		a tenant farmer or sharecropper.	000		į Ø	000
Describe the activity at location where employed.	Q- Q-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		I I	į	III
Describe the activity of location where employed.	3 3		○ Yes → \$.00		5.8	İ	5 5 3
	6.6		O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	3 .	3 3	i i	333
			(Almadi dinoditi – Dollers)		0 0	i	the same of
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	7 7	,			9-9-	İ	
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	3.8	0	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	5	55		5 5 5
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	1	c	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	5 G	5 5 6 6		5 5 5
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (FIII one circle) Manufacturing	# 8 6 6 AF 0		d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	5 : 6 (5 5 6 6 7 7		5 5 6 6 6 0 7 7
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF O	(d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	5 1 6 0 7 8 1	5 5 6 6		5 5 5 6 6 0 7 7 8 8 8
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (FIII one circle) Manufacturing	AF O		d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	5 1 6 0 7 8 1	55 66 77 88		5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 . 8 8 8
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (FIII one circle) Manufacturing	AF O		d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	5 1 6 0 7 8 1	55 66 77 88		5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 . 8 8 8
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (FIII one circle) Manufacturing Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)	AF O NW O		d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	5 ; 6 (7 ; 8 ;	5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9	33.	5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (FIII one circle) Manufacturing	AF O NW O		d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	5 6 6 7 8 5 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	5 5 6 6 7 7 3 % 9 9	33 . ⊙	5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF O NW O		d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g.	55 66 77 88 99	33. ⊙ I	5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF O NW O		d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0	5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	33. ⊙ I ∂	555 660 77 883 990 000
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF O NW O		d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3	55 66 77 88 99	33. © I e 3	5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF O NW O		d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 3	55677899 00188344	33. © I ? ? ? .	555 660 77 883 99 00 11 22 33 44
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF O NW O		d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 0	567899 0123456	33. ② I ② 3 4- 5 G	555 677 889 90 111 233 455 66
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF O NW O	1	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 : 3 3 : 4 4 4 5 5 : 6 6 0 7 7	567899 01234567	33. © I © 3 4- 5 6 7	555677
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF ONW O	1	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8	56789 OI2345678	33. © I © 3 4- 5 6 7 8	55678899 ØII2334556788
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF O NW O	1	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 : 3 3 : 4 4 4 5 5 : 6 6 0 7 7	56789 OI2345678	33. Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	556677899 Ø I I 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF ONW O	1	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8	56789 OI2345678	33. © I © 3 4- 5 6 7 8	556677899 Ø I I 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9
Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF O NW O 29. N P Q O O O R S T O O O U V W O O O X Y Z O O O	1	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9	56789 OI 23456789	33. Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	5567899 ØI23456789 A
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF O NW O 29. N P Q O O O R S T O O O X Y Z O O O I I	1	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 0 0 1 1 1 1	56789 OILS3456789	33. Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	5566677888333345556667778883
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF O NW O 29. N P Q O O O R S T O O O O V W O O O O X Y Z O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	1	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	55 66 77 88 99 90 11 23 34 45 56 66 77 88 99 99	33. Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	556667788833344445556667778883
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF O NW O 29. N P Q O O O R S T O O O X Y Z O O O I I	1	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	55. 6667778899990011 6667788999	33. © I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 0 I 2 2 3 3	55566677 8888 999 000 1111 8888 999 A
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) Occupation What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator) What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee State government employee Local government employee (city, county, etc.).	AF ONW O 29. N P Q OOO R S T OOO U V W OOO X Y Z OOO Ø I I E E 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4	4	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	5566778999 0011233445667889	33. © I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 0 I 2 3 3 4 1 2 3 3 3 4 1 2 3 3 3 4 1 2 3 3 3 4 1 2 3 3 3 4 1 3 3 3 4 1 3 3 3 4 1 3 3 3 4 1 3 3 3 4 1 3 3 3 4 1 3 3 3 4 1 3 3 3 4 1 3 3 3 4 1 3 3 3 3	5566777 66777 67
auto engine manufacturing, break fast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) Occupation What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator). What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee State government employee Cocal government employee Cocal government employee (city, county, etc.)	AF ONW O 29. N P Q OOO R S T OOO V W OOO X Y Z OOO OO I I I E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	4	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	55.667788999001123344556678899	33. Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 I 2 3 4 5 5 5	556667778888888888888888888888888888888
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) Occupation What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator). What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee State government employee Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	29. N P Q O O O R S T O O O X Y Z O O O I I E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	4	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6	55.66778999 0011233455677899	33. Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 I 2 3 4 5 6 6	55666666666666666666666666666666666666
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) Occupation What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator) What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee State government employee Cocal government employee Cocal government employee (city, county, etc.) Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —	AF O NW O O O R S T O O O O X Y Z O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	4	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	32g. 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	55.667788999001123344556678899	33. O I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 I 2 3 4 5 6 7	00113334455677131455677888



Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

GENERAL F-1	PUBLICATIONS-Con.
PUBLICATIONS F-1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-
Population and Housing Census	tial Finance F-4
Reports F-1	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary
PHC80-1, Block Statistics F-1	Reports F-4
PHC80-2, Census Tracts F-2	Evaluation and Reference
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-	Reports .`
teristics for Governmental	PHC80-E, Evaluation and
Units and Standard Metro-	Research Reports F-4
politan Statistical Areas F-2	PHC80-R, Reference Reports. F-4
PHC80-4, Congressional	PHC80-R1, Users' Guide. F-4
Districts of the 98th	PHC80-R2, History F-4
Congress F-2	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	Index of Industries and
Estimates of Social, Eco-	Occupations F-4
nomic, and Housing Characteristics F-2	PHC80-R4, Classified
Characteristics F-2 PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-	Index of Industries and
mates of Social, Economic,	Occupations F-4
and Housing Characteristics . F-2	PHC80-R5, Geographic
	Identification Code
Population Census Reports F-2 PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	Scheme F-4
teristics of the Population F-2	COMPUTER TAPES F-4
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-	Summary Tape Files F-4
ber of Inhabitants F-2	STF 1 F-4
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	STF 2 F-4
Population Characteristics F-2	STF 3 F-4
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	STF 4 F-5
Social and Economic	STF 5 , F–5
Characteristics F-3	Other Computer Tape Files F-5
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	P.L. 94-171, Population
Detailed Population	Counts F-5
Characteristics F-3	Master Area Reference Files
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	1 and 2 (MARF) F–5
Reports F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding
PC80-S1, Supplementary	(GBF/DIME)F—5
Reports F-3	Public-Use Microdata
Housing Census Reports F-3	Samples F-5
HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units F-3	Census/EEO Special File F-5
teristics of Housing Units F-3 HC80-1-A, Chapter A,	MAPS F-5
General Housing	MICROFICHE F-5
Characteristics F-3	STF 1 Microfiche F–5
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,	STF 1 Microfiche F–5
Detailed Housing	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche. F-5
Characteristics F-3	1.E. 94-171 Counts Microfiche 1 3
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-	
politan Housing	
Characteristics F-3	GENERAL
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	The moules of the 4000 0
Reports F-3	The results of the 1980 Census of Popu-
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-	lation and Housing are issued in three
nents of Inventory Change F-3	forms: printed reports, computer tape

.... F-4 F-4 F-4 F-4 F-4 F-4 F-4 F-4 F-5 F-5 s.... F-5 · · · · · F–5 F–5

sus of Popuued in three forms: printed reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics-These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico, Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide,

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

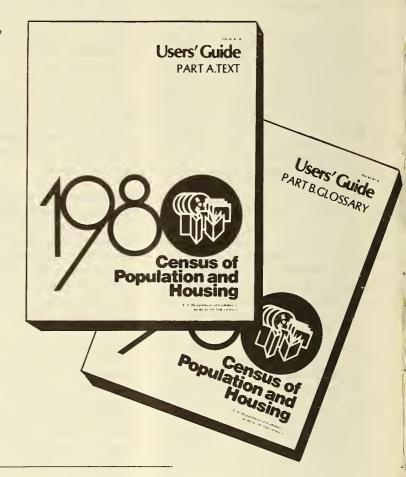
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text—Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



Order from Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Specify the stock number (S/N) given below and make checks payable to Superintendent of Documents.

Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8)—\$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8)—\$6.00 (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)

Census HD 7293 .Ab6x 1983 v.2 pt.255 c.2 Census of housing (1980).

1980 census of housing.

Superintendent of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, D.C. 20402

Official Business Penalty for Private Use, \$300





POSTAGE AND FEES PAID U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE COM-202

> ___ Special Fourth-Class Rate-Book



irrtloyasi

ir ir cı in

th tic Se